### THE WORLD OF VISUAL COMPUTING

#### Easy immersion with NVIDIA 3D Stereo

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#### **3D Stereoscopic Has Gone Mainstream**



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#### 3D Enabled Cinemas are Growing

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For Consumers Looking for an Immersive Gaming Experience at home, PCs are the only choice!













#### Agenda

- Basics of 3D Stereo on a PC
- NVIDIA GeForce 3D Stereo drivers
- Maximizing 3D Stereo in Your Game
- How We Can Help





#### Basics of 3D stereo on a PC

Step 1: GPU receives data from an application and starts the rendering process.







#### Basics of 3D stereo on a PC

Step 2: The GPU and driver uses W coordinate data to create two different images which are offset from each other and stores them in the frame buffer.



#### Basics of 3D stereo on a PC

Step 3: The GPU then renders both offset frames on a display. The viewing device is what determines how the images are processed for the viewer.



#### **3D Stereo Displays**

- Two different techniques for viewing:
  - Active shutter glasses
  - Passive glasses and LCDs with polarized filters
- Three types of displays for active shutter glasses:
  - 3D Ready DLP TV
  - 3D Ready LCD
  - Analog CRT



### 3D Ready DLP TV

- Checkerboard pattern generated by GPU
- Converted by display into pageflipping format





#### **3D Ready LCD**

- 120 Hz
- Full resolution per eye

#### NVIDIA GeForce 3D Stereo Drivers

• Windows Vista 32-bit only

- Download from <u>www.NVIDIA.com/drivers</u> or <u>www.nvidia.com/object/3dstereo\_drivers.html</u>
- Detailed instructions for enabling stereo are included in the appendix.



### GeForce 3D Stereo Settings End Users Can Configure

- Depth Amount setting represents the maximum stereo separation, which is applied to far objects.
- Stereo separation is the distance between left and right eye images of the same object.
  - Maximum stereo separation should be equal to the distance between the pupils of a persons' eyes (about 2.5 inches).
  - Some people may feel uncomfortable with a high stereo separation, so it's default is 15% of the maximum.
  - Most users will raise it to higher value after adjusting their eyes to using 3D stereo



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#### **Stereo Separation**





### Stereo Separation *(continued)*

- If stereo separation = 0, an object appears at screen depth.
- Distant objects have separation quickly approaching maximum, as a function of 1/W.
- Maximum separation is the distance between the pupils of a persons' eyes (appx. 2.5 inches).

#### Zero separation depth

- Zero separation depth (screen depth) is controlled via Convergence adjustment hotkeys.
- Keys can be set at

- 3D Stereo CPL -> Set Keyboard Shortcuts -
  - > advanced in-game settings
- Officially supported games have optimal Convergence values pre-configured in profiles shipped with our drivers.



# Getting ready to test your game

- To test a new game in stereo, a game specific profile needs to be created.
- Detailed instructions are included in the appendix.



#### NVIDIA GeForce 3D Stereo driver from a programmer's point of view...

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#### GeForce 3D Stereo implementation in driver

- Swapchain and certain textures are created with left and right eye representations.
- Draw calls are executed twice, once rendering into the left and once into the right eye representation.
- Vertex shaders passed by the application are modified by NVIDIA driver to apply the stereo effect:
  - Stereo separation is computed from W coordinate (depth).
  - It is then either added or subtracted from X coordinate.



#### Projection matrices and depth (where does W come from)

- Perspective projection matrix:
  - Copies incoming Z coordinate into W.
  - Z is adjusted to maximize the use of depth buffer precision.
- Orthogonal projection matrix:
  - Sets W to 1.0
  - Z is adjusted to maximize the use of depth buffer precision.



#### Stereo in intermediate textures

 In StereoTextureEnable=1 mode a texture will have left and right eye representation if the following two conditions are met:

– Not square (width != height)

– Are of the same size as backbuffer or larger.

- This is result of the following considerations:
  - Stereo needs to be applied also to offscreen buffers, so at least some textures should get stereo effect.
  - However, not all textures should have it. For example, shadowmaps (shadows fall the same regardless of whether you look at them from left or right eye POV).



### Stereo in intermediate textures (continued)

- When developing an app, follow these rules:
  - If rendering from POV of a camera/player, render to backbuffer or a texture of the same size as backbuffer.
  - If doing postprocessing step(s), make sure subsequent destination textures are also of the same size.
  - If rendering from POV of a lightsource or other situation which needs stereo effect turned off for the whole scene, and does not need separate left and right eye representation, render to a square texture.

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#### **Rendering 2D objects**

 2D objects are typically HUDs, menus, or text messages which should ideally be at screen depth with no stereo effect.



To render a 2D object, with no stereo effect, set W coordinate to 1.0



#### Example: postprocessing

- Scene is rendered to a texture, and has stereo effect applied at that time.
- Make sure destination texture has the same size as backbuffer so that it has left and right eye representations.
- Then you render a full screen quad from that texture, either to a backbuffer, or another texture.
- If both source and destination textures have left and right eye representations, then 2 rendering operations will occur: left->left and right->right.
- To make sure that no additional stereo separation is added when rendering a full screen quad, set W=1 on all vertices.

