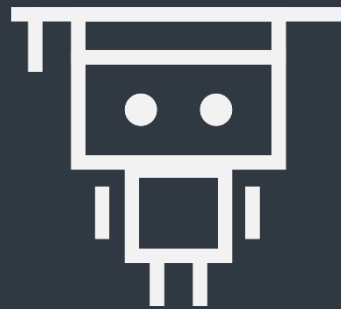


Summarize Large Text using NLP on NVIDIA P3 Instance

GTC | S9628 | Mar, 2019



A lush, dense tropical jungle scene. Sunlight filters through the thick canopy of various green plants, including large palm fronds and broad-leafed shrubs. The ground is covered in a dense layer of undergrowth. The overall atmosphere is vibrant and natural.

“Summarization is
the jungle of NLP”



Kristof Schum

Global Segment Leader
Machine Learning
AWS Partner Network

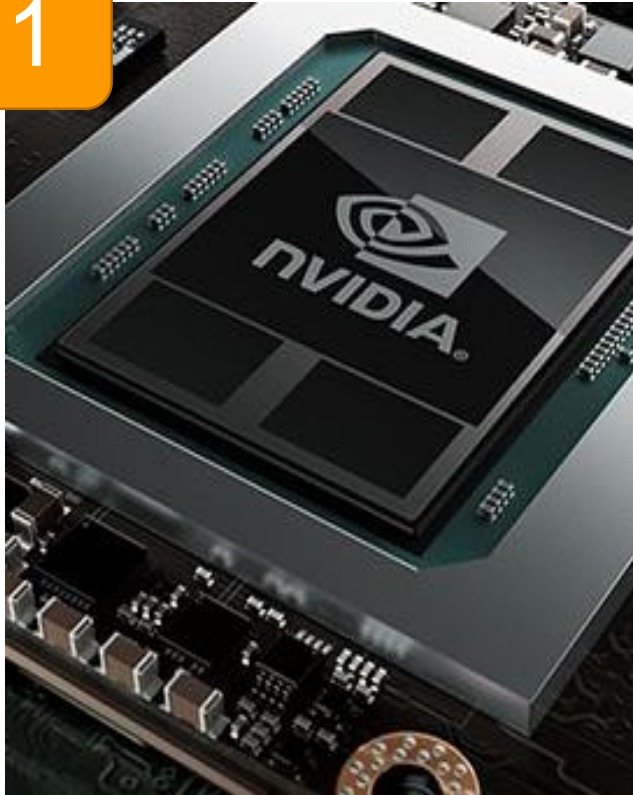
From consulting to ML PM

Automated Insights

Summarization from Wharton

Teach Summarization at MLU

1



GPU up

2



Teach

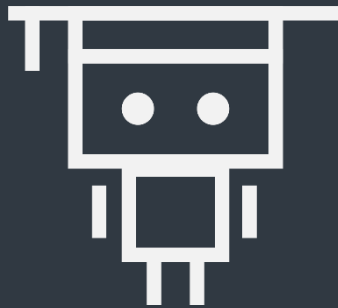
3



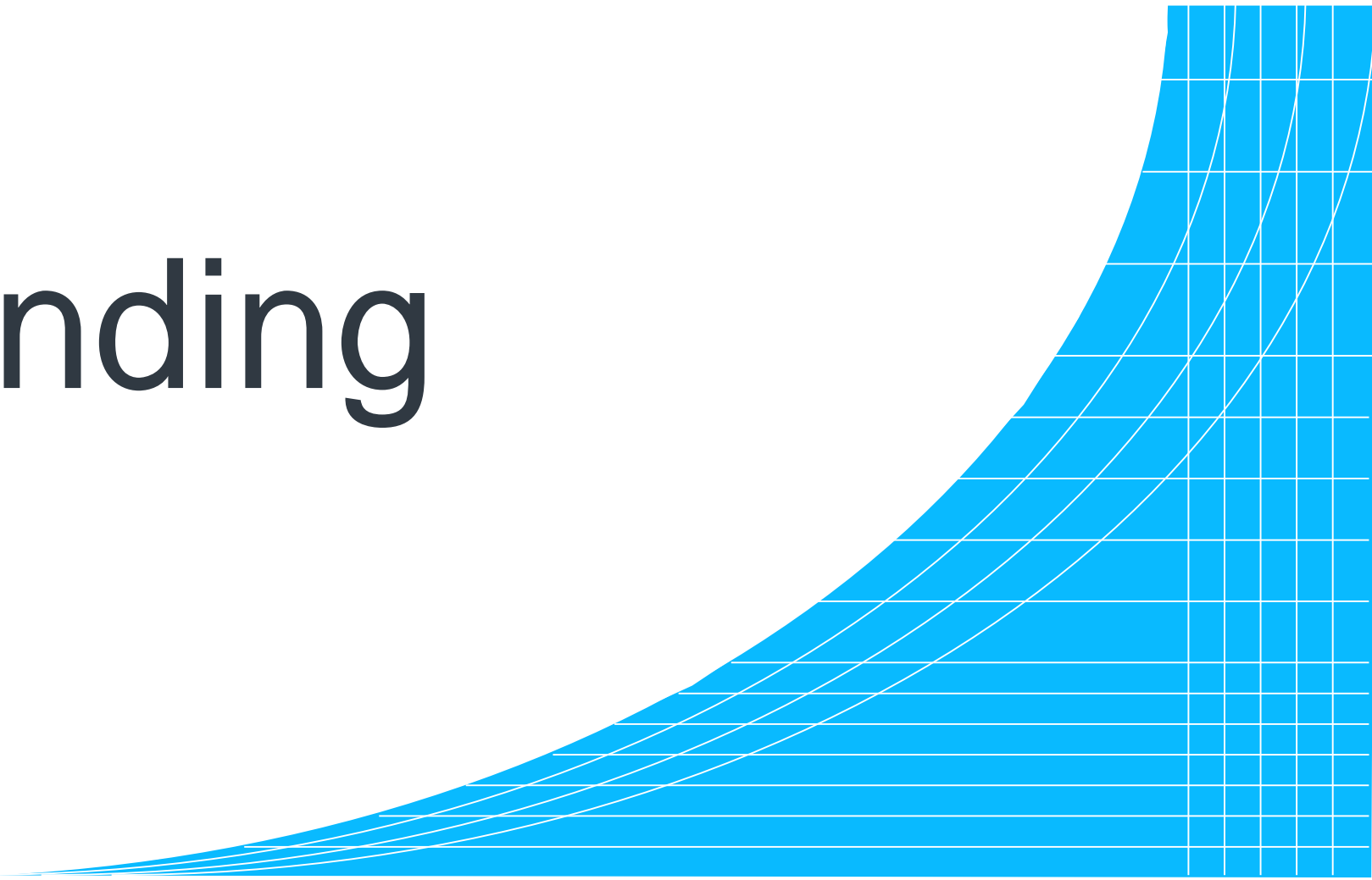
Innovate

Why bother?

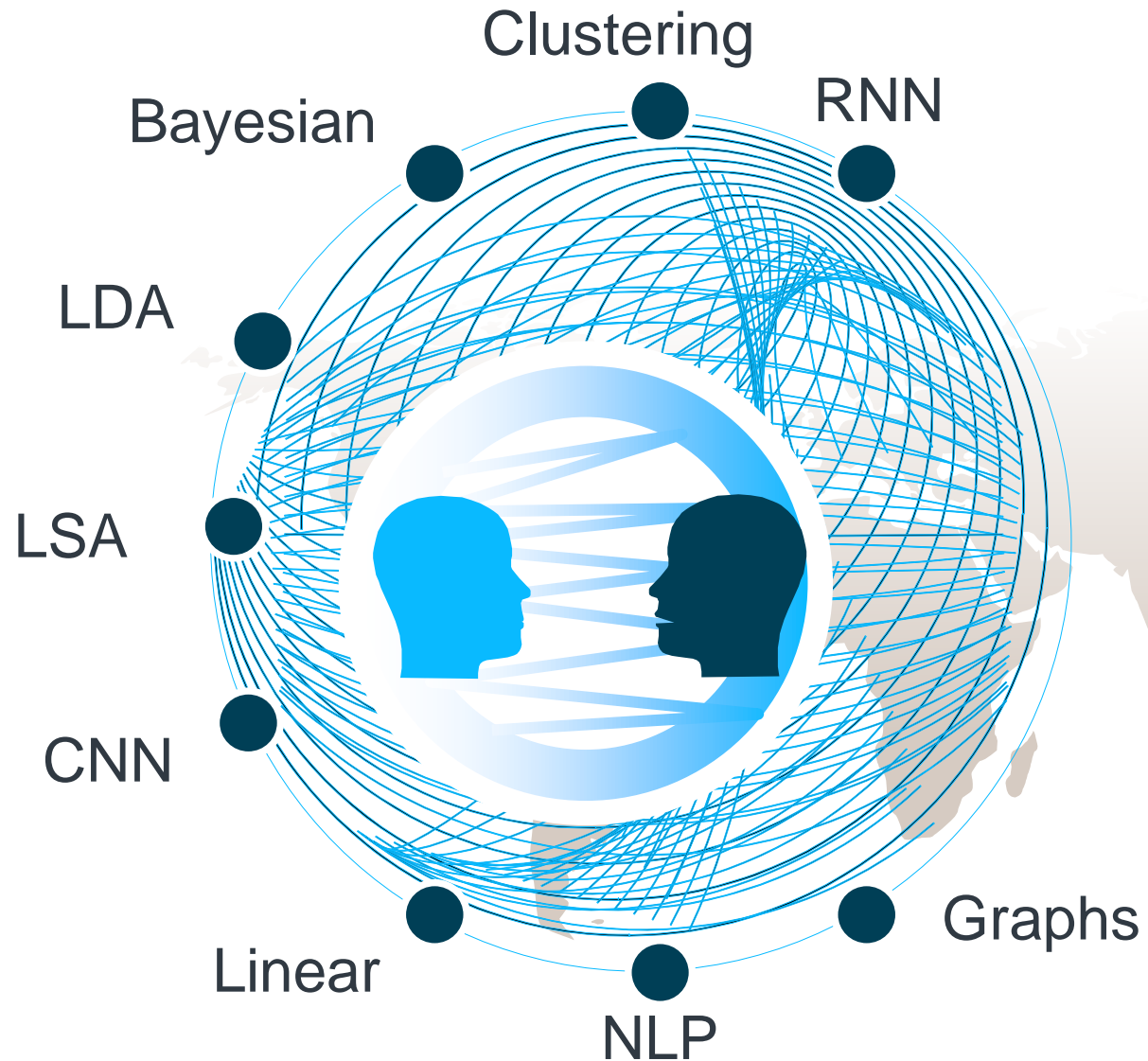
Summarization is not as fundamental and immediately applicable as a feed-forwarded neural net or XGBoost.



1. Trending



2. Multifaceted





3. Easy

to

innovate



Imagine **you** did not have time
to take notes



Amazon
Transcribe

+



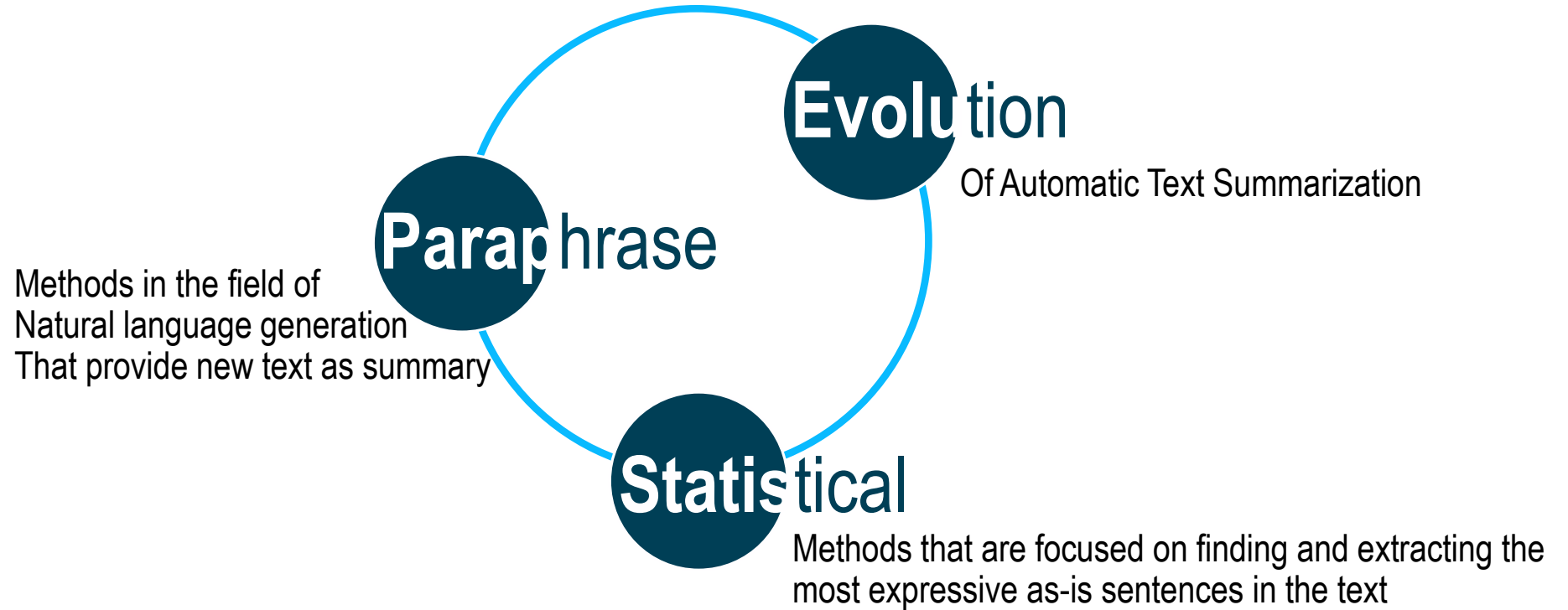
Amazon
Sagemaker

=



Notes
Instantly

Agenda for today



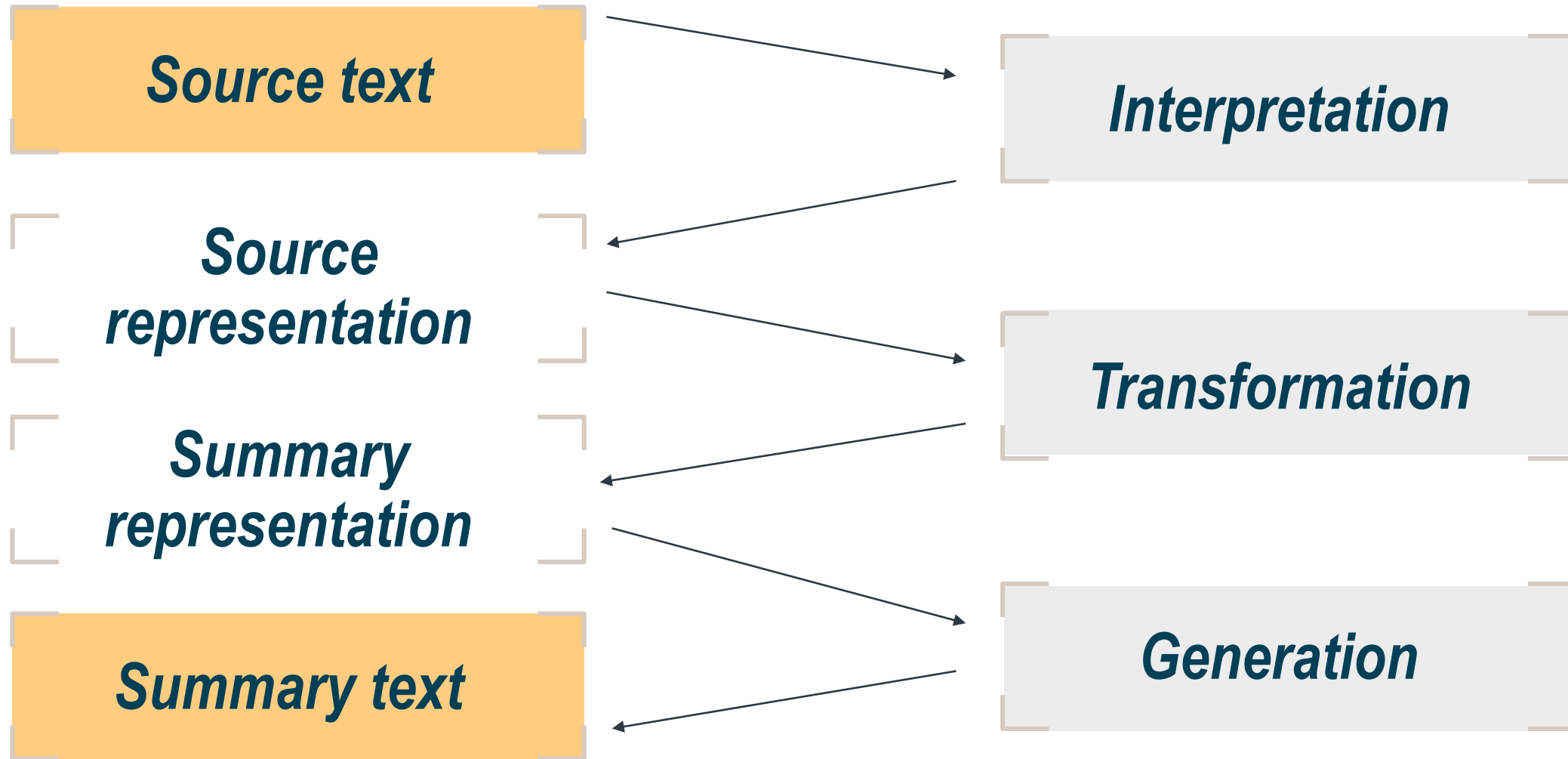
A low-angle photograph looking up at several tall, slender redwood trees. The trunks are dark brown and textured, extending from the bottom of the frame towards the top. The upper parts of the trees are covered in dense green foliage, with some sunlight filtering through the leaves. The sky is a clear, bright blue. On the right side of the image, there is a dark grey rectangular overlay containing the text "1. Evolution" in white.

