#### **INVISION 08** THE WORLD OF VISUAL COMPUTING

#### **Beautiful Women of the Future**

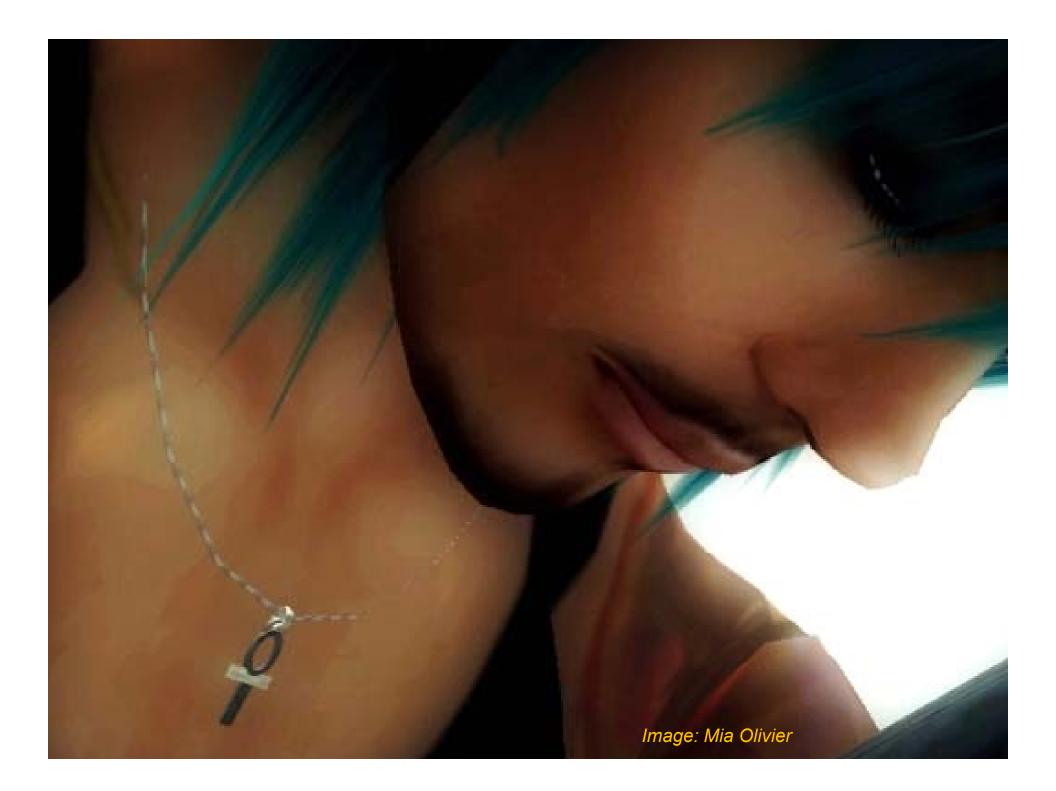
Kevin Bjorke, NVIDIA

© 2008 NVIDIA Corporation.



