

COMPUTE COMMAND LINE PROFILER

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User Guide

DOCUMENT CHANGE HISTORY

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v02	October 14, 2011	SS, VS	 Minor updates for CUDA 4.1 RC1 release: Removed list of counters. Added a reference to the CUPTI users guide. Updated sample output.
v03	November 14, 2011	SS, VS	 Added new section, "Command Line Profiler Default Output". Updated command line profiler options table, Table 2.

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COMPUTE COMMAND LINE PROFILER

OVERVIEW

This document is intended for users of Compute Command Line Profiler for NVIDIA[®] CUDATM technology. Compute Command Line Profiler is a command line based profiling tool that can be used to measure performance and find potential opportunities for optimization in order to achieve maximum performance from NVIDIA[®] GPUs.

The command line profiler allows users to gather timing information about kernel execution and memory transfer operations for CUDA and OpenCL applications. Profiling options are controlled through environment variables and a profiler configuration file. Profiler output is generated in text files either in Key-Value-Pair (KVP) or Comma Separated (CSV) format.

COMMAND LINE PROFILER CONTROL

The command line profiler is controlled using the following environment variables:

COMPUTE_PROFILE: is set to either 1 or 0 (or unset) to enable or disable profiling.

COMPUTE_PROFILE_LOG: is set to the desired file path for profiling output. In case of multiple contexts you can add '%d' in the COMPUTE_PROFILE_LOG name. This will generate separate profiler output files for each context - with '%d' substituted by the context number. Contexts are numbered starting with zero. In case of multiple processes you can add '%p' in the COMPUTE_PROFILE_LOG name. This will generate separate profiler output files for each process - with '%p' substituted by the process id. If there is no log path specified, the profiler will log data to "cuda_profile_%d.log" in case of a CUDA context and "opencl_profile_%d.log" in case of a OpenCL context ('%d' is substituted by the context number).

COMPUTE_PROFILE_CSV: is set to either 1 (set) or 0 (unset) to enable or disable a comma separated version of the log output.

COMPUTE_PROFILE_CONFIG: is used to specify a config file for enabling performance counters in the GPU.

Configuration details are covered in a subsequent section.

The old environment variables, which were used specifically for CUDA/OpenCL are still supported. The old environment variables for the above functionalities are:

CUDA_PROFILE/OPENCL_PROFILE

CUDA_PROFILE_LOG/OPENCL_PROFILE_LOG

CUDA_PROFILE_CSV/OPENCL_PROFILE_CSV

CUDA_PROFILE_CONFIG/OPENCL_PROFILE_CONFIG

If **CUDA_PROFILE** or **OPENCL_PROFILE** are explicitly set and the **COMPUTE_PROFILE** environment variable is not set, the profiler outputs only the corresponding contexts. If both are set, the **COMPUTE_PROFILE** environment variables take precedence over **CUDA_PROFILE/OPENCL_PROFILE** environment variable.

COMMAND LINE PROFILER DEFAULT OUTPUT

Table 1 describes the columns that are output in the profiler log by default.

Table 1.	Command	Line	Profiler	Default	Columns
	command			Deraute	cotannis

Column	Description
method	This is character string which gives the name of the GPU kernel or memory copy method. In case of kernels the method name is the mangled name generated by the compiler.
gputime	This column gives the execution time for the GPU kernel or memory copy method. This value is calculated as (gpuendtimestamp - gpustarttimestamp)/1000.0. The column value is a single precision floating point value in microseconds.
cputime	For non-blocking methods the cputime is only the CPU or host side overhead to launch the method. In this case: walltime = cputime + gputime
	For blocking methods cputime is the sum of gputime and CPU overhead. In this case: walltime = cputime
	Note all kernel launches by default are non-blocking. But if any of the profiler counters are enabled kernel launches are blocking. Also asynchronous memory copy requests in different streams are non-blocking.
	The column value is a single precision floating point value in microseconds.
occupancy	This column gives the multiprocessor occupancy which is the ratio of number of active warps to the maximum number of warps supported on a multiprocessor of the GPU. This is helpful in determining how efficient the kernel will be on the GPU. This column is output only for GPU kernels and the column value is a single precision floating point value in the range 0.0 to 1.0.