1. Evolution

“A **reductive transformation** of source text to summary text through **content condensation** by selection and/or generalization on what is **important in the source.**”



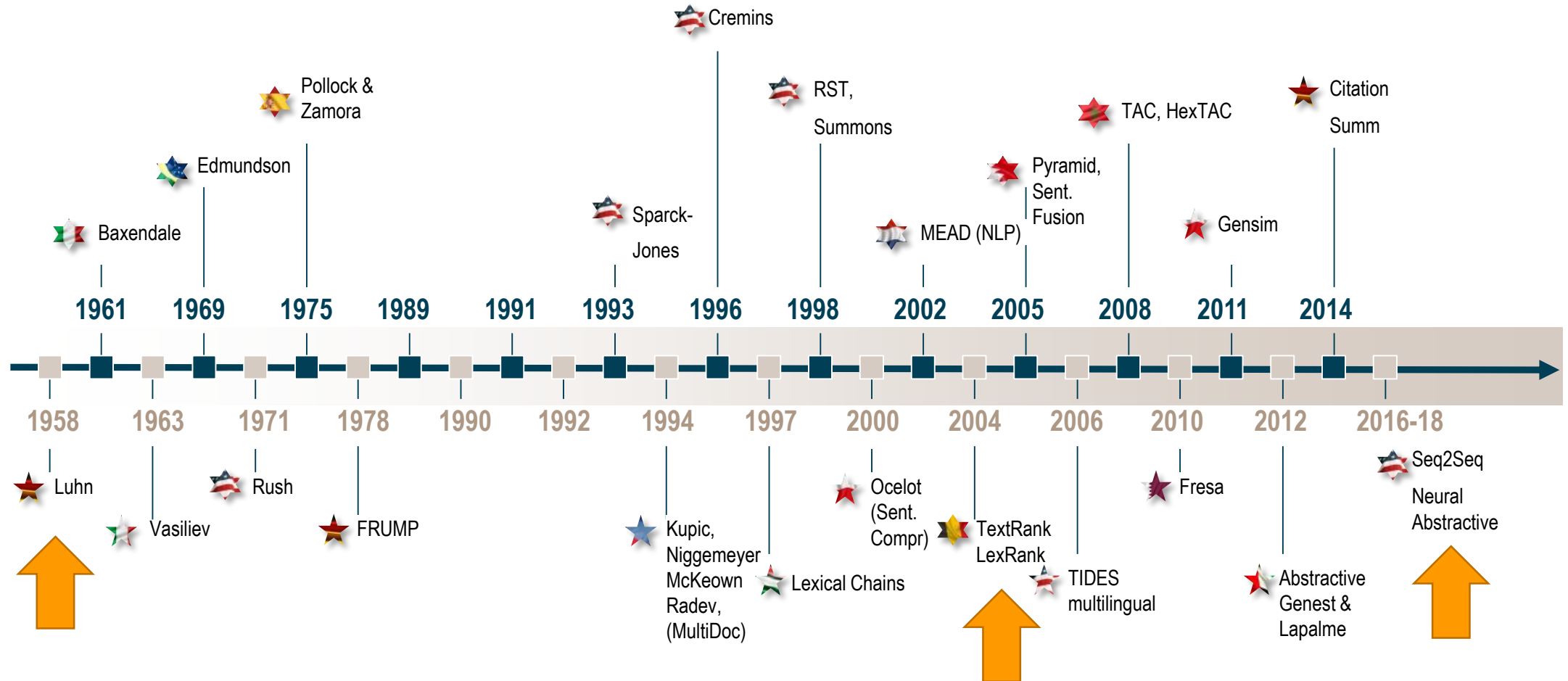
Schematic summary processing model



‘Genres’ of Summary?

- Indicative vs. informative
...used for quick categorization vs. content processing.
- Extract vs. abstract
...lists fragments of text vs. re-phrases content coherently.
- Generic vs. query-oriented
...provides author’s view vs. reflects user’s interest.
- Background vs. just-the-news
...assumes reader’s prior knowledge is poor vs. up-to-date.
- Single-document vs. multi-document source
...based on one text vs. fuses together many texts.

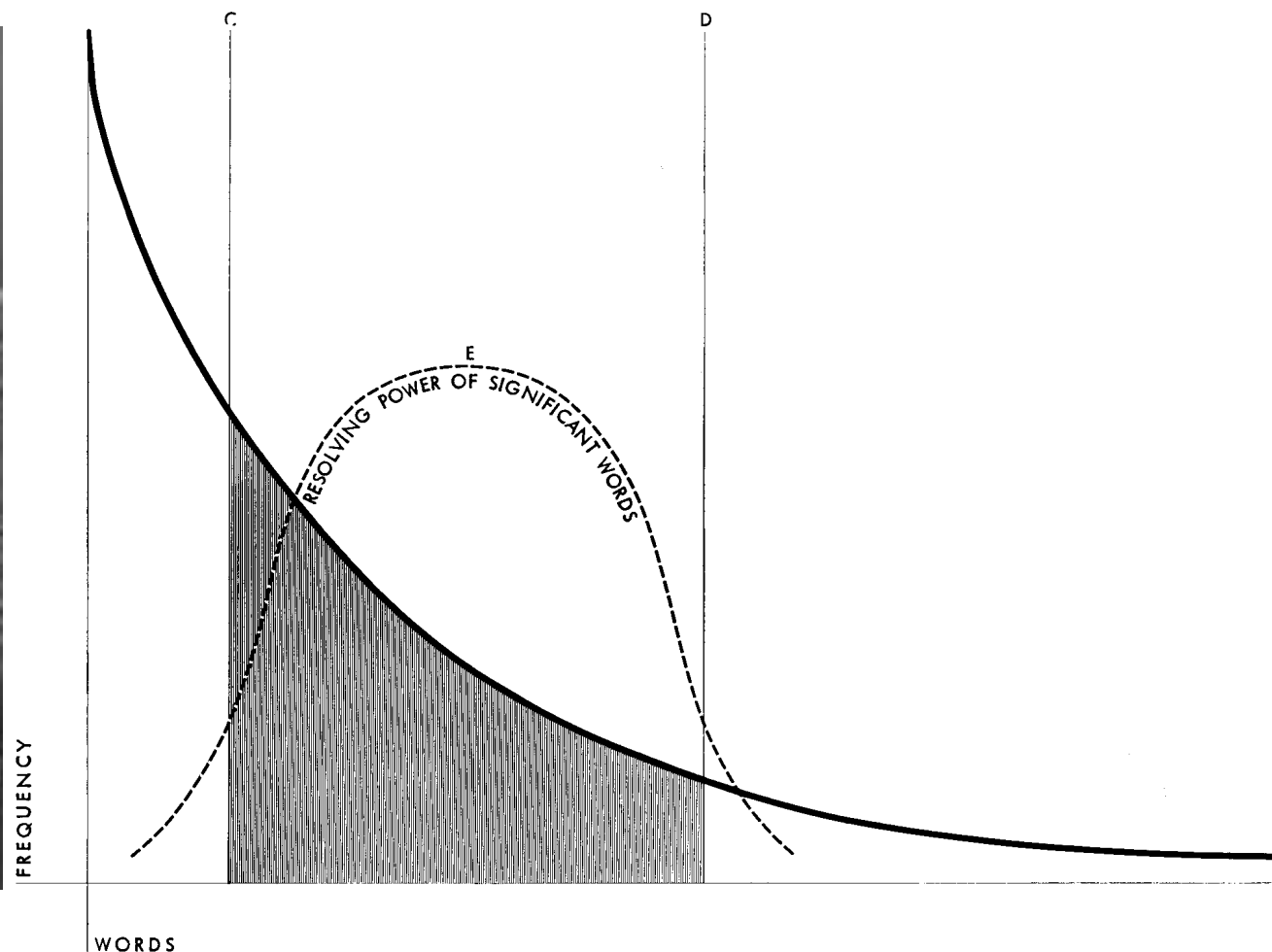
Evolution of methods



A photograph of a dense forest with tall, slender trees. Two people wearing blue shirts are standing near a large tree trunk in the lower center of the image. The forest floor is covered with green ferns and other vegetation. A dark grey rectangular box is overlaid on the right side of the image, containing the text '2. Statistical methods' in white.

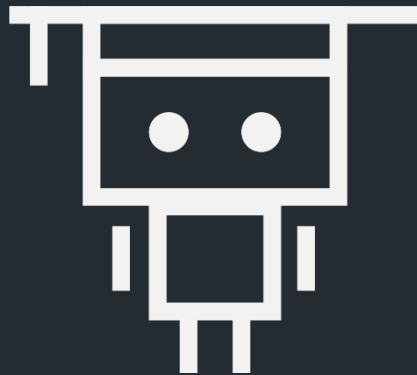
2. Statistical methods

The father of information retrieval



Let's give it an easy time

Demo



5 sentences generated from the article:

- * It's that time of year again.
- * This conference always hosts a smorgasbord of informative keynotes, exhibitors, and hands-on sessions, on a wide variety of topics.
- * **The program will include a women-led panel session, women-only DLI sessions, and a networking reception.**
- * The conference will also focus on up-and-coming fields such as finance, healthcare, and telco.
- * The conference continues to expand, with more sessions, more exhibitors, and more emergent topics of discussion (healthcare, telco, finance, etc).

2,860 views | Feb 7, 2019, 10:30am

NVIDIA Gears Up For An Even Larger GTC 2019



Patrick Moorhead Contributor @

Enterprise & Cloud

I write about disruptive companies, technologies and usage models.

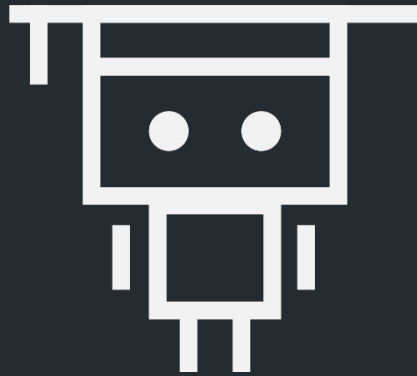


GTC 2018 attendees NVIDIA

It's that time of year again. Every spring NVIDIA kicks off its annual series of GPU Technology Conferences (GTC) with a real "humdinger" of an event held in San Jose. Last year, I wrote that GTC 2018 was [the place to be](#) if you are in any way involved in AI or [\(link\)](#)

Let's give it a hard time

Demo



An excerpt from *The Blah Story,*
Volume 15:

“Her blah didn’t blah blah to blah some blah advantages. The blah was blah and blah blah, but she blah quite a blah blah blah. Nevertheless, the blah blah that blah gave the blah blah was blah of blah, irony, and blah blah. When blah had blah blah that blah was likely to blah blah a blah once blah she blah no blah of her blah. She blah to blah old blah blah more blah than blah.”

The Blah Story

11.3M words

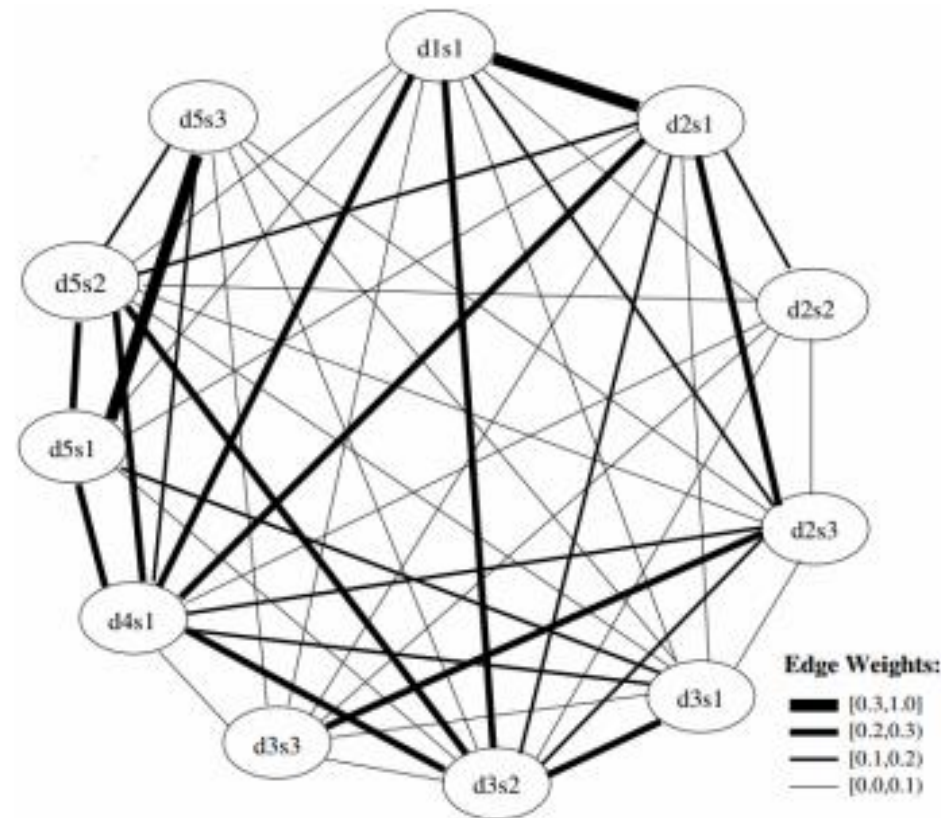
17,868 pages

Sentences generated from the Lord of The Rings:

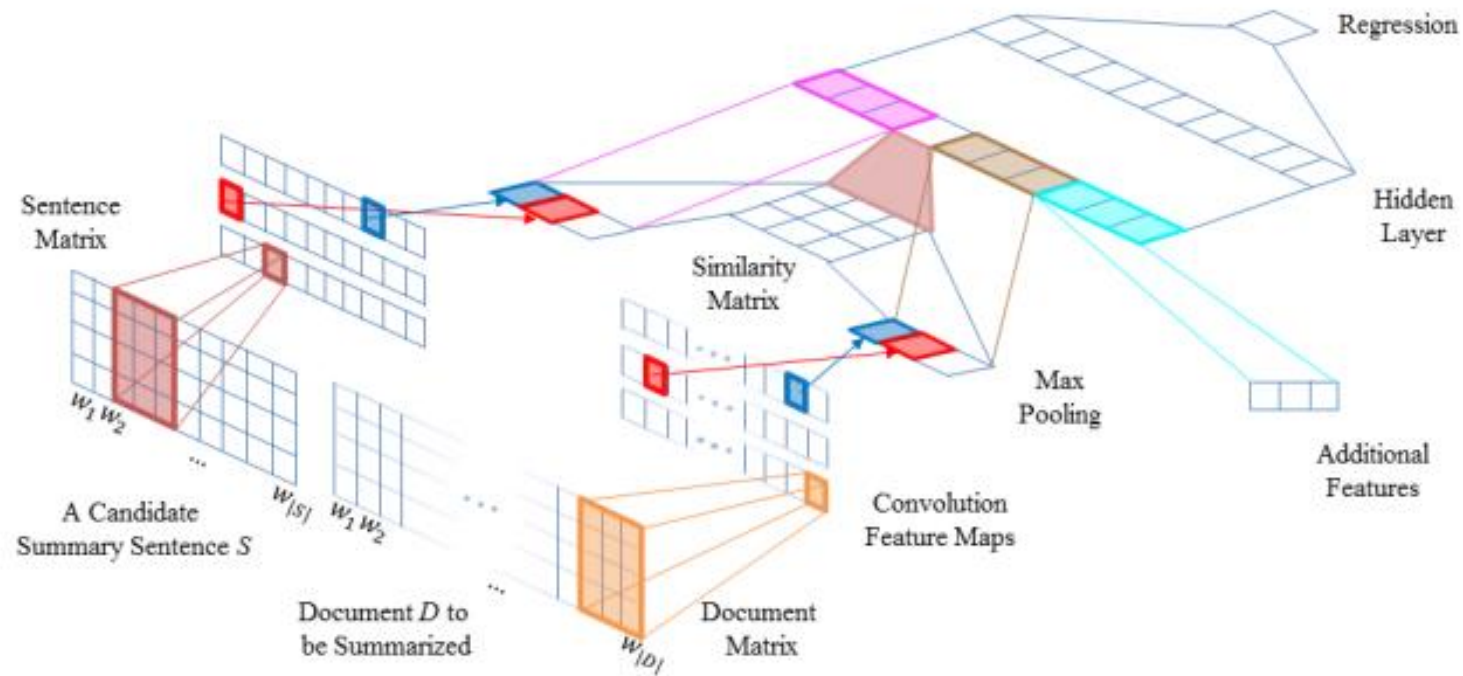
* He looked at the great walls, and the towers and brave banners, and the sun in the high sky, and then at the gathering gloom in the East; and he thought of the long fingers of that Shadow: of the ores in the woods and the mountains, the treason of Isengard, the birds of evil eye, and the Black Riders even in the lanes of the Shire - and of the winged terror, the Nazgyl.
... [4 more]



A more sophisticated statistical method

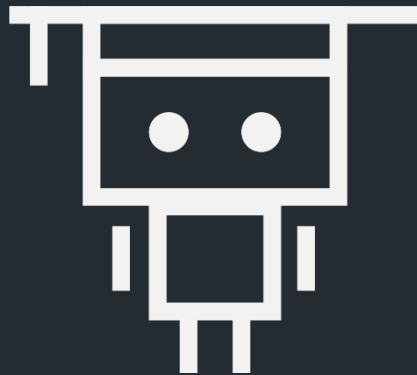


An alternative: similarity with CNNs



Let's give TextRank an easy time

Demo



5 sentences generated from the article:

- The story holds true for this year's event (held March 17-21), with NVIDIA promising to shine a spotlight on all the impactful applications of AI, including robotics and autonomous vehicles with a larger keynote area and more exhibitors.
- This year's conference speaker roster features a who's who in AI and deep learning, with experts from industry leaders such as Amazon, Alibaba, Google, NASA, Oak Ridge National Labs, IBM, Verizon, Volvo, PayPal, and many, many more.
- NVIDIA's tech rock star CEO Jensen Huang will be delivering his keynote (no doubt in his signature leather jacket) on Monday afternoon, at the San Jose State event center, which seats 5,000 (2,000 more than last year's venue).
- NVIDIA says 9 of the world's top 12 telco companies will be attending and presenting at this year's GTC, as well as 4 of the top 5 medical research universities and 5 of the top 7 radiology departments.
- NVIDIA promises more Deep Learning Institute (DLI) coverage this year, with six all-day workshops (including developer certification), and over 100 DLI sessions all said and told.

2,860 views | Feb 7, 2019, 10:30am

NVIDIA Gears Up For An Even Larger GTC 2019



Patrick Moorhead Contributor @

Enterprise & Cloud

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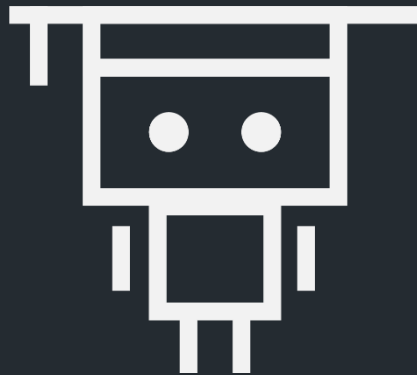


GTC 2018 attendees / NVIDIA

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Let's give Textract a LOTR time

Demo



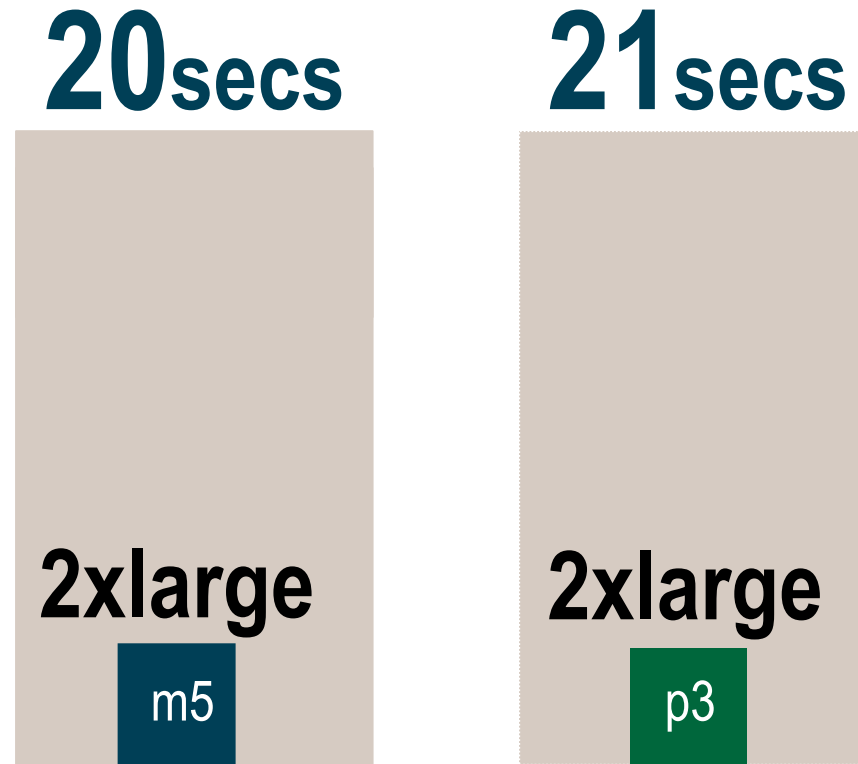
Sentences generated from the Lord of The Rings:

The Hobbits named it the Shire, as the region of the authority of their Thain, and a district of well-ordered business; and there in that pleasant comer of the world they plied their well-ordered business of living, and they heeded less and less the world outside where dark things moved, until they came to think that peace and plenty were the rule in Middle-earth and the right of all sensible folk.