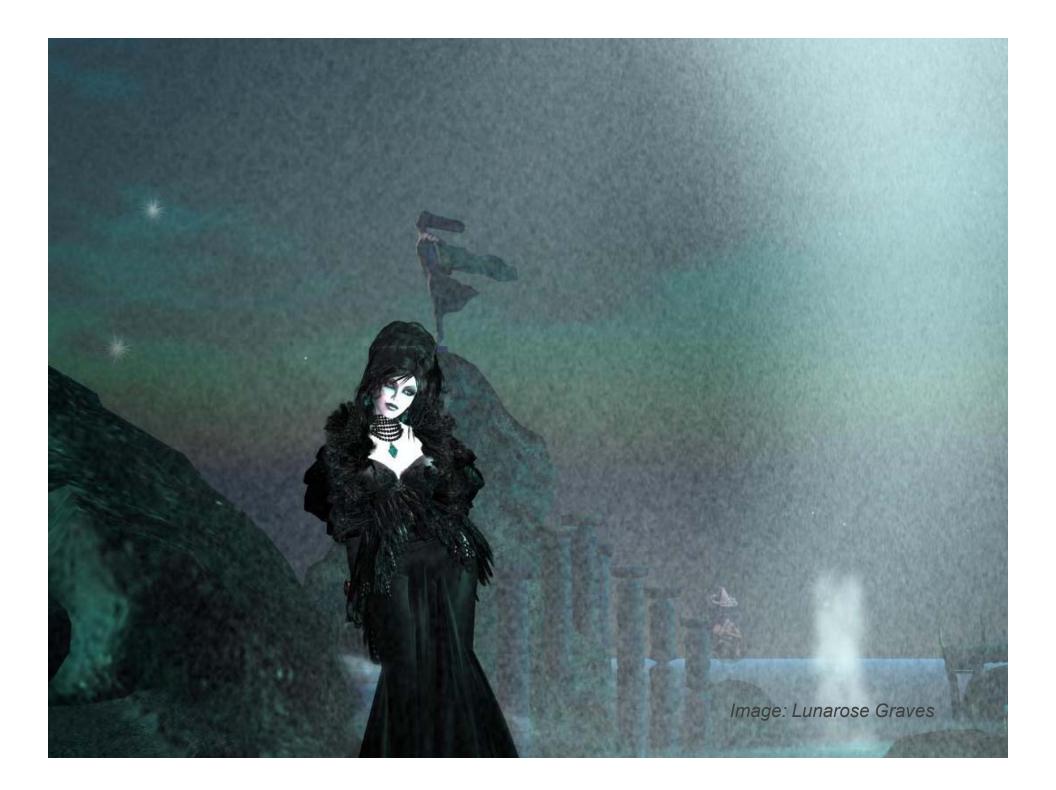
### **Beautiful Women of the Future**

Image: Luna Zolnir



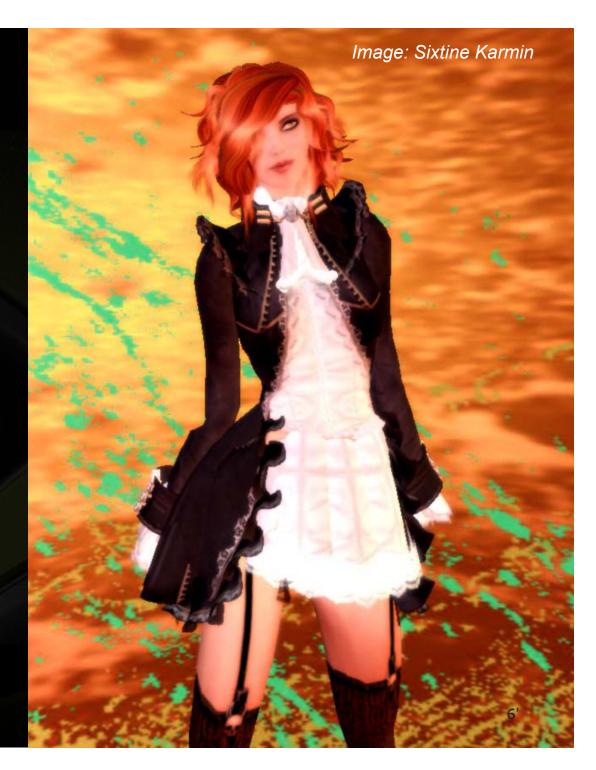






#### Agenda

Background Characters Their roles in gaming Techniques Behavior Clothing Skin Eyes Hair