COMMAND LINE PROFILER CONFIGURATION

The profiler configuration file is used to select the profiler options and counters which are to be collected during application execution. The configuration file is a simple format text file with one option on each line. Options can be commented out using the '#' character at the start of a line. The profiler configuration options are same for CUDA and OpenCL, but the column names in the profiler output is different for some options. Refer the command line profiler options table for the column names.

Command Line Profiler Options

Table 2 contains the options supported by the command line profiler. Note the following regarding the profiler log that is produced from the different options:

- Typically, each profiler option corresponds to a single column is output. There are a few exceptions in which case multiple columns are output; these are noted where applicable in Table 2.
- In most cases the column name is the same as the option name; the exceptions are listed in Table 2.
- In most cases the column values are 32-bit integers in decimal format; the exceptions are listed in Table 2.

Option	Description
gpustarttimestamp	Time stamp when a kernel or memory transfer starts. The column values are 64-bit unsigned value in nanoseconds in hexadecimal format.
gpuendtimestamp	Time stamp when a kernel or memory transfer completes. The column values are 64-bit unsigned value in nanoseconds in hexadecimal format.
timestamp	Time stamp when a kernel or memory transfer starts. The column values are single precision floating point value in microseconds. Use of the gpustarttimestamp column is recommended as this provides a more accurate time stamp.

Table 2. Command Line Profiler Options

Option	Description
gridsize	Number of blocks in a grid along the X and Y dimensions for a kernel launch. This option outputs the following two columns:
	CUDA:
	• gridsizeX
	ndrangesizeX
	ndrangesizeY
gridsize3d	Number of blocks in a grid along the X, Y and Z dimensions for a kernel launch.
	This option outputs the following three columns: CUDA:
	• gridsizeX
	• gridsizeY
	• gridsizeZ
	OpenCL:
	narangesizeX
	 ndrangesize7
throadblocksize	Number of threads in a block along the X-X and 7 dimensions
CITEAUDIOCKSIZE	for a kernel launch.
	This option outputs the following three columns: CUDA:
	threadblocksizeX
	threadblocksizeY
	threadblocksizeZ
	OpenCL:
	workgroupsizeX
	WorkgroupsizeY
	Workgroupsizez
dynsmemperblock	for a kernel launch. (Only CUDA)
stasmemperblock	Size of statically allocated shared memory per block in bytes for a kernel launch.
	This option outputs the following columns: CUDA:
	stasmemperblock
	OpenCL:
	Stasmemperworkgroup

Option	Description
regperthread	Number of registers used per thread for a kernel launch. This option outputs the following columns: CUDA: • regperthread OpenCL:
	regperworkitem
memtransferdir	Memory transfer direction, a direction value of 0 is used for host to device memory copies and a value of 1 is used for device to host memory copies.
memtransfersize	Memory transfer size in bytes. This option shows the amount of memory transferred between source (host/device) to destination (host/device).
memtransferhostmemtype	Host memory type (pageable or page-locked). This option implies whether during a memory transfer, the host memory type is pageable or page-locked.
streamid	Stream Id for a kernel launch.
localblocksize	If workgroupsize has been specified by the user, this option would be 1, otherwise it would be 0.(Only OpenCL). This option outputs the following column:
	localworkgroupsize
cacheconfigrequested	Requested cache configuration option for a kernel launch: 0 CU_FUNC_CACHE_PREFER_NONE - no preference for shared memory or L1 (default) 1 CU_FUNC_CACHE_PREFER_SHARED - prefer larger shared memory and smaller L1 cache 2 CU_FUNC_CACHE_PREFER_L1 - prefer larger L1 cache and smaller shared memory 3 CU_FUNC_CACHE_PREFER_EQUAL - prefer equal sized L1 cache and shared memory
cacheconfigexecuted	Cache configuration which was used for the kernel launch. The values are same as those listed under cacheconfigrequested.
cudadevice <device_index></device_index>	This can be used to select different counters for different CUDA devices. All counters after this option are selected only for a CUDA device with index <device_index>. <device_index> is an integer value specifying the CUDA device index. Example: To select counterA for all devices, counterB for CUDA device 0 and counter for CUDA device 1:</device_index></device_index>
	counterB cudadevice 1 counter