... 4 more



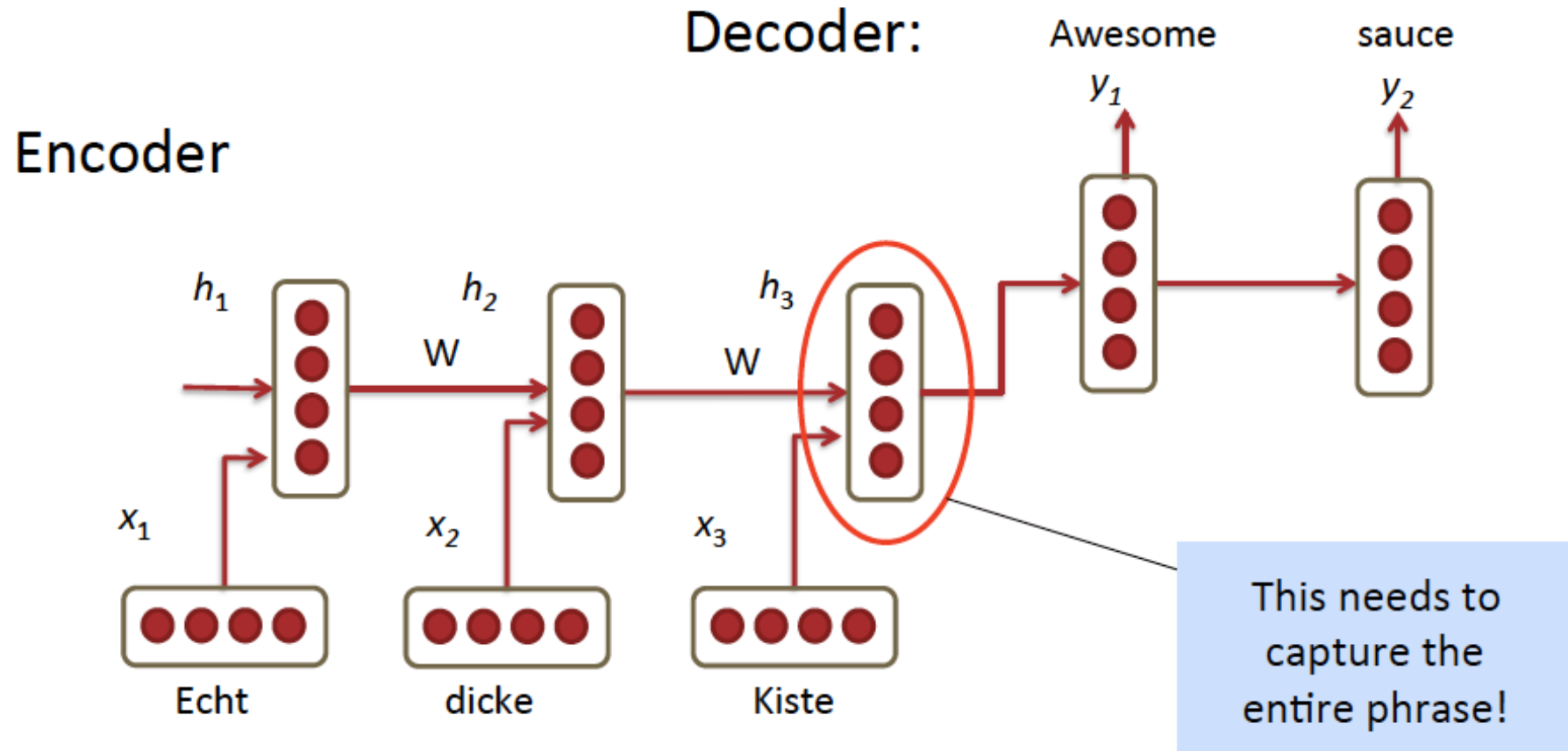
No deep learning, no need for P3





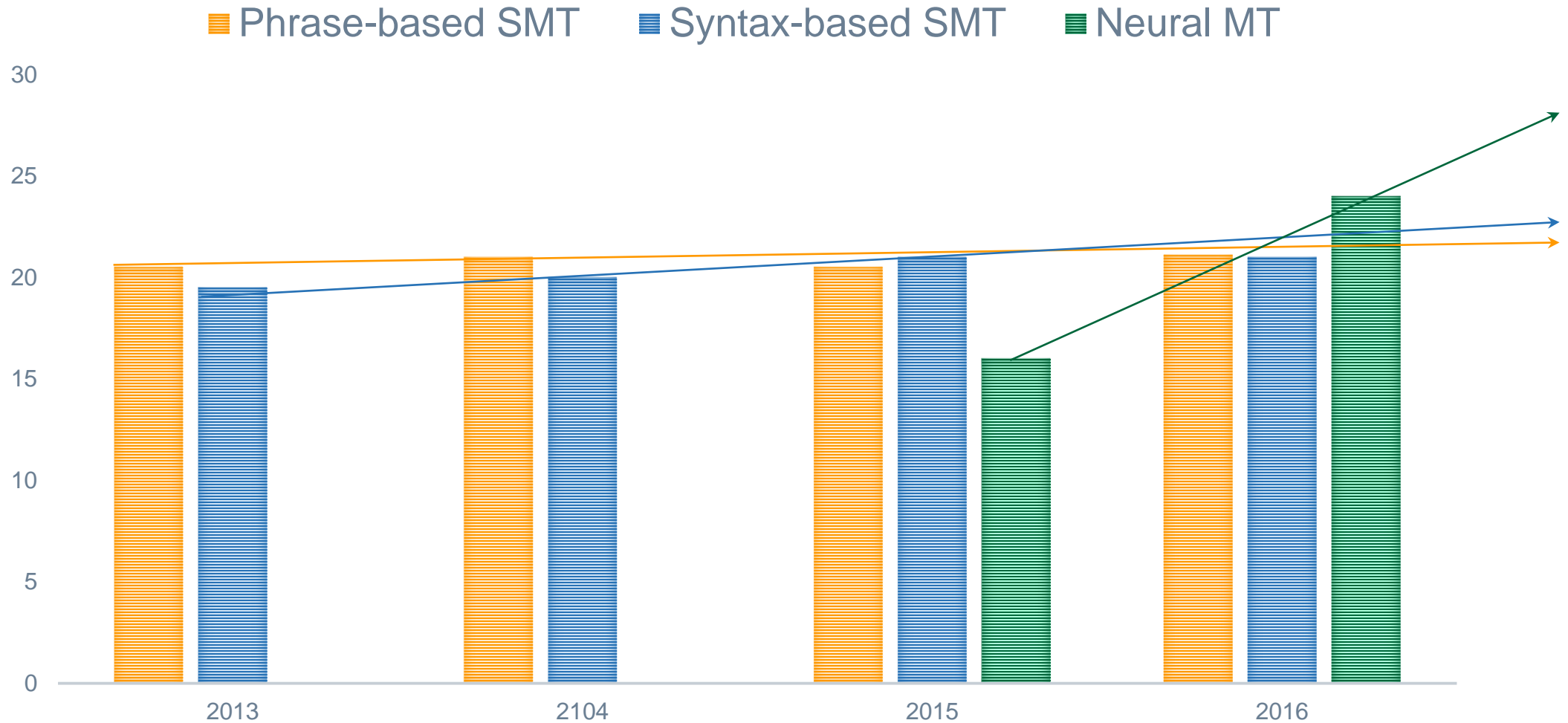
3. Paraphrasing method

Deep learning to the rescue - RNNs

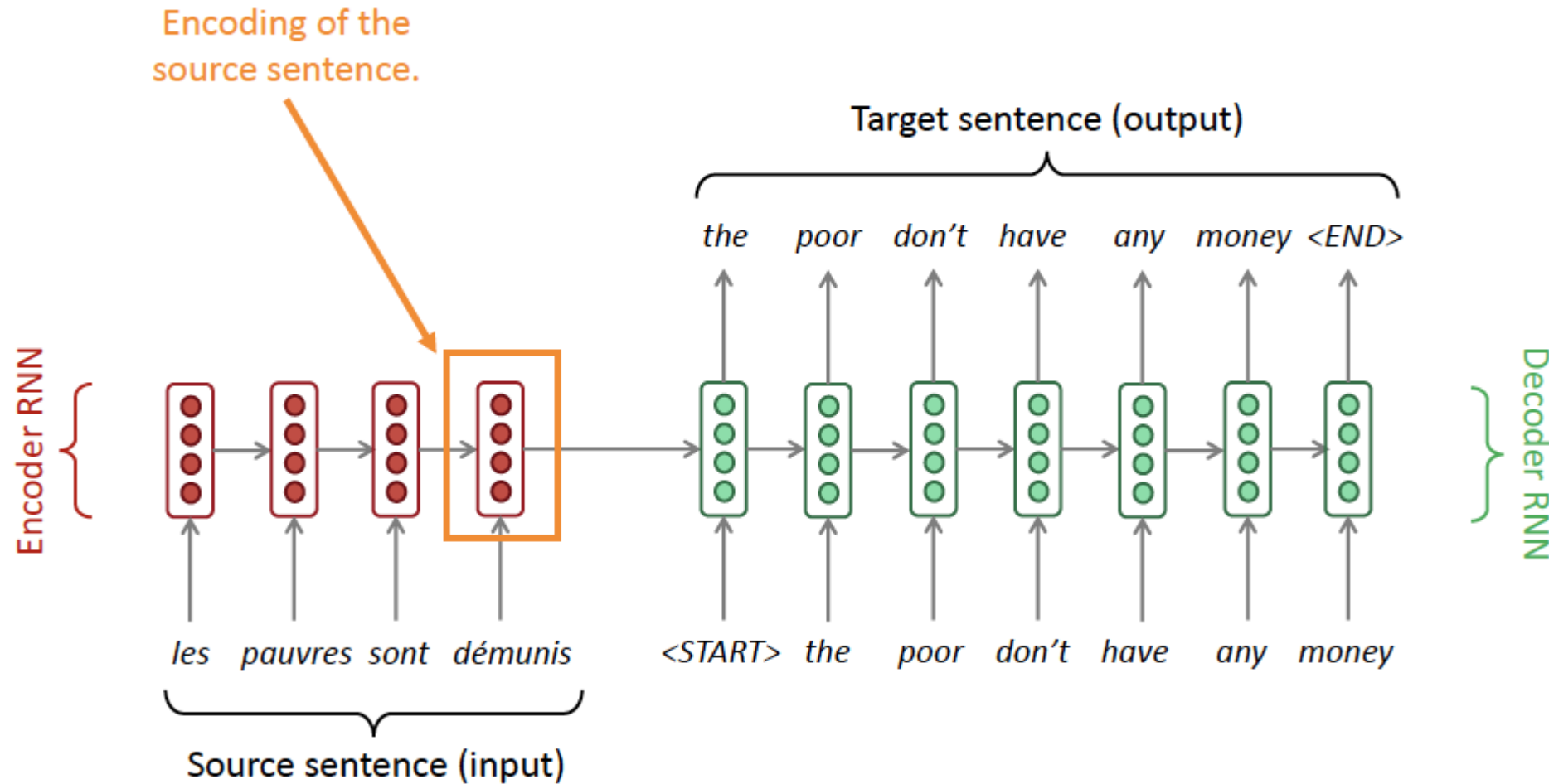


MT progress over time

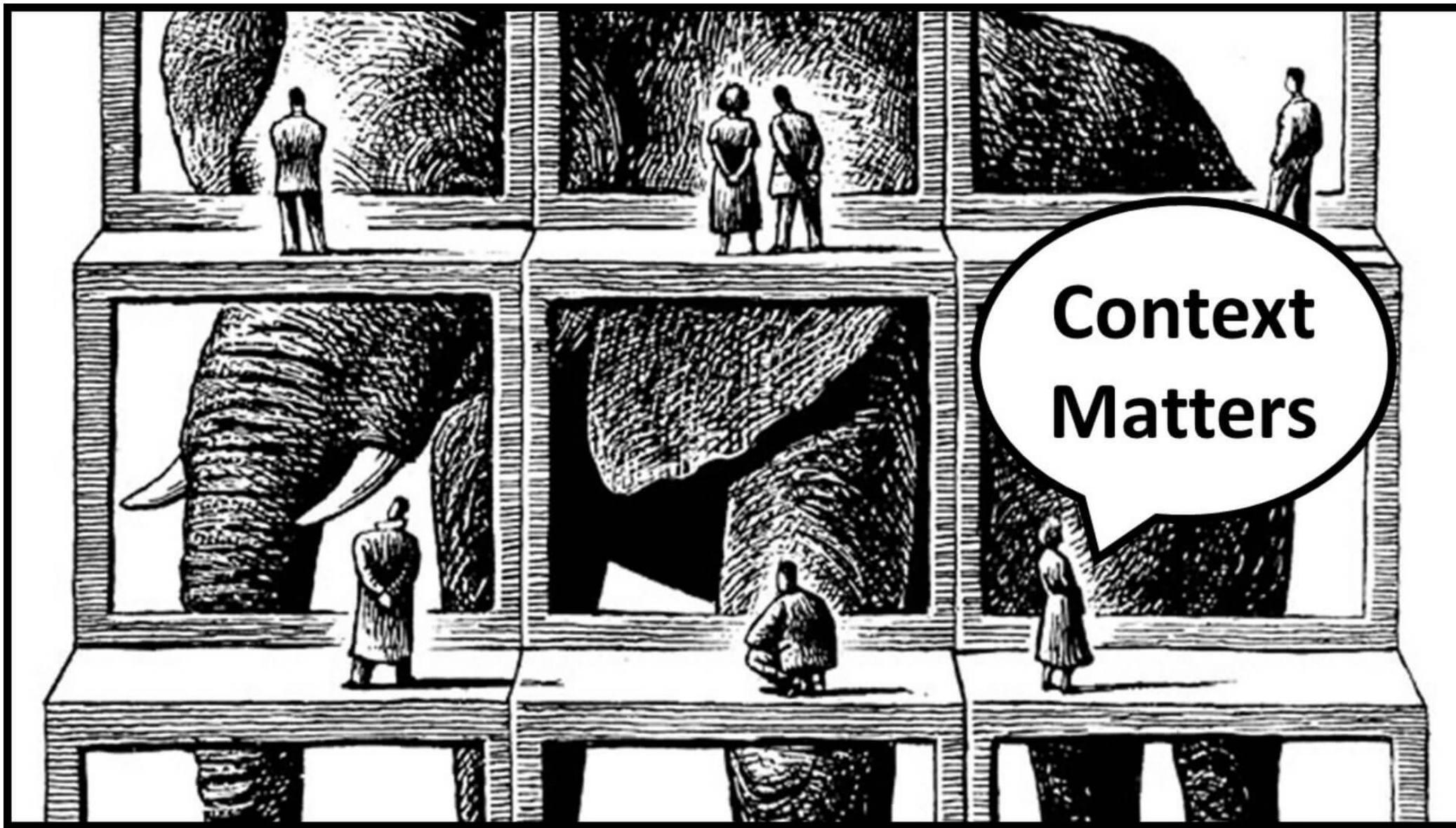
[Edinburgh En-De WMT newstest2013 Cased BLEU; NMT 2015 from U. Montréal]



Sequence-to-sequence: the bottleneck problem



Problems with this architecture?



Attention is a *general* Deep Learning technique

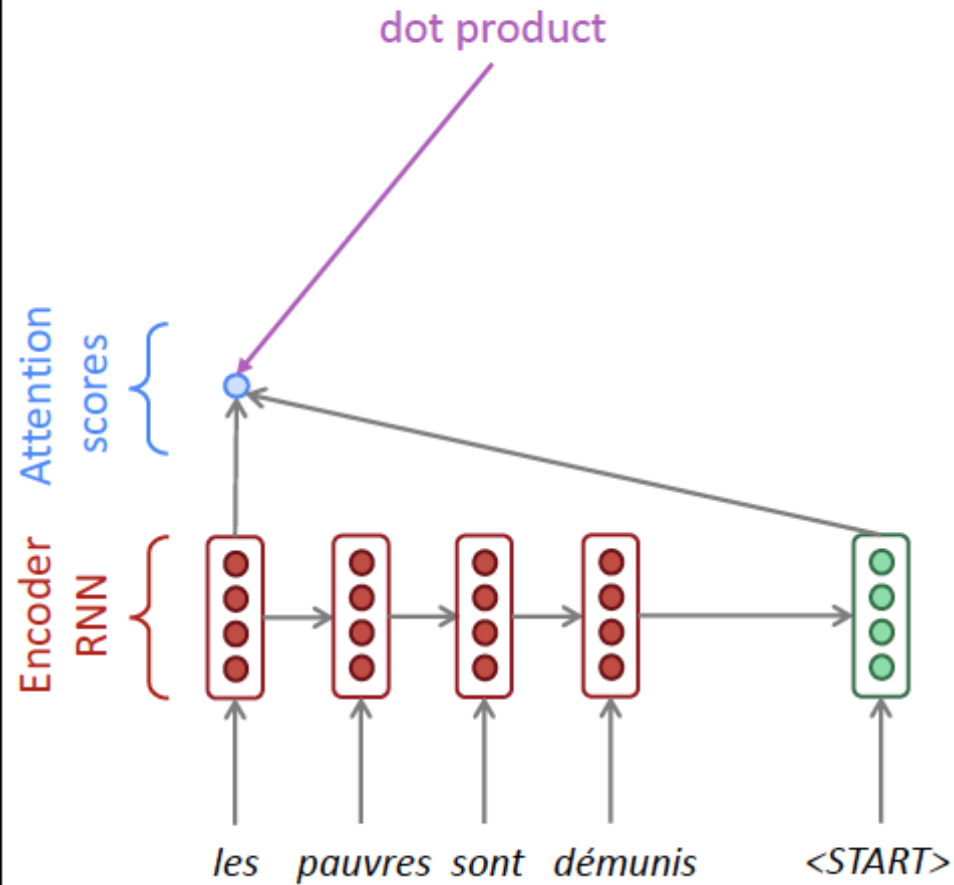
More general definition of attention:

Given a set of vector *values*, and a vector *query*, attention is a technique to compute a weighted sum of the values, dependent on the query.