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#### Maximizing 3D Stereo in your Game



# Placing objects at correct depth

- Our eyes use multiple cues to determine distance to an object.
- Stereo separation is only one of them.
- If object A is obscured by object B, it is a strong hint that object A is further away.
- When stereo separation contradicts with other depth cues, eyestrain and headache will result.



# Examples of incorrect rendering

 Skybox rendered at the beginning of the scene, with Z write disabled, and some random W value, unrelated to the rest of the scene.





When rendering skybox or other background objects, use W value larger than the rest of the scene!



# More examples of incorrect rendering

 Object/NPC highlights, hit-point bars, etc. rendered not at the same depth(W) as the object being highlighted.





## Even more examples of incorrect rendering

 A gun rendered at the end of the scene, after Z buffer from the main scene rendering has been cleared, and using W range significantly overlapping with the main scene.

<u>Stereo tip</u>

Try to make sure it renders fine with Z buffer remaining from the main scene, using the same matrices.



### Make sure your projection matrices are consistent across the whole scene!

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## eo tip

2D crosshair does not work in 3D stereo.



Crosshairs

stereo.

Lasersight works in

Draw the crosshair and lasersight at the right depth of the object.

#### Maximizing stereo effect

- Maximum stereo separation is about 2.5", and represents 100-200 pixels.
- Stereo separation quickly approaches maximum, as a function of 1/W:

For example, if you start at W=10 being your screen depth (zero stereo separation), then at W=1000 stereo separation will be within 1 or 2 pixels of the maximum.





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### Maximizing stereo effect *(continued)*

- Try to fit as much of your scene as possible within W range between screen\_depth and screen\_depth\*100.
- Set screen\_depth to the maximum possible value (using "convergence adjustment" hotkeys).

But make sure objects do not come out of the screen and get clipped by screen sides.



### Maximizing stereo effect *(continued)*

- Different scenes may require different screen\_depth:
  - If a scene requires significantly different screen\_depth setting than the rest of the game, consider applying uniform scaling transform.
  - In the future, NVIDIA will make available
    StereoAPI functions to change screen\_depth ("convergence") dynamically.





#### Out of the screen effects

right eye image





## Out of the screen effects (continued)

- Object appears out of the screen if it has negative stereo separation (right eye image is to the left of the left eye image).
- Cannot get clipped by the sides of the screen.

## Out of the screen effects (continued)

- A mind may refuse to believe that something is hovering outsize of the screen (you will see double image), so some additional convincing may be needed:
  - Highly realistic rendering helps.
  - Move object slowly from inside the screen to the outside area to give eyes time to adapt.



**NVISION 08** THE WORLD OF VISUAL COMPUTING Games not written for stereo are unlikely to have good out of the screen effects

- This is an opportunity to differentiate your game!
- We are looking for 3D Stereo showcase

titles and



promotions





#### **Other issues**

- Some displays support stereo only in specific resolutions, and they may not be standard. Make sure your application supports all resolutions and refresh rates reported by the driver.
- Some stereo output modes degrade resolution compared to the original, such as line interleaved stereo. Make sure that text is rendered using large fonts, and do not use line primitives.





#### Other issues (continued)

- Most of the current stereo output devices do not have a 100% cancellation of right eye image in the left eye and vice versa. This results in "ghosting". Highly contrast scenes will be more likely to suffer from this issue.
- Polarized glasses reduce overall brightness of the scene, so monitor brightness may need to be increased for viewing in stereo mode.





#### How NVIDIA Can Help

- Work with our devtech engineers to get us early access to titles for 3D stereo evaluation and feedback
- Get your development environment "3D stereo ready" for on-site testing
- Game promotions/bundles





### Thank you!

- Questions?
- Demo
- Discussion board:

<u>forums.nvidia.com</u> Hardware->3D Stereo





#### **APPENDIX**



#### How to Install and Enable

- 1. Install standard GeForce driver and reboot.
- 2. Install GeForce 3D Stereo driver (no reboot)
- 3. Go to 3D Stereoscopic page on NVIDIA Control Panel and enable stereo.
- 4. Run the test app, to make sure stereo works.





#### **Configuring 3D Stereo Game** Profile

- Check "Enable 3D stereoscopic" box on **3D Stereoscopic page of NVIDIA Control Panel** 
  - Note if "Hide 3D stereoscopic effects when game starts" option is enabled. If it is off, you will need to use the hotkey, Ctrl-T by default, or a button on IR emitter, when the game starts.
  - Open "Set Keyboard Shortcuts" dialog, and check "Enable advanced in-game settings" box.
- Run the game, and enable stereo mode. It may not be correct at this point.
- Hit "Save Configuration" hotkey *Ctrl-F7*



#### Configuring 3D Stereo Game Profile (cont.)

- Configuration is saved to HKLM\Software\NVIDIA Corporation\Global\Stereo3D\GameConfigs\<game exe name>
  - Add DWORD entry StereoTextureEnable: 1
  - Add DWORD entry StereoCutoff: 1
- These are optimal values for games that do not render directly into backbuffer. We will likely make them default in the future.
- Try running your game again after setting these values.