Option	Description
profilelogformat [CSV KVP]	Choose format for profiler log. CSV: Comma separated format KVP: Key Value Pair format The default format is KVP. This option will override the format selected using the environment variable COMPUTE_PROFILE_CSV.
countermodeaggregate	If this option is selected then aggregate counter values will be output. For a SM counter the counter value is the sum of the counter values from all SMs. For l1*, tex*, sm_cta_launched, uncached_global_load_transaction and global_store_transaction counters the counter value is collected for 1 SM from each GPC and it is extrapolated for all SMs. This option is supported only for CUDA devices with compute capability 2.0 or higher.
conckerneltrace	This option should be used to get gpu start and end timestamp values in case of concurrent kernels. Without this option execution of concurrent kernels is serialized and the timestamps are not correct. Only CUDA devices with compute capability 2.0 or higher support execution of multiple kernels concurrently. Also if profiler counters are enabled than execution of kernels is serialized. When this option is enabled additional code is inserted for each kernel and this will result in some additional execution overhead and also it will have an impact on some profiler counter values such as "inst_issued".

COMMAND LINE PROFILER COUNTERS

The command line profiler supports logging of counters during kernel execution. Refer the CUPTI User's Guide "Event Reference" sections for supported counters on GPU devices with different compute capabilities. Note that CUPTI events are referred to as profiler counters in the command line profiler. The event name listed in the name can be used in the command line profiler configuration file. In every application run only a few counter values can be collected. The number of counters depends on the specific counters selected.

COMMAND LINE PROFILER OUTPUT

If the **COMPUTE_PROFILE** environment variable is set to enable profiling, the profiler log records timing information for every kernel launch and memory operation performed by the driver. The profiler determines dynamically whether the context is CUDA or OpenCL, and produces the output log accordingly.

The default log syntax shown in Example 1 is part of the profiler log for a CUDA application with no profiler configuration file specified.

Example 1. CUDA Default Profiler Log- No Options or Counters Enabled (File name: "cuda_profile_0.log")

```
# CUDA_PROFILE_LOG_VERSION 2.0
# CUDA_DEVICE 0 Tesla C2075
# CUDA_CONTEXT 1
# TIMESTAMPFACTOR fffff6de60e24570
method,gputime,cputime,occupancy
method=[ memcpyHtoD ] gputime=[ 80.640 ] cputime=[ 278.000 ]
method=[ memcpyHtoD ] gputime=[ 79.552 ] cputime=[ 237.000 ]
method=[ _Z6VecAddPKfS0_Pfi ] gputime=[ 5.760 ] cputime=[ 18.000 ]
occupancy=[ 1.000 ]
method=[ memcpyDtoH ] gputime=[ 97.472 ] cputime=[ 647.000 ]
```

The log above in Example 1 shows data for memory copies and a kernel launch. The '**method'** label specifies the name of the memory copy method or kernel executed. The '**gputime'** and '**cputime'** labels specify the actual chip execution time and the driver execution time, respectively. Note that **gputime** and **cputime** are in microseconds. The 'occupancy' label gives the ratio of the number of active warps per multiprocessor to the maximum number of active warps for a particular kernel launch. This is the theoretical occupancy and is calculated using kernel block size, register usage and shared memory usage.