- **Intuition:**

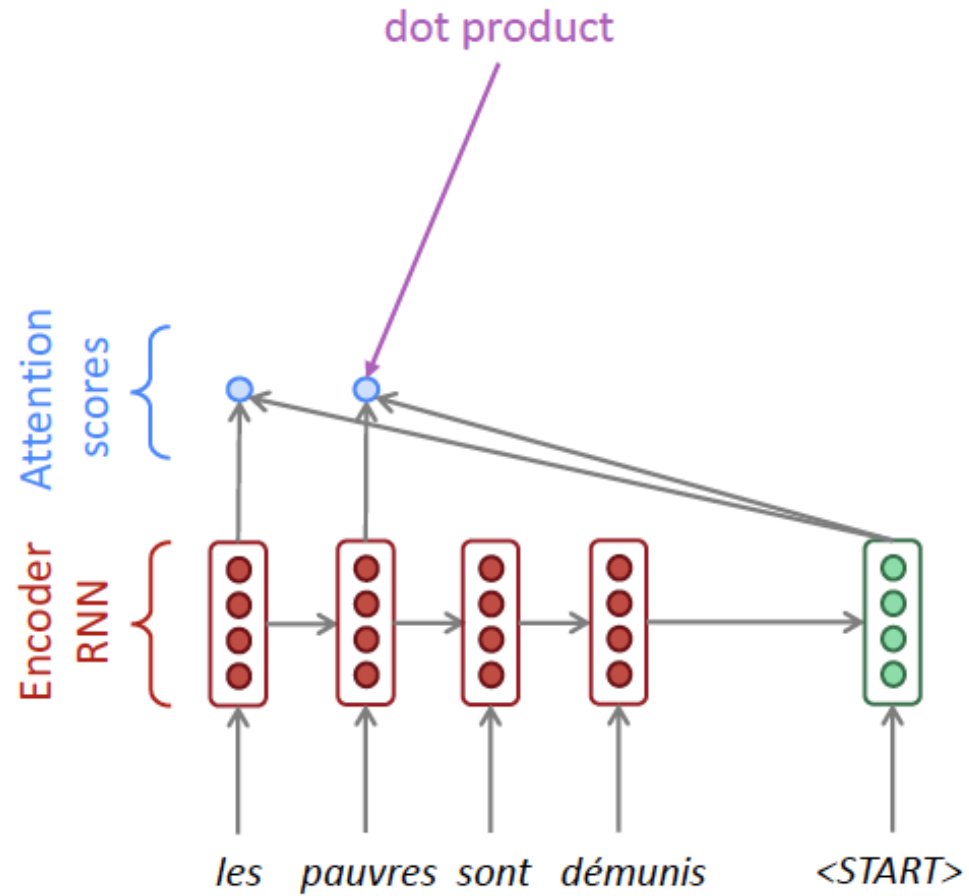
- The weighted sum is a *selective summary* of the information contained in the values, where the query determines which values to focus on.
- Attention is a way to obtain a *fixed-size representation of an arbitrary set of representations* (the values), dependent on some other representation (the query).

Sequence-to-sequence with attention

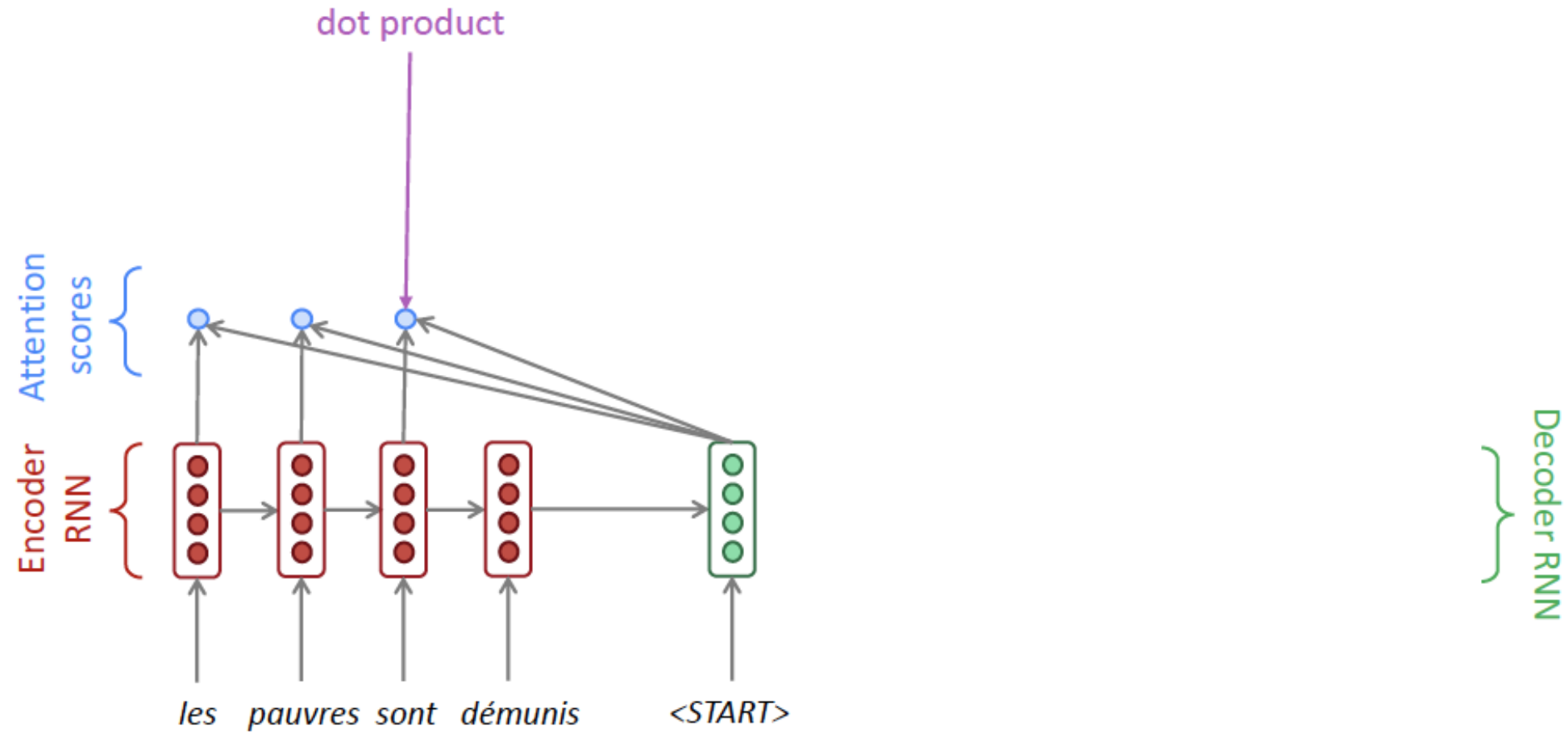


Decoder RNN

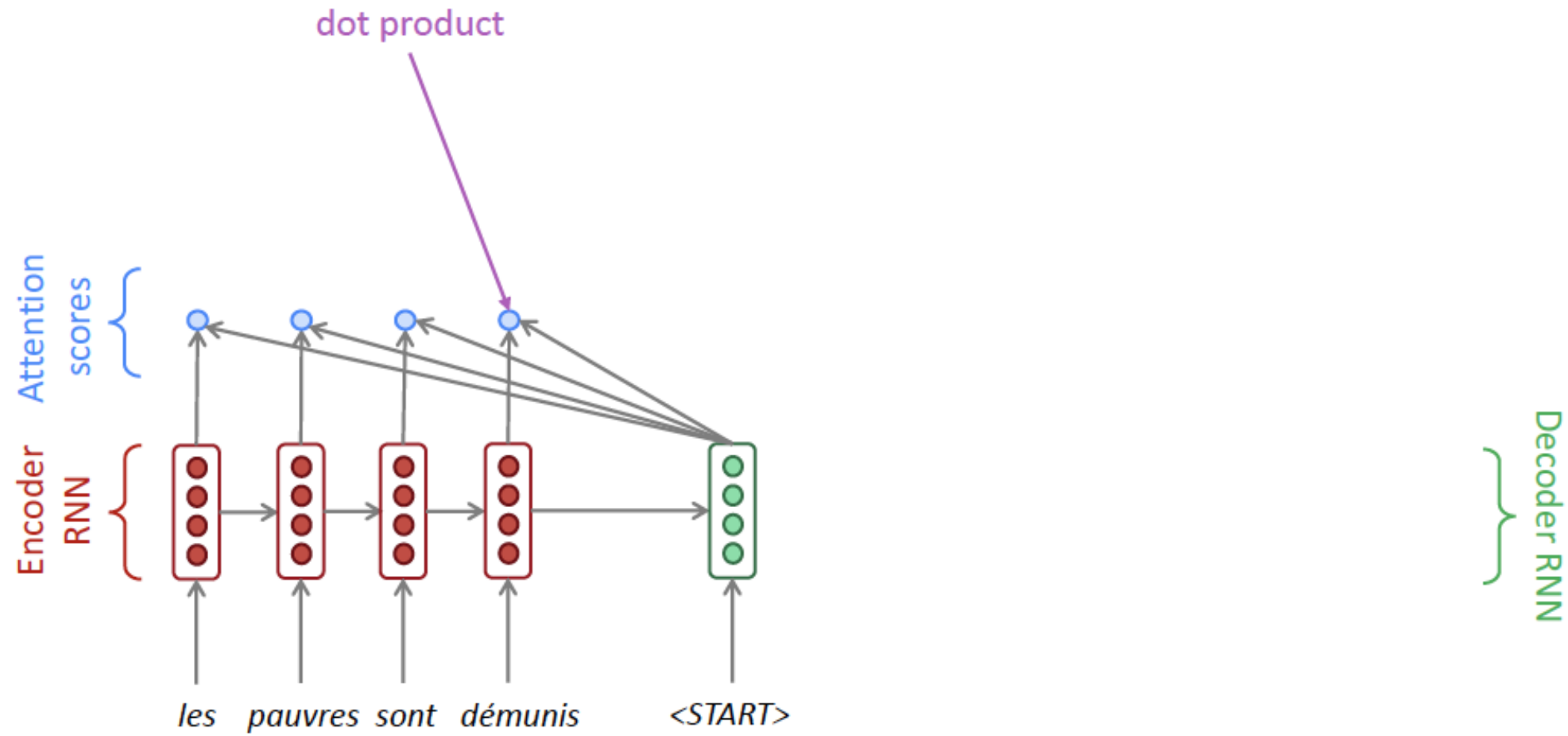
Sequence-to-sequence with attention



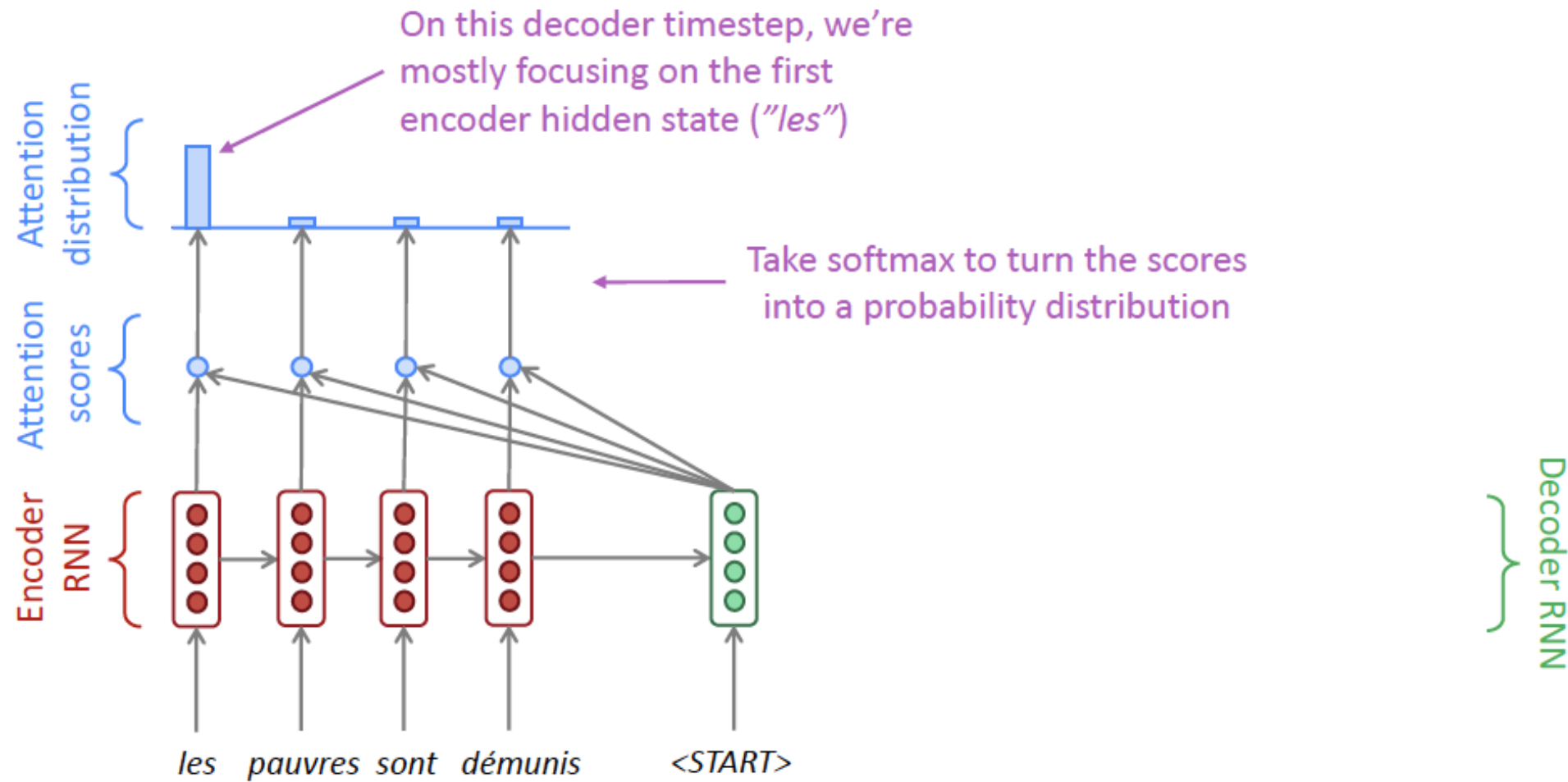
Sequence-to-sequence with attention



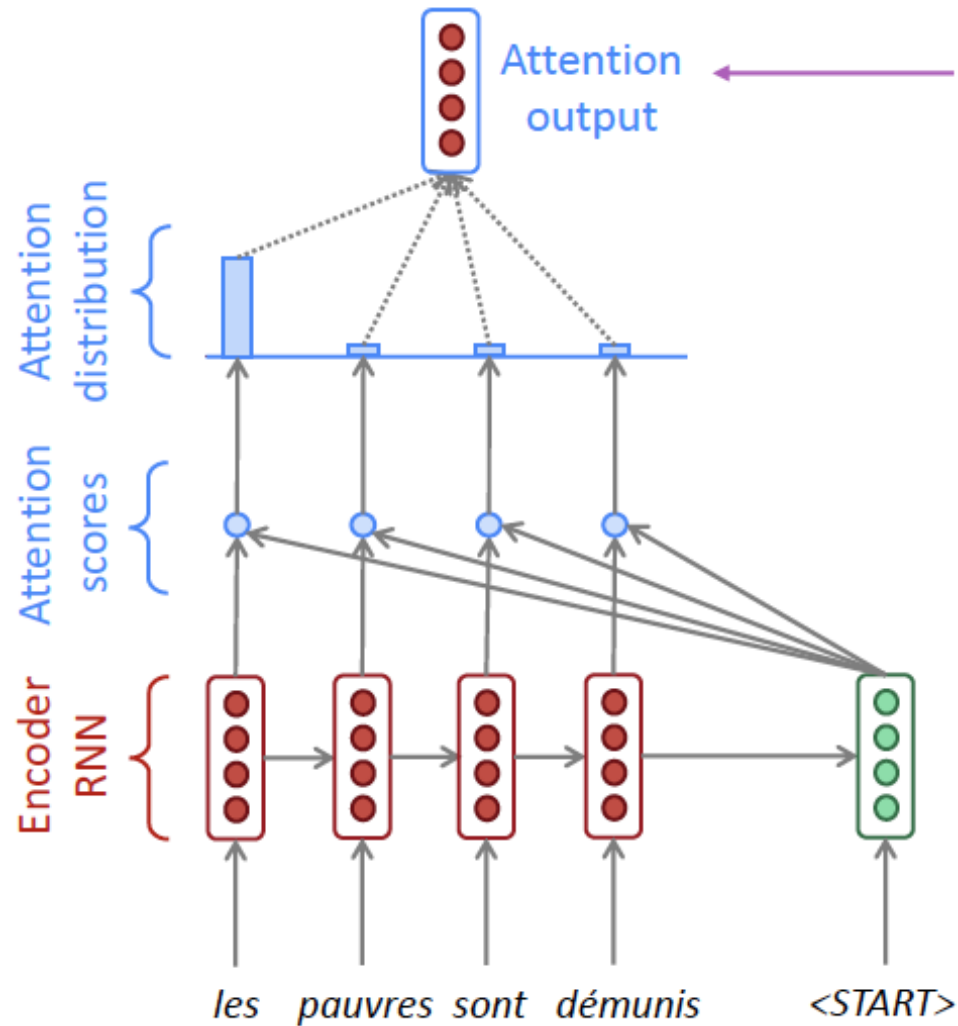
Sequence-to-sequence with attention



Sequence-to-sequence with attention



Sequence-to-sequence with attention

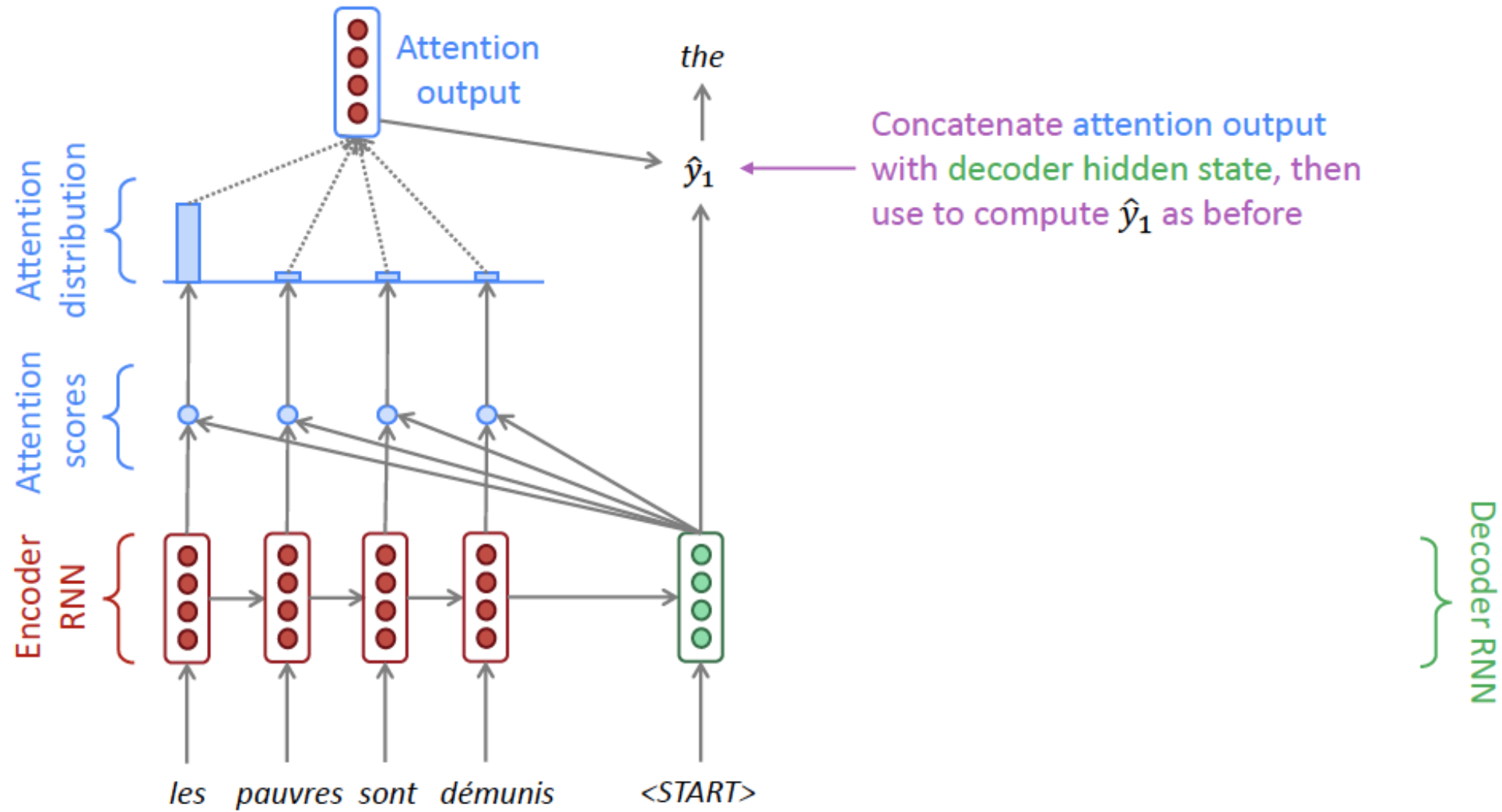


Use the attention distribution to take a weighted sum of the encoder hidden states.

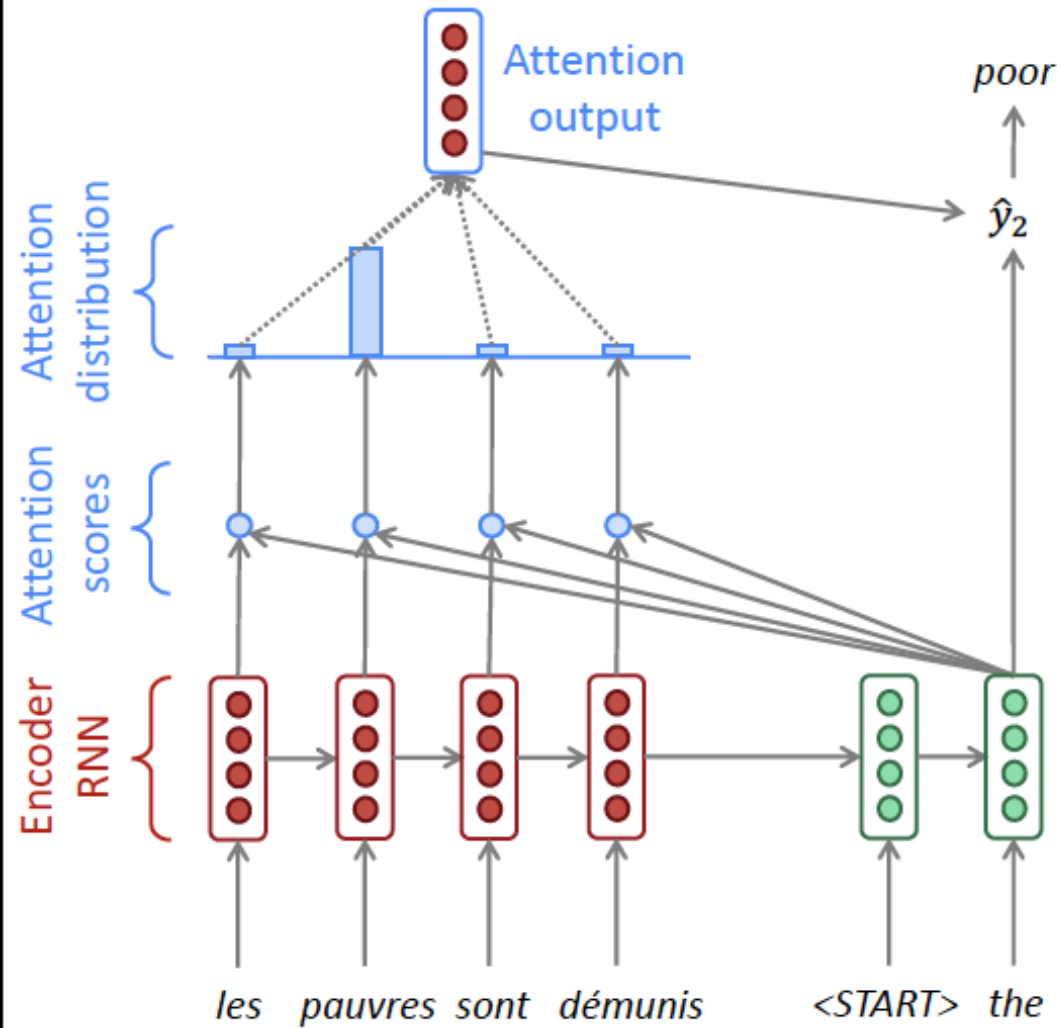
The attention output mostly contains information the hidden states that received high attention.