Example 2 shows the profiler log of a CUDA application. There are a few options and counters enabled in this example using the profiler configuration file:

```
gpustarttimestamp
gridsize3d
threadblocksize
dynsmemperblock
stasmemperblock
regperthread
memtransfersize
memtransferdir
streamid
countermodeaggregate
active_warps
active_cycles
```

Example 2. CUDA Profiler Log- Options and Counters Enabled

```
# CUDA PROFILE LOG VERSION 2.0
# CUDA DEVICE 0 Tesla C2075
# CUDA CONTEXT 1
# TIMESTAMPFACTOR fffff6de5e08e990
gpustarttimestamp, method, gputime, cputime, gridsizeX, gridsizeY, gridsizeZ, t
hreadblocksizeX, threadblocksizeY, threadblocksizeZ, dynsmemperblock, stasme
mperblock, regperthread, occupancy, streamid, active warps, active cycles, mem
transfersize, memtransferdir
gpustarttimestamp=[ 124b9e484b6f3f40 ] method=[ memcpyHtoD ] gputime=[
80.800 ] cputime=[ 280.000 ] streamid=[ 1 ] memtransfersize=[ 200000 ]
memtransferdir=[ 1 ]
gpustarttimestamp=[ 124b9e484b7517a0 ] method=[ memcpyHtoD ] gputime=[
79.744 ] cputime=[ 232.000 ] streamid=[ 1 ] memtransfersize=[ 200000 ]
memtransferdir=[ 1 ]
gpustarttimestamp=[ 124b9e484b8fd8e0 ] method=[ Z6VecAddPKfS0 Pfi ]
qputime=[ 10.016 ] cputime=[ 57.000 ] gridsize=[ 196, 1, 1 ]
threadblocksize=[ 256, 1, 1 ] dynsmemperblock=[ 0 ] stasmemperblock=[ 0
] regperthread=[ 4 ] occupancy=[ 1.000 ] streamid=[ 1 ]active warps=[
1545830 ] active cycles=[ 40774 ]
gpustarttimestamp=[ 124b9e484bb5a2c0 ] method=[ memcpyDtoH ] gputime=[
98.528 ] cputime=[ 672.000 ] streamid=[ 1 ] memtransfersize=[ 200000 ]
memtransferdir=[ 2 ]
```

The default log syntax is easy to parse with a script, but for spreadsheet analysis it might be easier to use the comma separated format. When **COMPUTE_PROFILE_CSV** is set to 1, this same test produces the output log shown in Example 3.

Example 3. CUDA Profiler Log- Options and Counters Enabled in CSV Format

```
# CUDA_PROFILE_LOG_VERSION 2.0
# CUDA_DEVICE 0 Tesla C2075
# CUDA_CONTEXT 1
# CUDA_PROFILE_CSV 1
# TIMESTAMPFACTOR fffff6de5d77a1c0
gpustarttimestamp,method,gputime,cputime,gridsizeX,gridsizeY,gridsizeZ,t
hreadblocksizeX,threadblocksizeY,threadblocksizeZ,dynsmemperblock,stasme
mperblock,regperthread,occupancy,streamid,active_warps,active_cycles,mem
transfersize,memtransferdir
124b9e85038d1800,memcpyHtoD,80.352,286.000,,,,,,,1,,,200000,1
124b9e850392ee00,memcpyHtoD,79.776,232.000,,,,,,1,,,200000,1
124b9e8503af7460,_Z6VecAddPKfS0_Pfi,10.048,59.000,196,1,1,256,1,1,0,0,4,
1.000,1,1532814,42030
124b9e8503d4f280,memcpyDtoH,97.888,672.000,,,,,,1,,,200000,2
```

The following examples are for OpenCL applications. Example 4 is part of the log from a test of the scan application without any counters enabled.