Decoder RNN

Sequence-to-sequence with attention

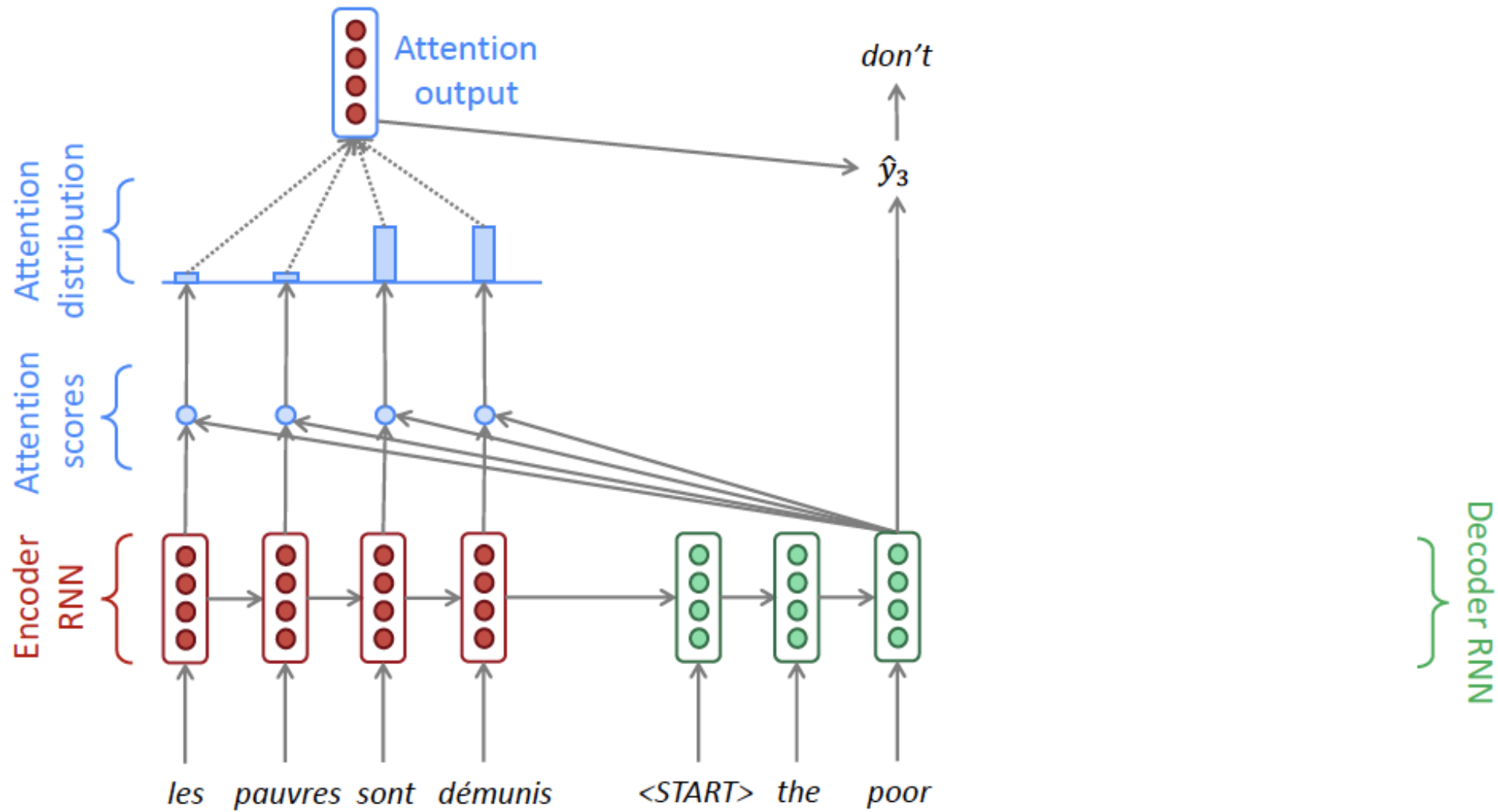


Sequence-to-sequence with attention

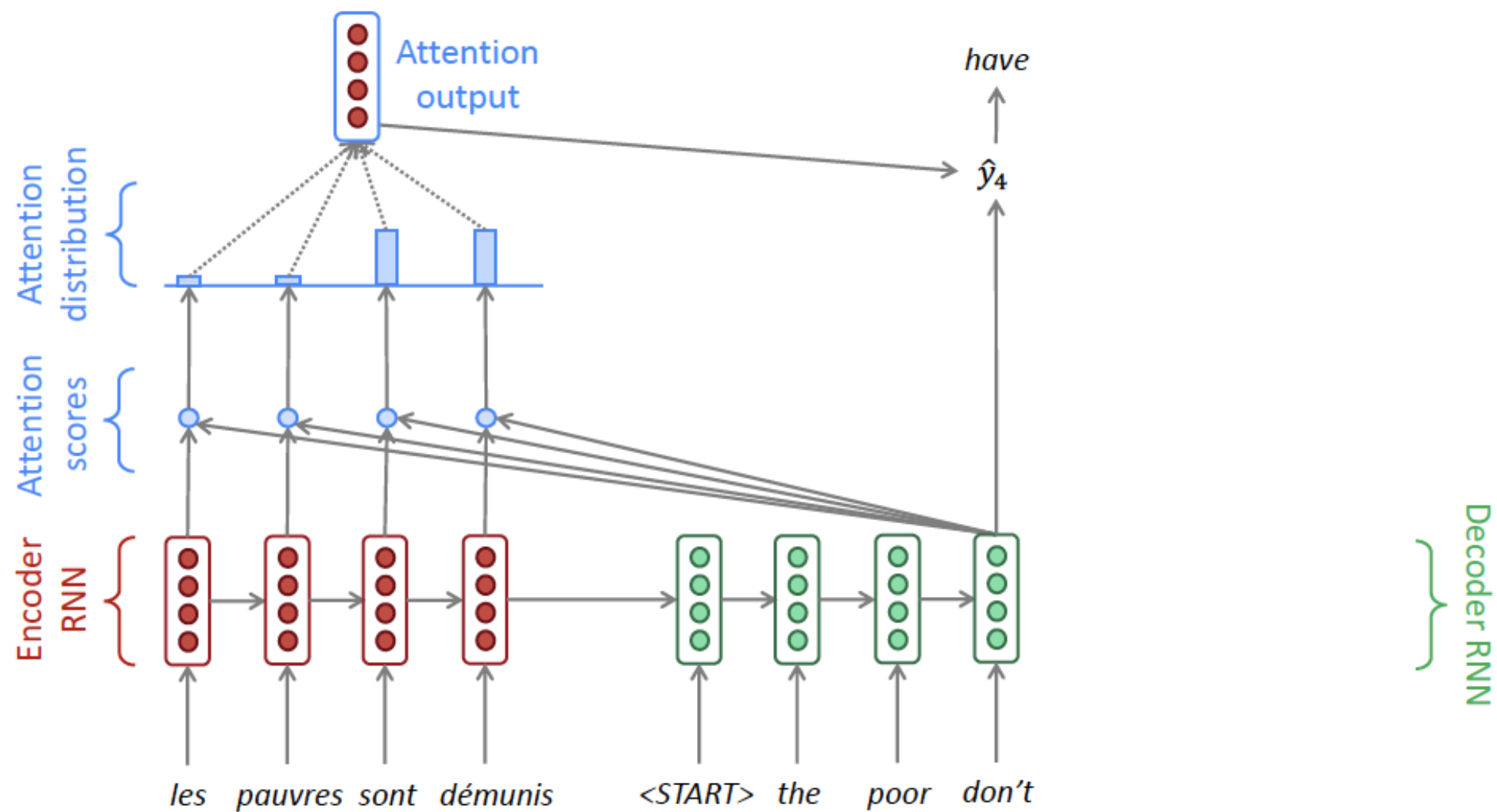


Decoder RNN

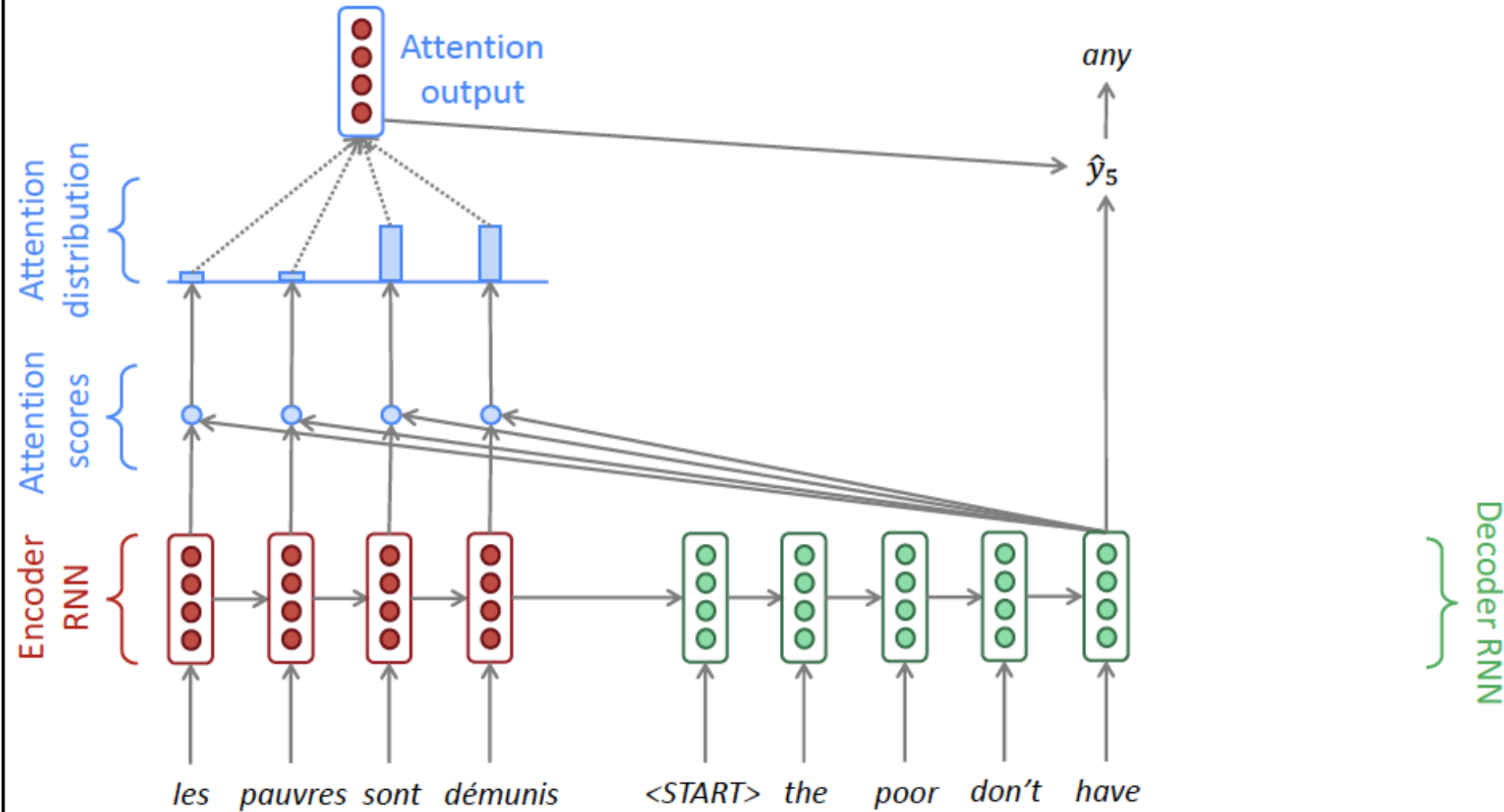
Sequence-to-sequence with attention



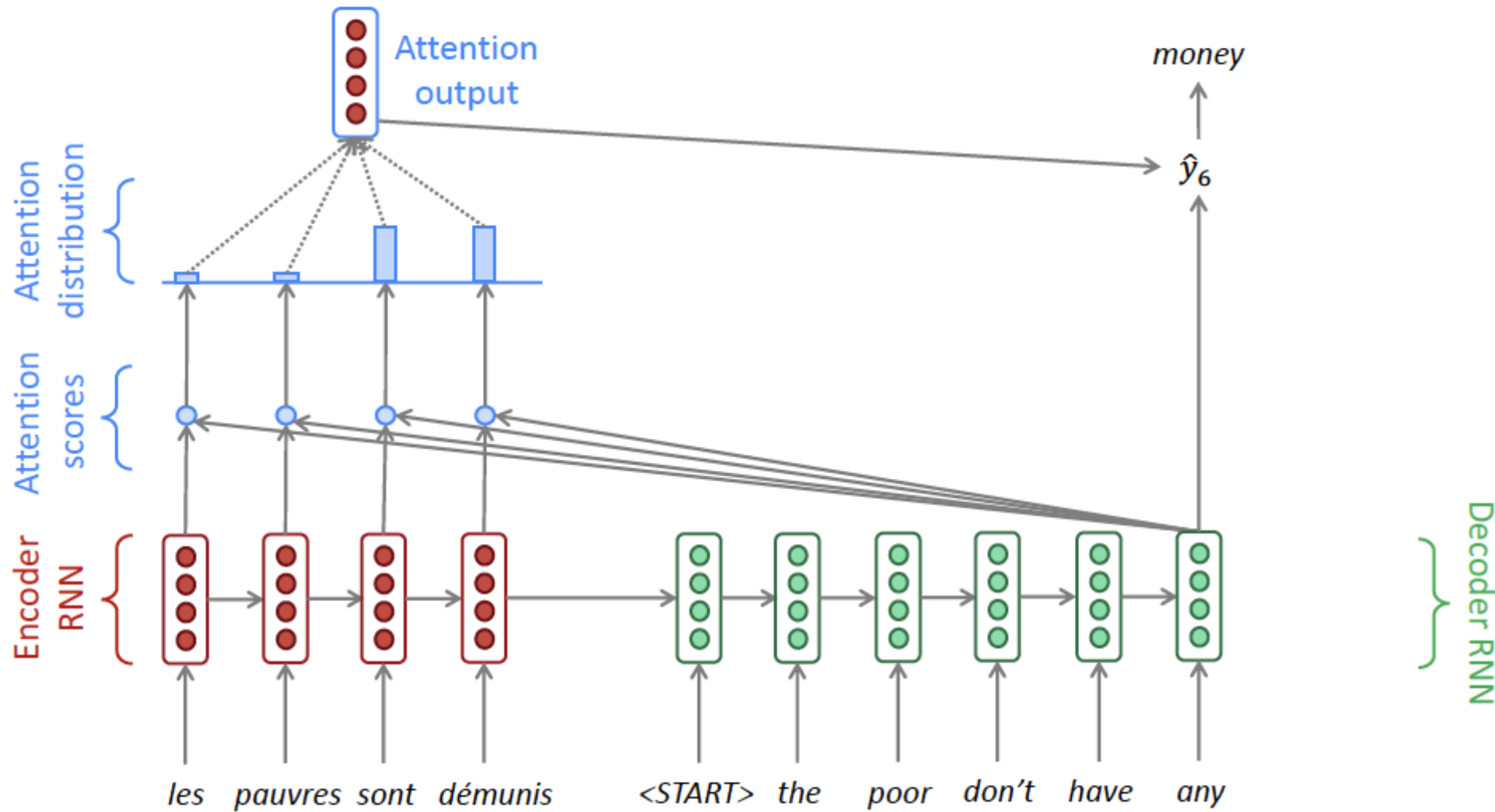
Sequence-to-sequence with attention



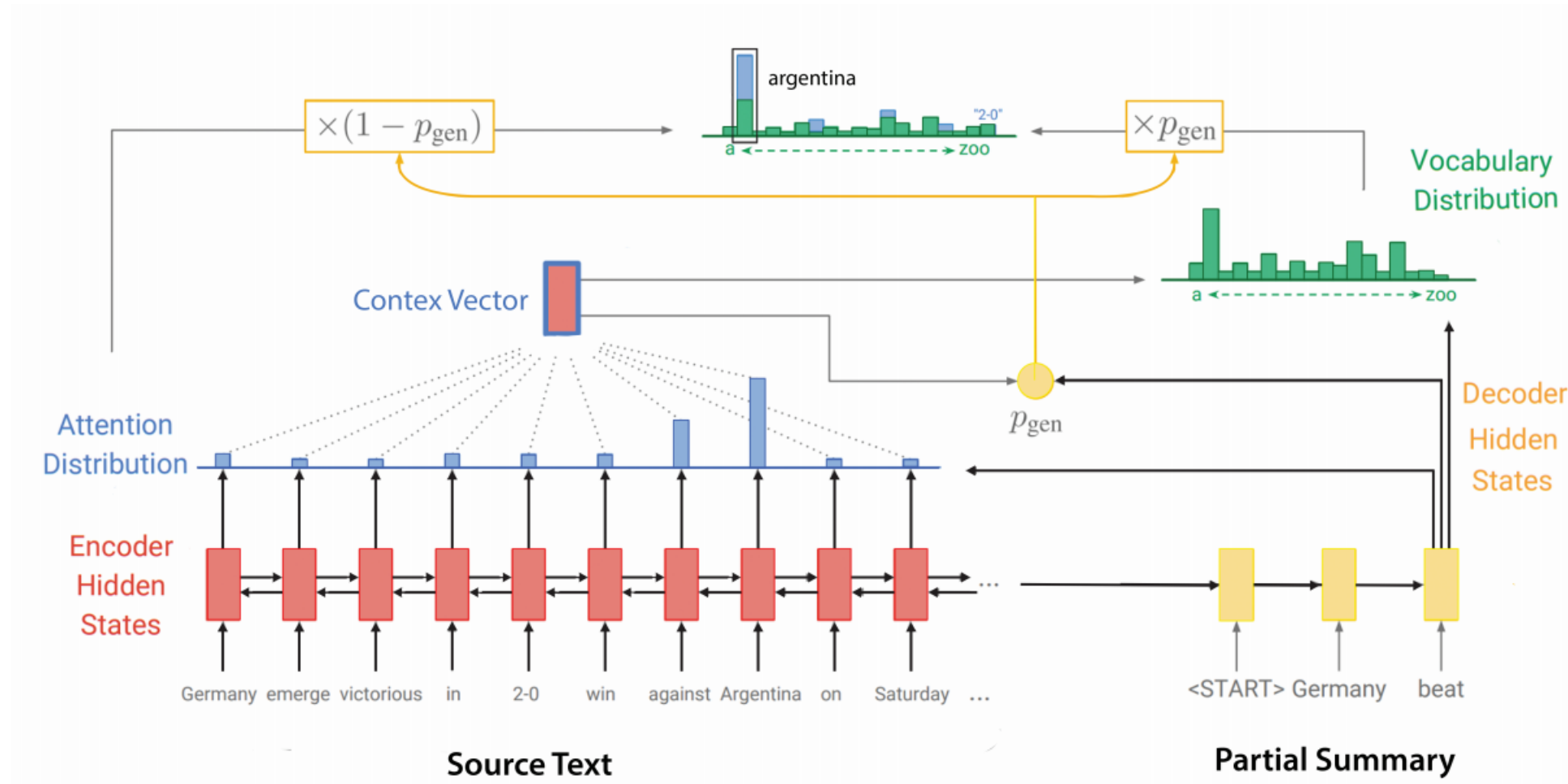
Sequence-to-sequence with attention



Sequence-to-sequence with attention

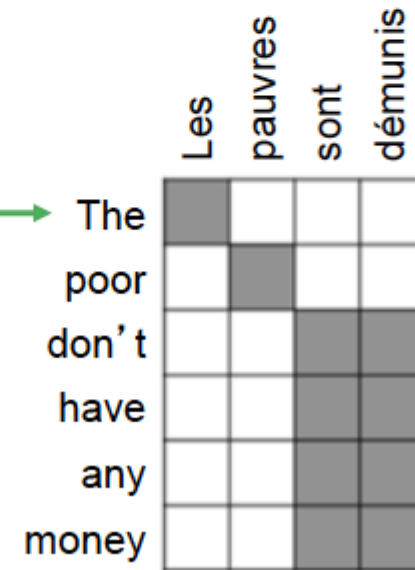


RNN with attention mechanisms



Attention is great

- Attention significantly **improves NMT performance**
 - It's very useful to allow decoder to focus on certain parts of the source
- Attention **solves the bottleneck problem**
 - Attention allows decoder to look directly at source; bypass bottleneck
- Attention **helps with vanishing gradient problem**
 - Provides shortcut to faraway states
- Attention provides **some interpretability**
 - By inspecting attention distribution, we can see what the decoder was focusing on
 - We get **alignment for free!**
 - This is cool because we never explicitly trained an alignment system
 - The network just learned alignment by itself



A diagram illustrating attention weights between an English sentence and a French sentence. The English words are listed on the left: "The", "poor", "don't", "have", "any", "money". The French words are listed at the top: "Les", "pauvres", "sont", "démunis". A green arrow points from the text "what the decoder was focusing on" to the first row of the matrix. The matrix cells are shaded gray to represent attention weights. The first row (The) has a high weight for "Les". The second row (poor) has a high weight for "pauvres". The last three rows (don't, have, any) all have high weights for both "sont" and "démunis".

	Les	pauvres	sont	démunis
The	High	Low	Low	Low
poor	Low	High	Low	Low
don't	Low	Low	High	High
have	Low	Low	High	High
any	Low	Low	High	High
money	Low	Low	High	High

“Abstracts” from the model:

TEXT:

“great taffy at a great price. there was a wide assortment of yummy taffy. delivery was very quick. if your a taffy lover, this is a deal.”

PREDICTED SUMMARY:

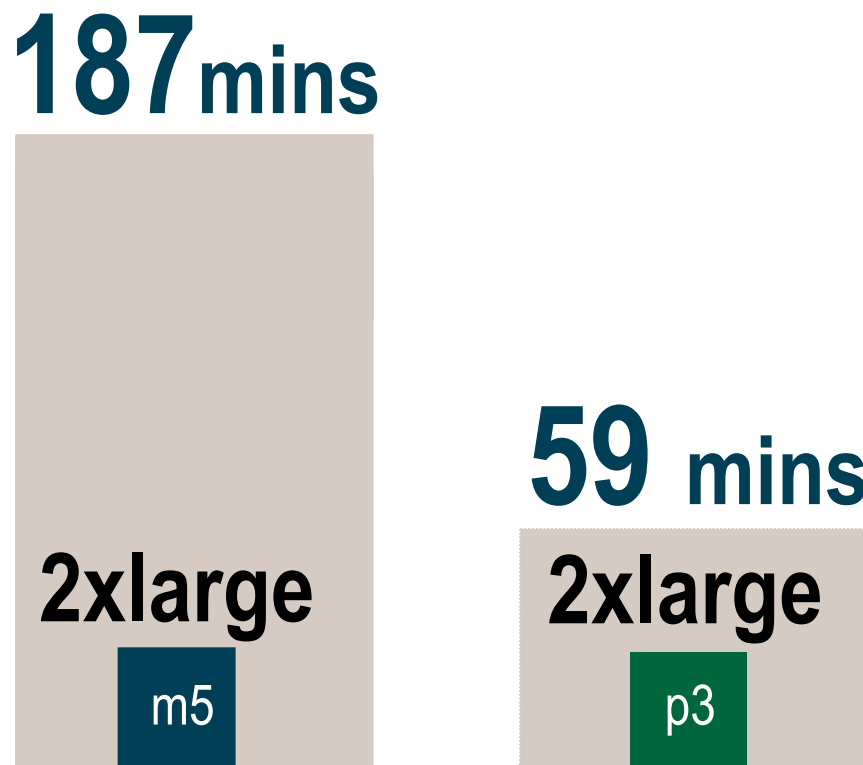
nice taffy!

ACTUAL SUMMARY:

great taffy!

The logo for Amazon Deals of the Day. It features the word "amazon" in white with its signature orange arrow. Below it, "Deals" is written in large, bold, orange letters. To the right of "Deals", the words "of the" are written in a smaller, white, sans-serif font. At the bottom, the word "DAY" is written in large, bold, white capital letters.

The power of P3 Instance on 50K items

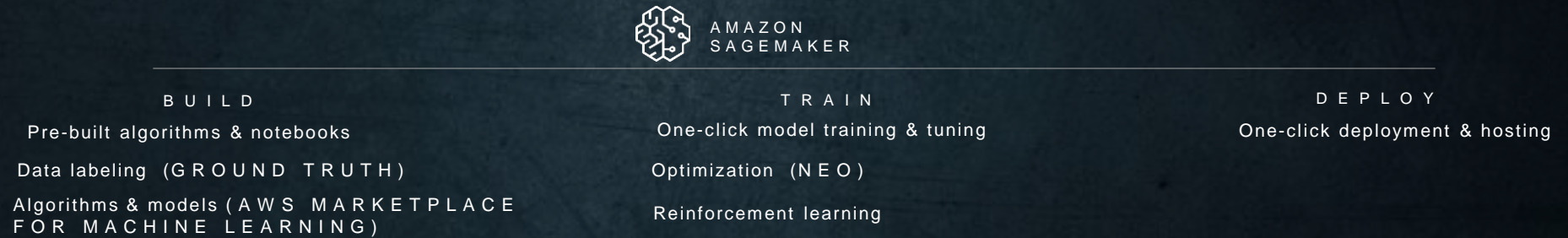


Let's go build!

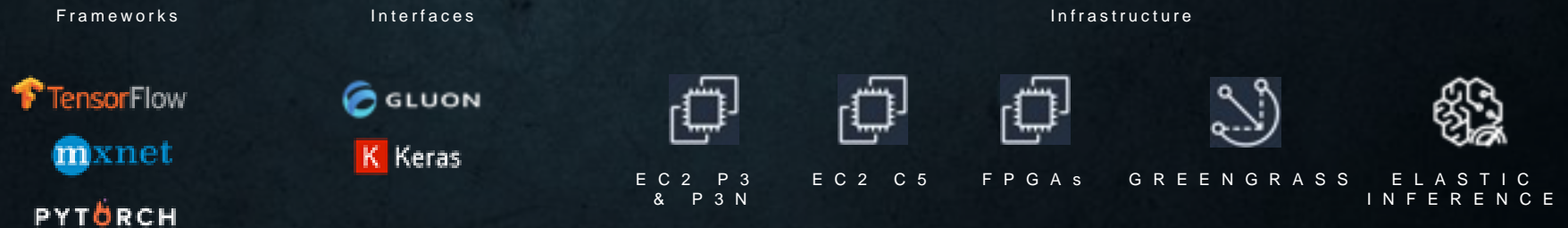
AI SERVICES



ML SERVICES



ML FRAMEWORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE

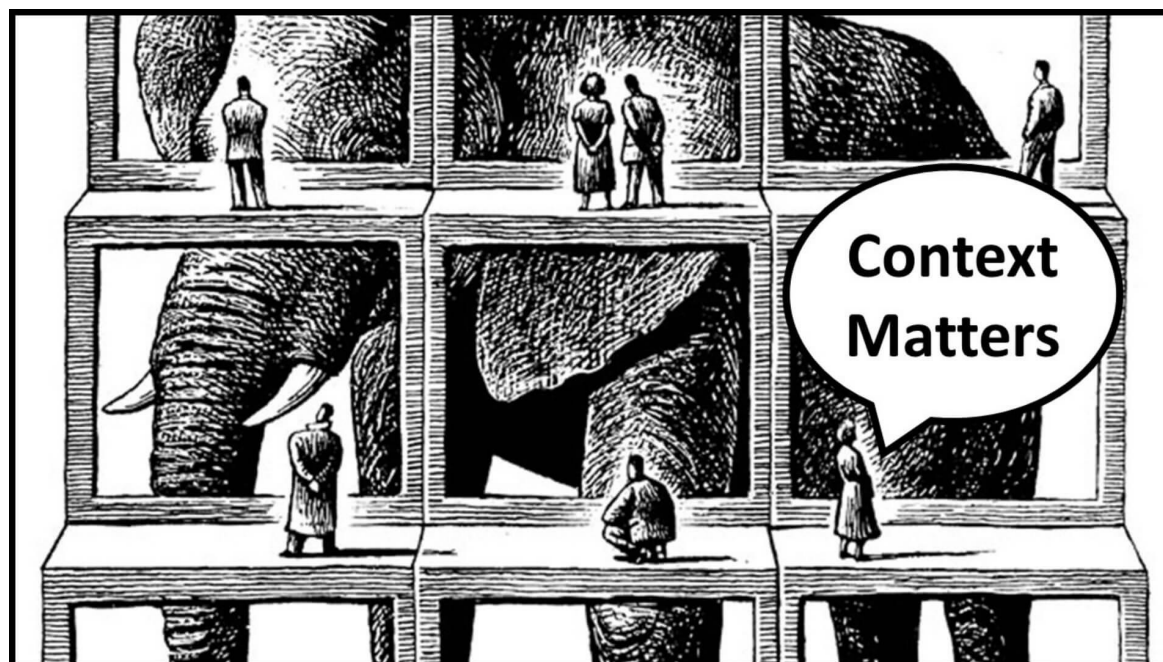


Thank you for your interest.



The Goal: Pre-train + Finetune in NLP

Previously, context representation was either one directional, or only token level (missing the bigger picture)



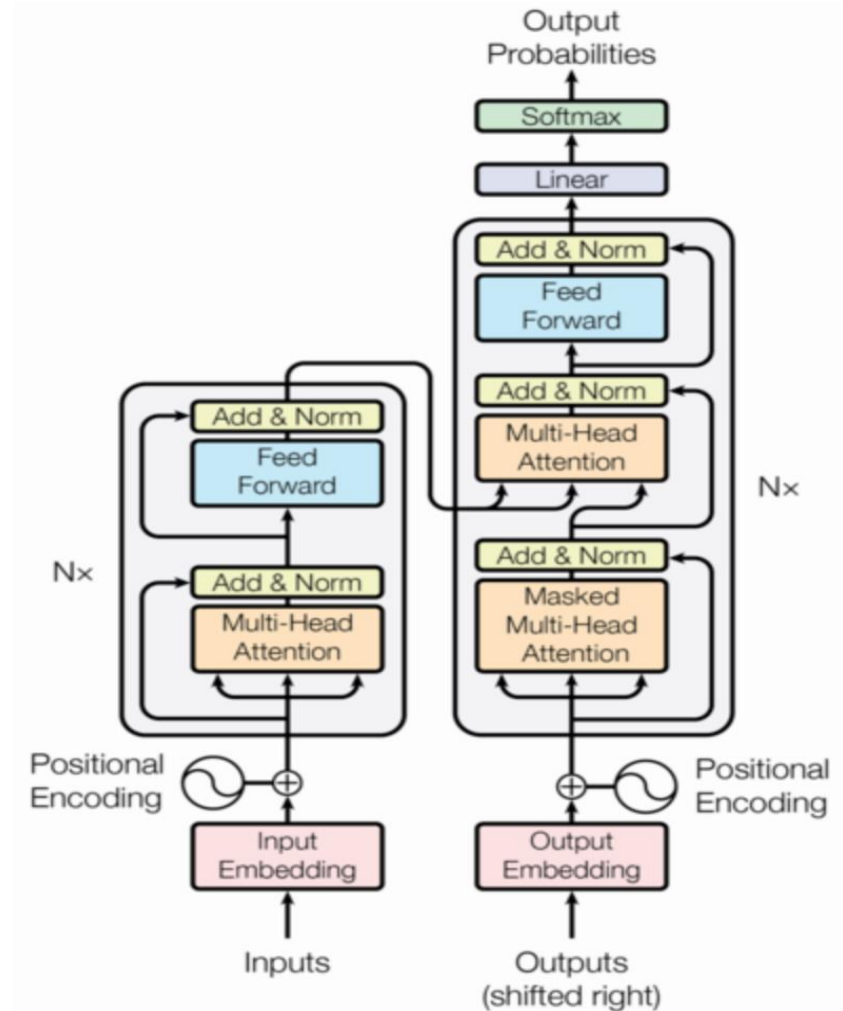
2018 Major NLP Advances

- **Transformer** – Attention Is All You Need
 - Vaswani et al. (Google) technically 2017
- **ULMFiT** – Universal Language Model Fine-tuning for Text Classification
 - Howard & Ruder (fast.ai, AYLIEN)
- **ELMo** – Deep contextualized word representations
 - Peters et al. (AI2, UW)
- **GPT Transformer** – Improving Language Understanding by Generative Pre-Training
 - Radford et al. (OpenAI)
- **BERT** – Pre-training of Deep Bidirectional Transformers for Language Understanding
 - Devlin et al. (Google)

Among many more...

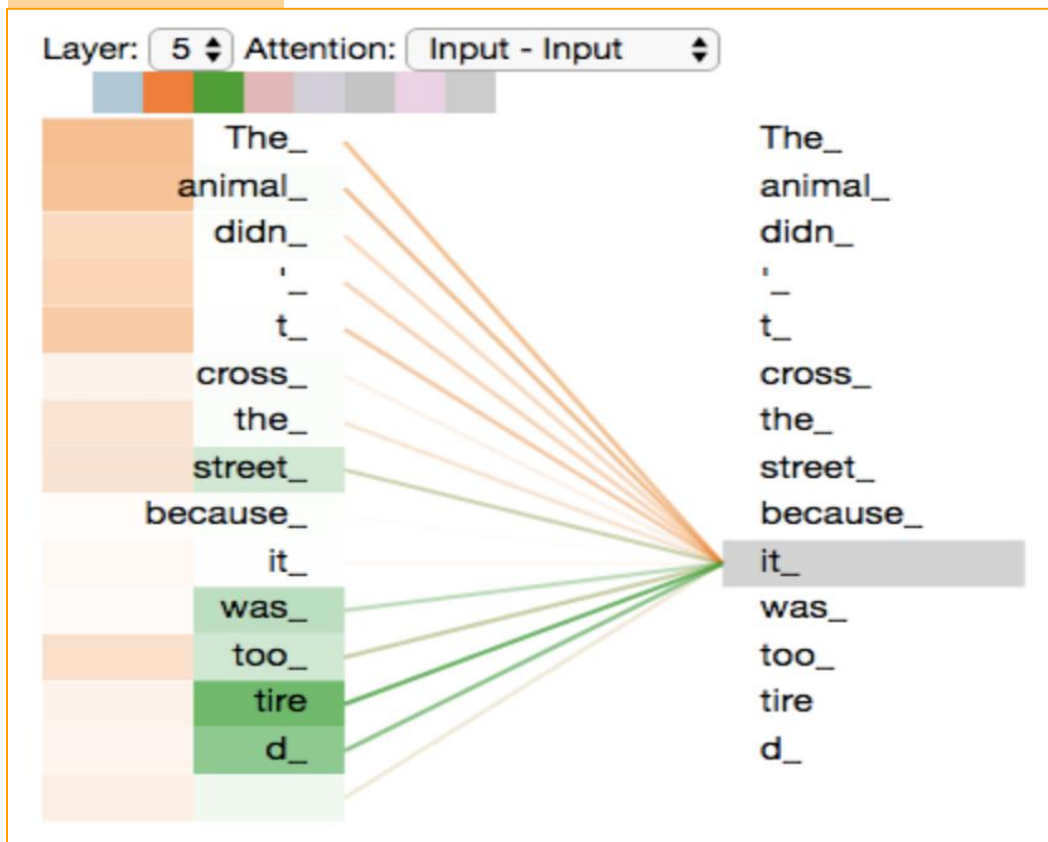
Transformer – Attention Is All You Need

- No recurrent layers (RNN/LSTM); allows parallelization
- Transformer: Basic building block comprises of Attention and FFN layers
- Both Encoder and Decoders comprised of stacked Transformers.
- Can be trained significantly faster.

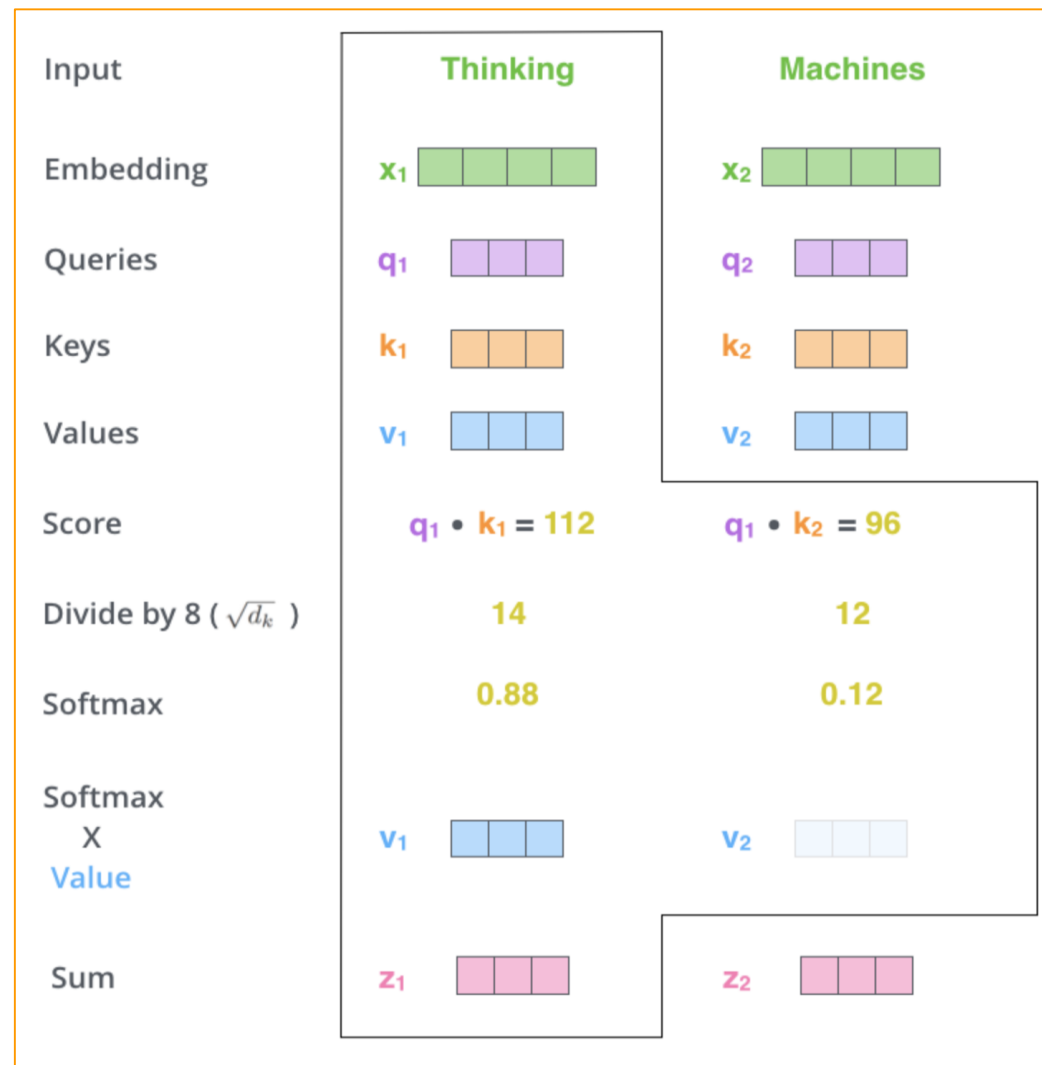


Self-Attention

Intuition



$$\text{Attention}(Q, K, V) = \text{softmax}\left(\frac{QK^T}{\sqrt{d_k}}\right)V$$

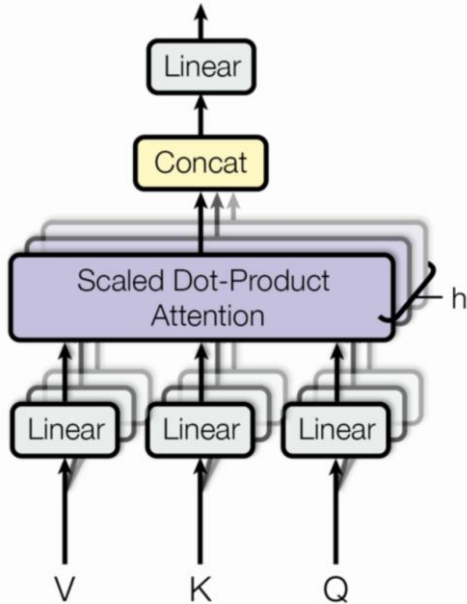
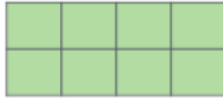


Credit: <https://jalammar.github.io/illustrated-transformer/>

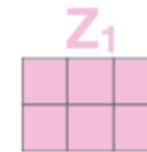
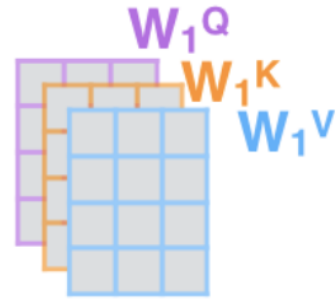
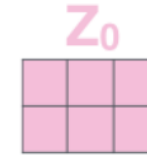
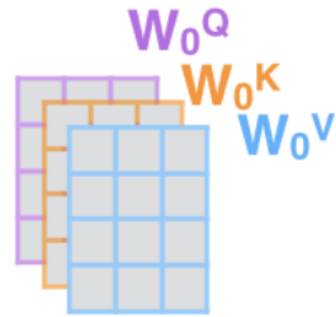
- 1) This is our input sentence*
- 2) We embed each word*
- 3) Split into 8 heads. We multiply X or R with weight matrices
- 4) Calculate attention using the resulting $Q/K/V$ matrices
- 5) Concatenate the resulting Z matrices, then multiply with weight matrix W^O to produce the output of the layer

Thinking
Machines

X



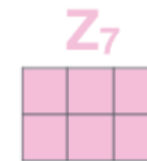
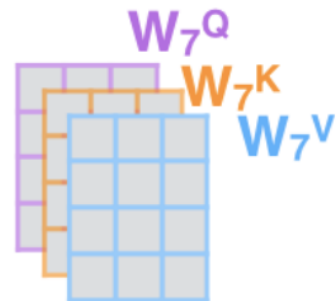
Multi Head Attention
Parallel Attention Layers



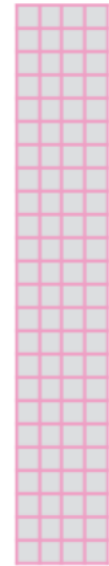
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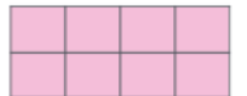
...



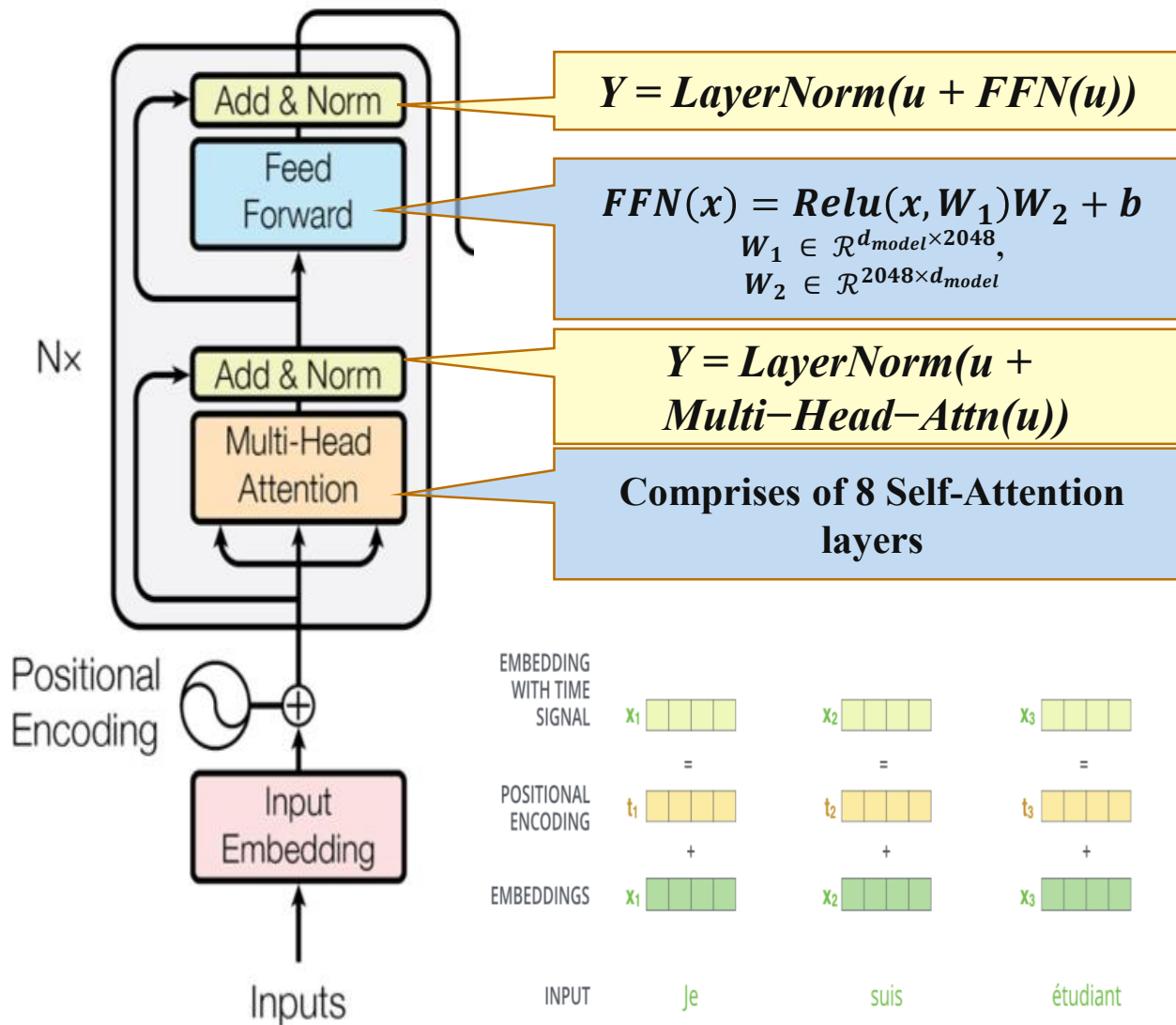
W^O



Z

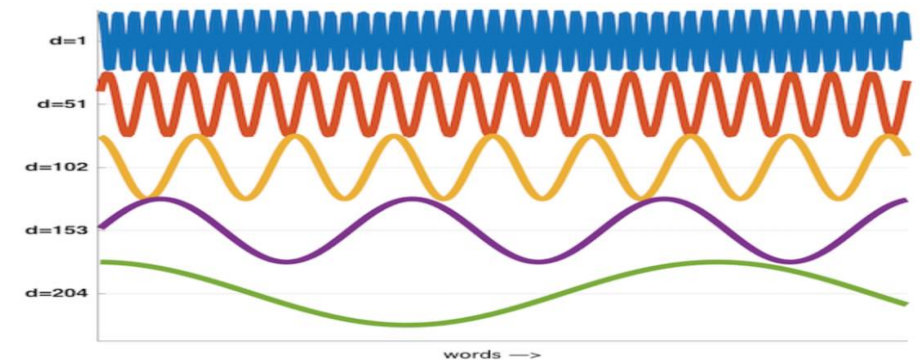


Credit: <https://jalammar.github.io/illustrated-transformer/>



Encoder

- Constant layer dimension: $d_{\text{model}} = 512$
- Employs dropout to every sub-layer before norm and embedding layers

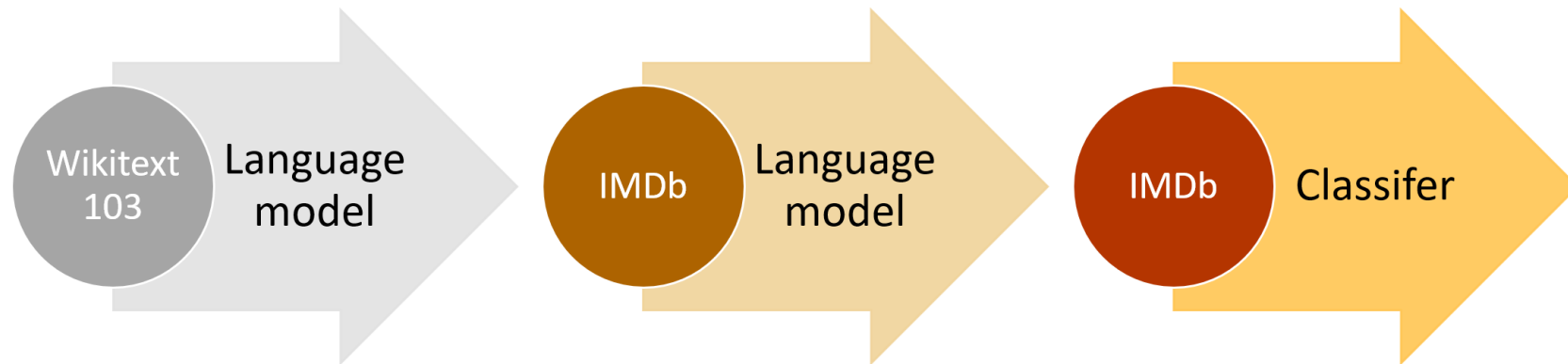


$$PE_{(pos, 2i)} = \sin(pos/10000^{2i/d_{\text{model}}})$$

$$PE_{(pos, 2i+1)} = \cos(pos/10000^{2i/d_{\text{model}}})$$

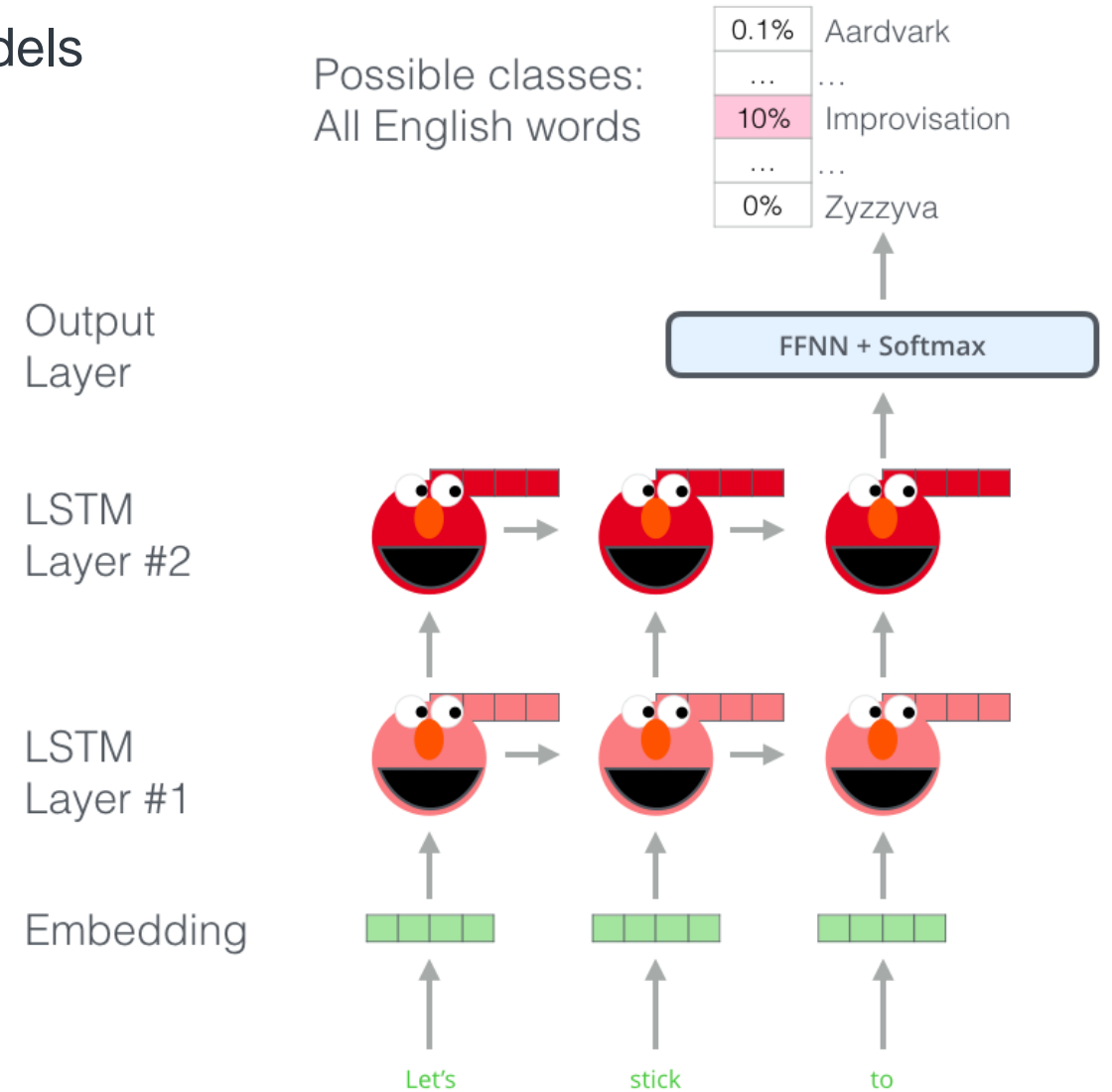
ULMFiT – Universal Language Model Fine-tuning for Text Classification

- Key takeaways:
 - Effective transfer learning for NLP (using LSTMs)
 - Introduces novel language model fine-tuning techniques
 - Helps solve NLP problems with less data



ELMo – Embeddings from language models

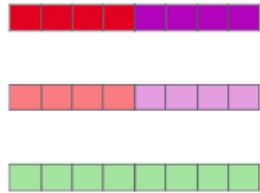
- Key takeaways:
 - Word embedding values conditioned on context
 - Handles polysemy
 - Trained using BiLSTM on next-word-prediction task



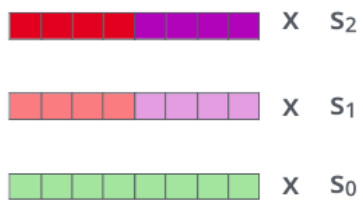
ELMo – Deep contextualized word representations