Example 4. OpenCL Default Profiler Log- No Options or Counters Enabled (File name: "opencl_profile_0.log")

```
# OPENCL_PROFILE_LOG_VERSION 2.0
# OPENCL_DEVICE 0 Tesla C2075
# OPENCL_CONTEXT 1
# TIMESTAMPFACTOR fffff6de5cc2c1d0
method,gputime,cputime,occupancy
method=[ memcpyDtoHasync ] gputime=[ 72409.602 ] cputime=[ 73403.000 ]
method=[ memcpyDtoHasync ] gputime=[ 72764.414 ] cputime=[ 73674.000 ]
method=[ VectorAdd ] gputime=[ 1256.480 ] cputime=[ 18.000 ] occupancy=[
1.000 ]
method=[ memcpyHtoDasync ] gputime=[ 124819.328 ] cputime=[ 129170.000 ]
```

The description of the output is same as that in Example 1.

Example 5 shows the profiler log for a OpenCL application with some options and counters enabled using the same configuration file as for Example 2:

Example 5. OpenCL Profiler Log- Options and Counters Enabled

```
# OPENCL PROFILE LOG VERSION 2.0
# OPENCL DEVICE 0 Tesla C2075
# OPENCL CONTEXT 1
# TIMESTAMPFACTOR fffff6de5c479690
gpustarttimestamp, method, gputime, cputime, ndrangesizeX, ndrangesizeY, ndran
gesizeZ, workgroupsizeX, workgroupsizeY, workgroupsizeZ, stapmemperworkgroup
, regperworkitem, occupancy, streamid, active warps, active cycles, memtransfe
rsize,memtransferdir
gpustarttimestamp=[ 124b9f03b0a9c540 ] method=[ memcpyDtoHasync ]
gputime=[ 71607.328 ] cputime=[ 72573.000 ] streamid=[ 6 ]
memtransfersize=[ 45779968 ] memtransferdir=[ 2 ]
gpustarttimestamp=[ 124b9f03b51376a0 ] method=[ memcpyDtoHasync ]
gputime=[ 72692.258 ] cputime=[ 73589.000 ] streamid=[ 6 ]
memtransfersize=[ 45779968 ] memtransferdir=[ 2 ]
gpustarttimestamp=[ 124b9f03b9881940 ] method=[ VectorAdd ] gputime=[
1255.936 ] cputime=[ 1310.000 ] ndrangesize=[ 44707, 1, 1 ]
workgroupsize=[ 256, 1, 1 ] stapmemperworkgroup=[ 0 ] regperworkitem=[ 4
] occupancy=[ 1.000 ] streamid=[ 6 ]active warps=[ 388164035 ]
active cycles=[ 10046628 ]
gpustarttimestamp=[ 124b9f03b9c7ffa0 ] method=[ memcpyHtoDasync ]
gputime=[ 125990.852 ] cputime=[ 130365.000 ] streamid
=[ 6 ] memtransfersize=[ 45779968 ] memtransferdir=[ 1 ]
```

When **COMPUTE_PROFILE_CSV** is set to 1, this same test produces the following output:

Example 6. OpenCL Profiler Log- Options and Counters Enabled in CSV Format

```
# OPENCL PROFILE LOG VERSION 2.0
# OPENCL DEVICE 0 Tesla C2075
# OPENCL CONTEXT 1
# OPENCL PROFILE CSV 1
# TIMESTAMPFACTOR fffff6de5c12c270
gpustarttimestamp, method, gputime, cputime, ndrangesizeX, ndrangesizeY, ndran
gesizeZ, workgroupsizeX, workgroupsizeY, workgroupsizeZ, stapmemperworkgroup
, regperworkitem, occupancy, streamid, active warps, active cycles, memtransfe
rsize, memtransferdir
124b9f19a3d23840, memcpyDtoHasync, 71908.961, 72946.000, , , , , , , , , 6, , , 457799
68,2
124b9f19a83f5be0,memcpyDtoHasync,72832.125,73732.000,,,,,,,,,,6,,,457799
68,2
124b9f19acb65a40, VectorAdd, 1255.648, 1311.000, 44707, 1, 1, 256, 1, 1, 0, 4, 1.000
,6,387752953,10045923
124b9f19acf1a780, memcpyHtoDasync, 126117.953, 129953.000, , , , , , , , , 6, , , 4577
9968,1
```

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