Embedding of “stick” in “Let’s stick to” - Step #2

1- Concatenate hidden layers



2- Multiply each vector by a weight based on the task

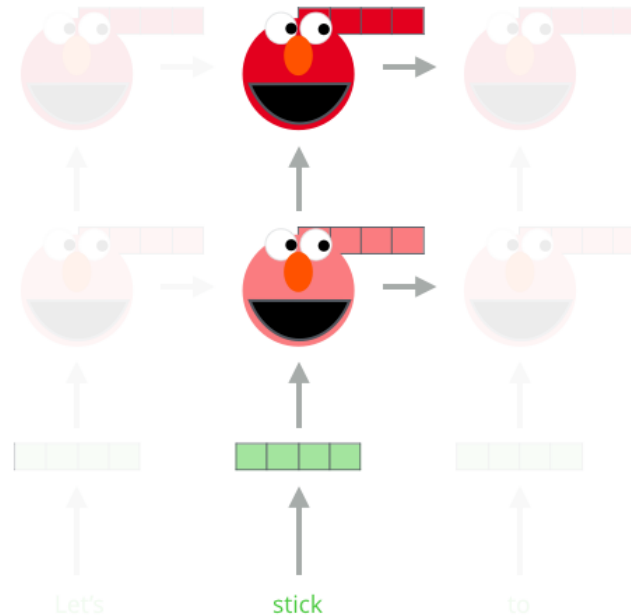


3- Sum the (now weighted) vectors

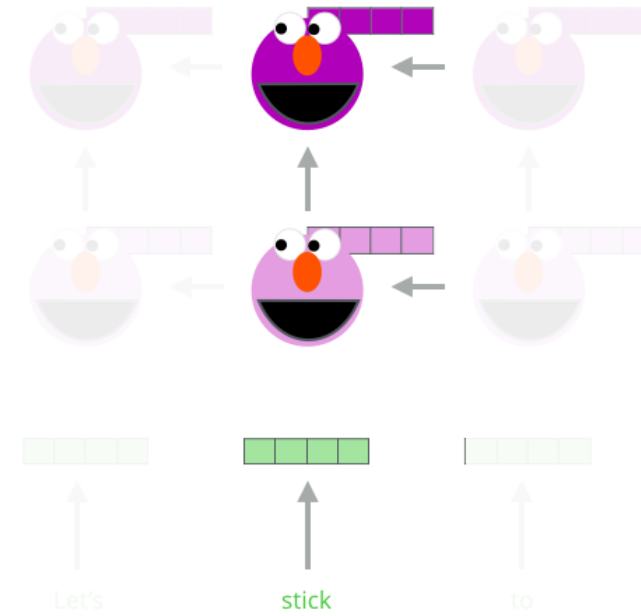


ELMo embedding of “stick” for this task in this context

Forward Language Model

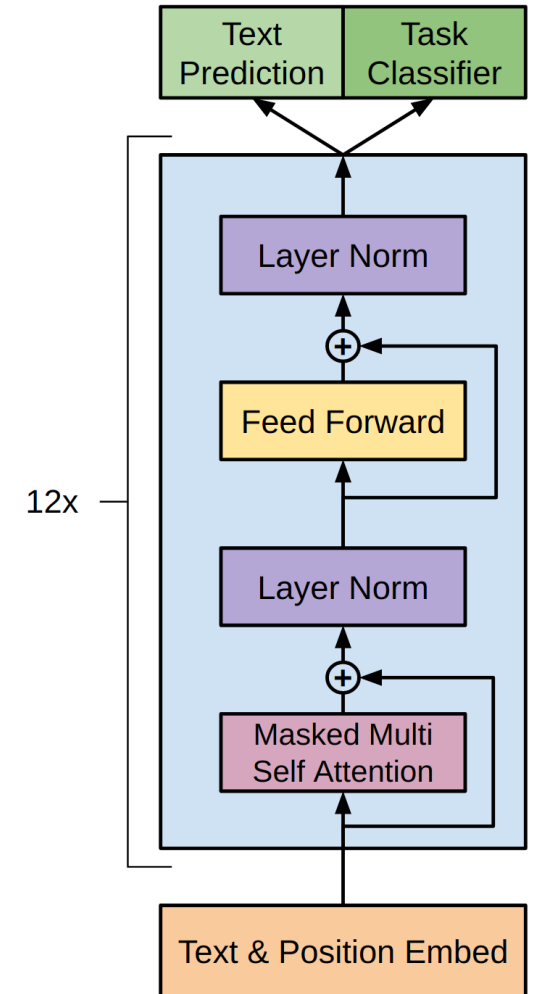


Backward Language Model



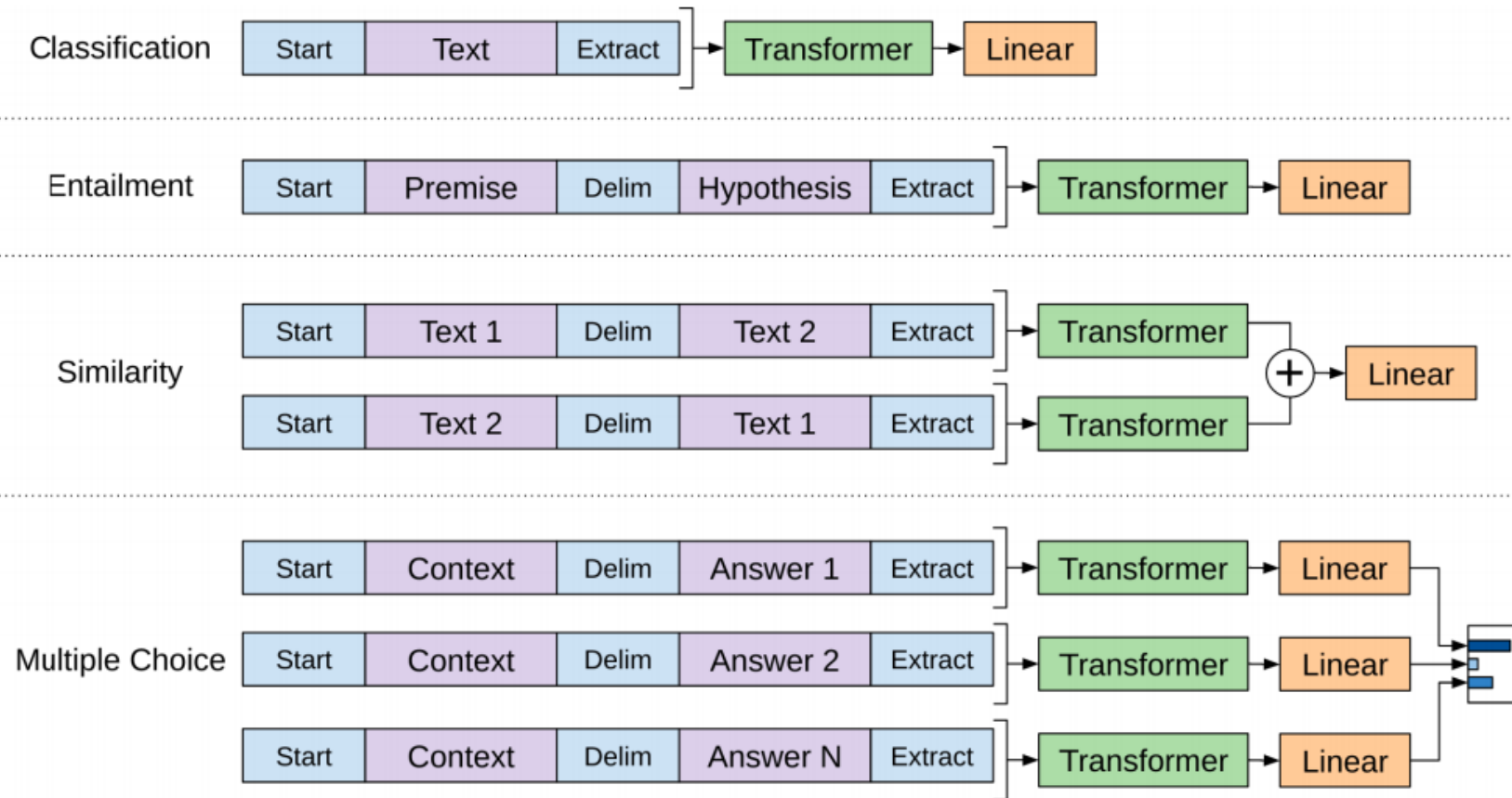
GPT Transformer – Generative Pre-Training

- Setting the stage for multi-task NLP
- Key takeaways:
 - Combining unsupervised pre-training with Transformers
 - Building upon [ULMFiT](#), [ELMo](#)
 - The OpenAI Transformer
 - **Only Transformer decoders**, trained on prediction and classification
 - No encoder-decoder attention sublayer
 - Remember: Transformer decoder masks future tokens
 - Note: Only a forward language model, **not bidirectional**
 - SOTA performance on GLUE benchmark
 - Shows Transformer is flexible and robust



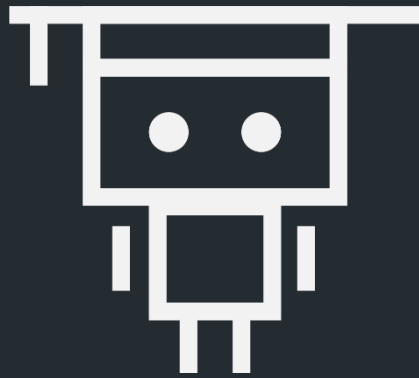
GPT Transformer – Generative Pre-Training

- Multitasking trick: Input transformations for various tasks

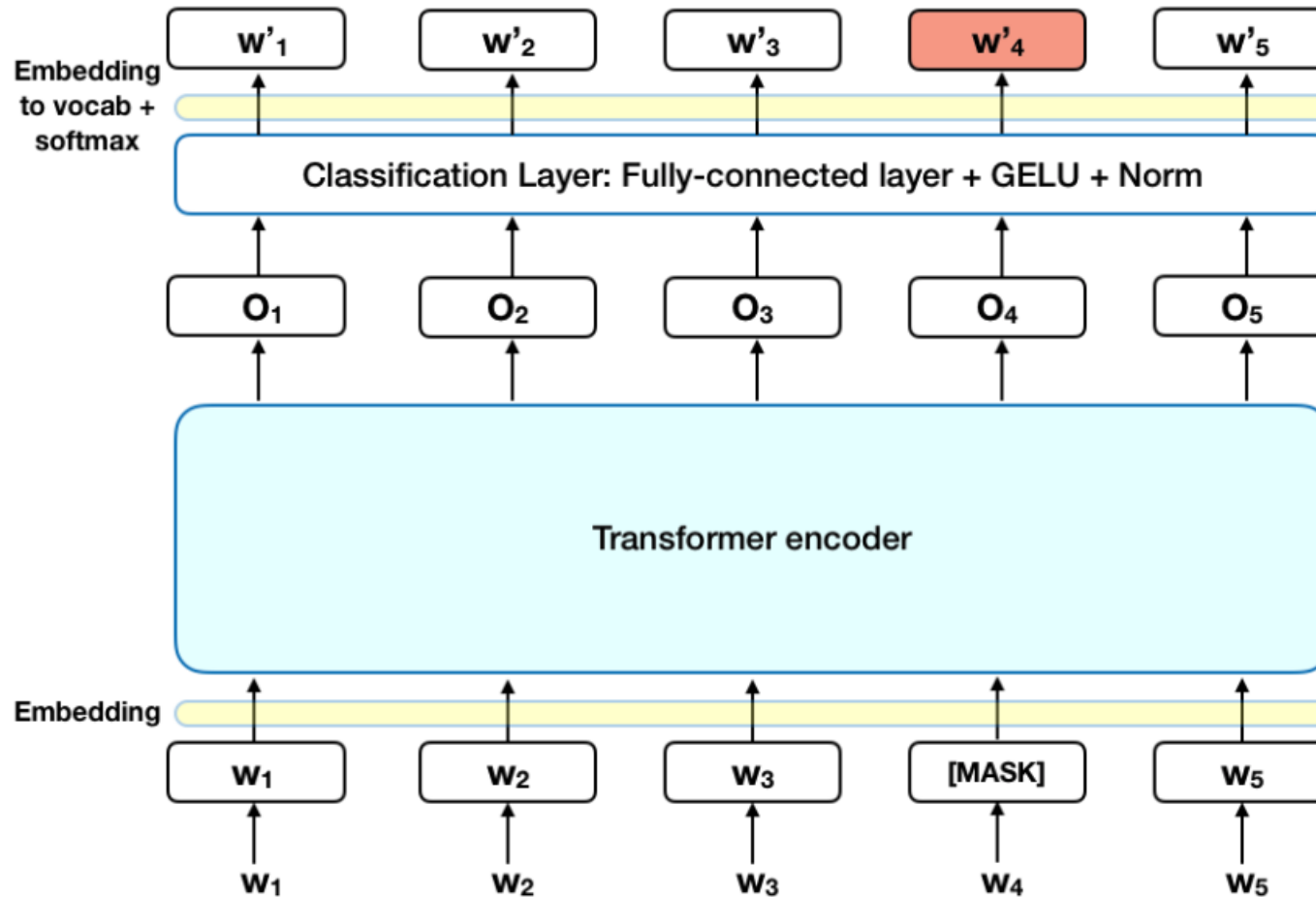


BERT:

Bidirectional Encoder
Representations from Transformers

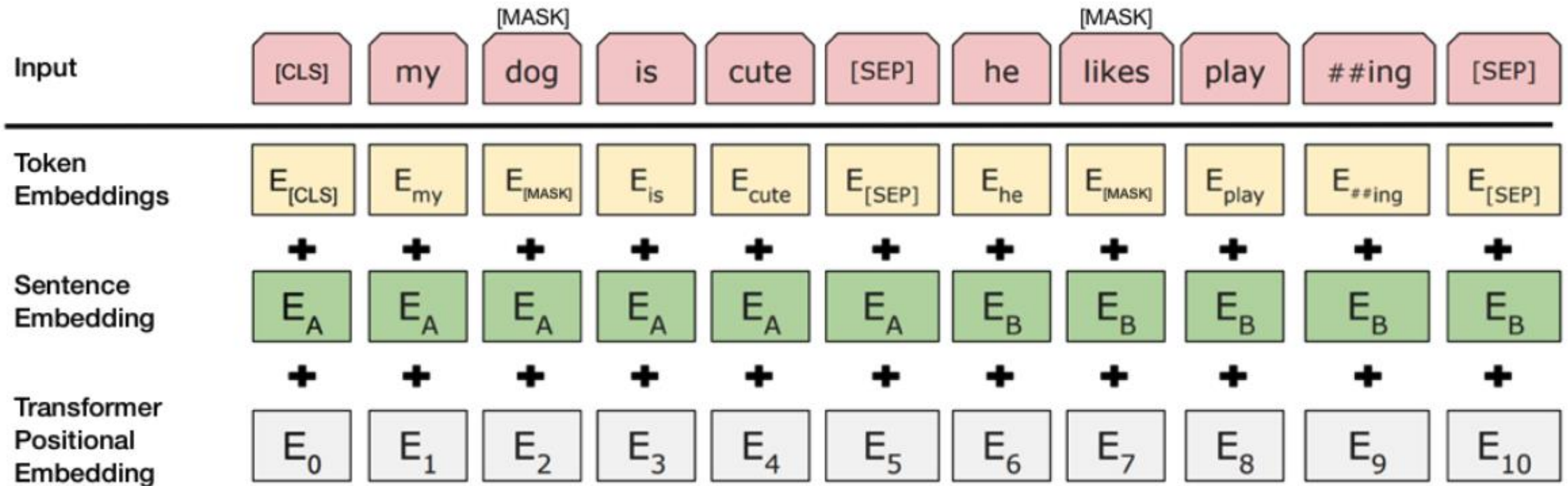


Secret Sauce #1: Masked LM

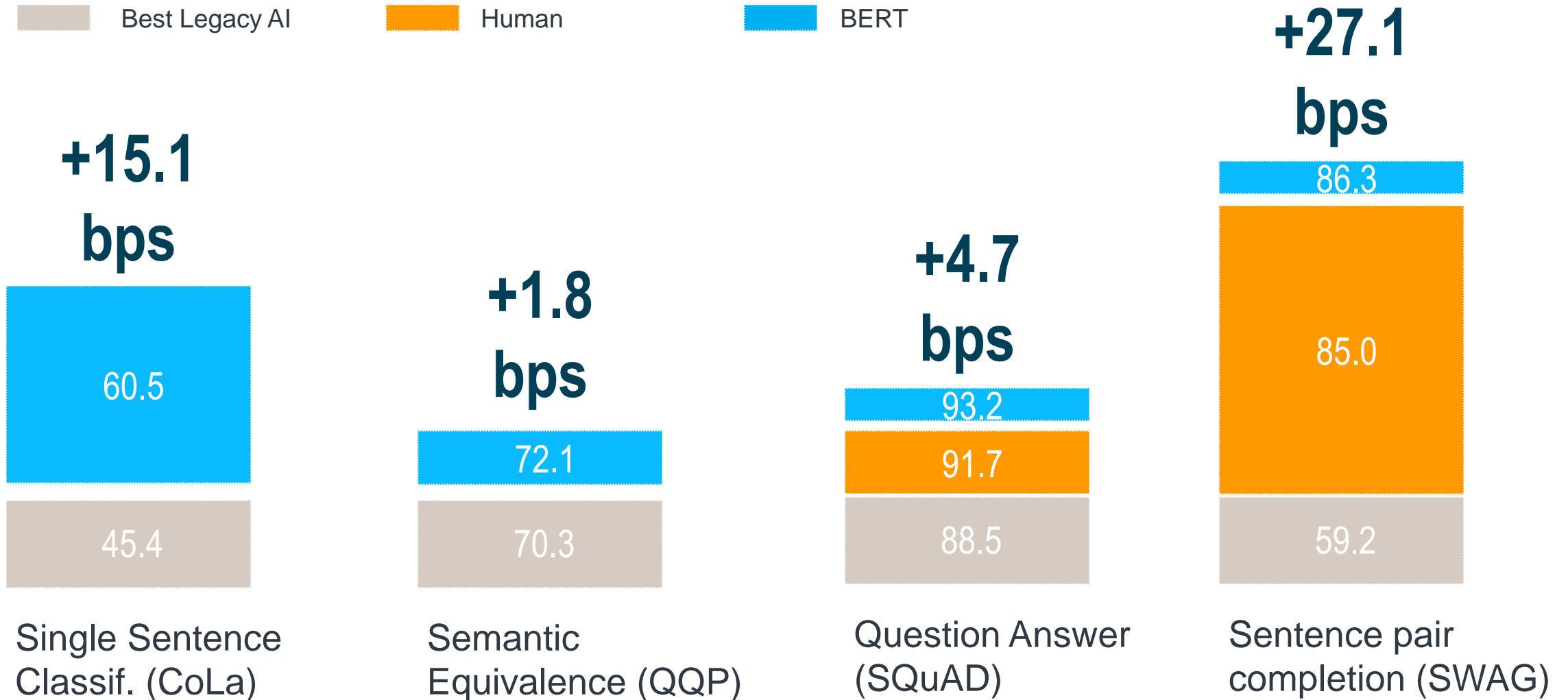


- Before feeding word sequences into BERT, 15% of the words in each sequence are replaced with a [MASK] token
- The model then attempts to predict the original value of the masked words, based on the context provided by the other, non-masked, words in the sequence

Secret Sauce #2: Next Sent. Pred.



Results: Surpassing Humans



Thank you!

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