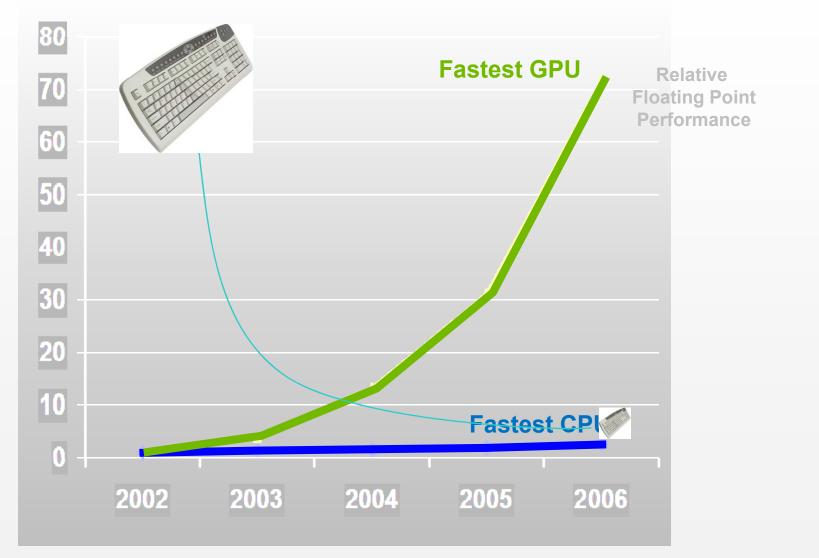
#### **Technical Artists**



# The Happiness Business

#### Moore's Law to the <sup>N</sup>







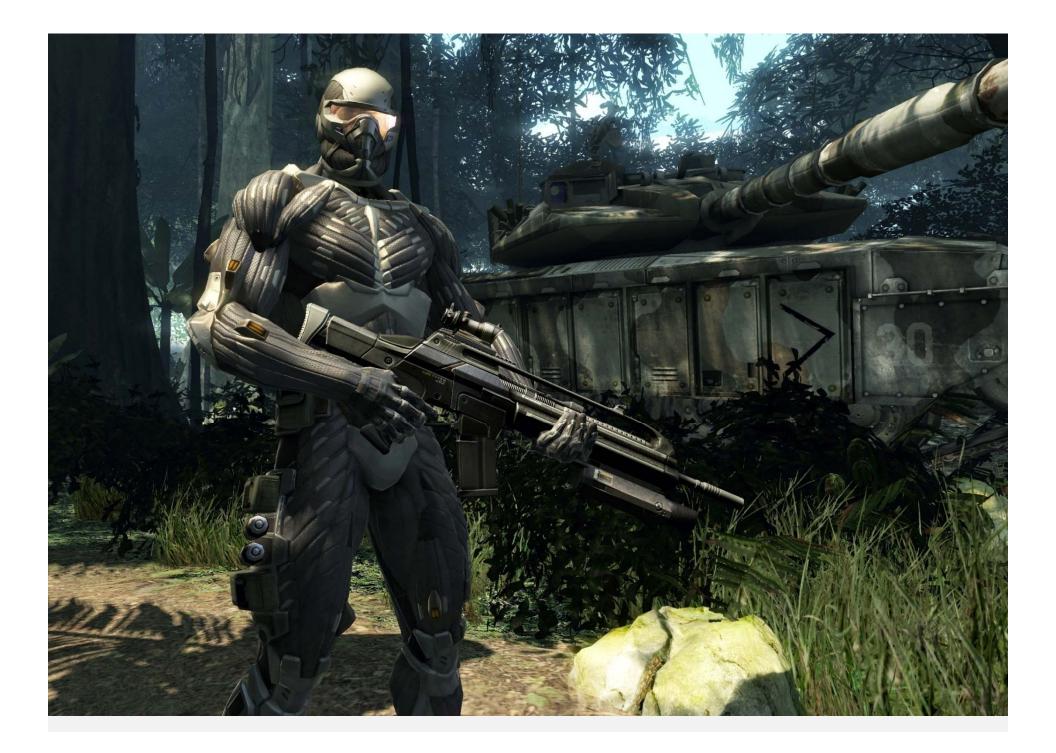
#### **Changing Formats**



8x6	10x7	10x12	19x12	25x16	32x24



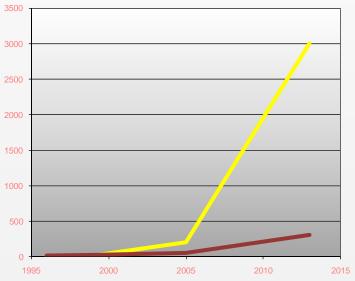


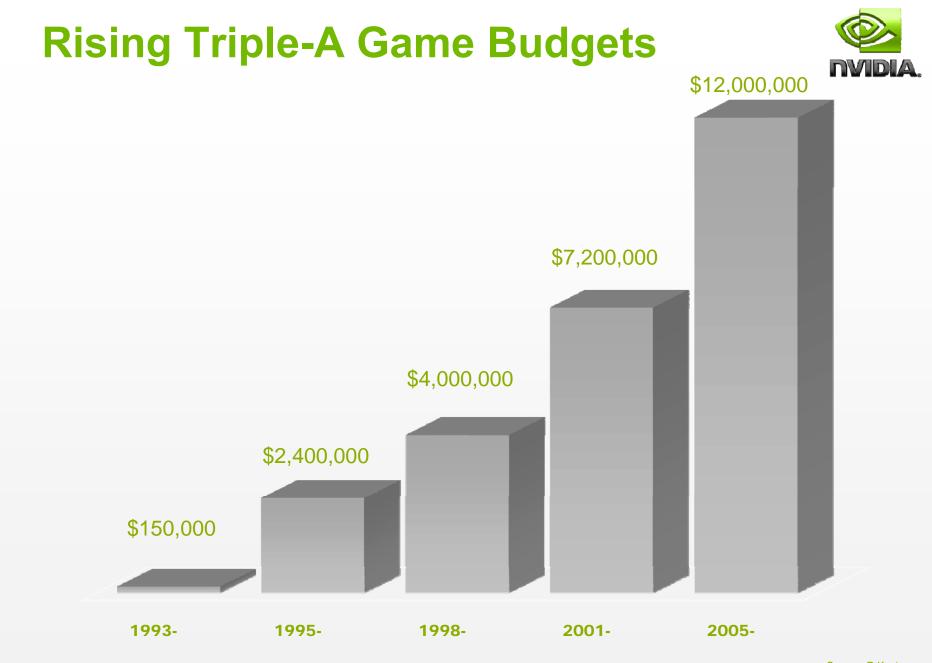


#### **Stampeding Content**



From Evan Hirsch at Gamefest: 1996: 4MB Artwork, 8-12 人 ● 1999: 10-15MB Artwork, 15-20 人 Where would this trend lead? Can *anyone* afford this? 3000





© NVIDIA Corporation 2008

Source: R Koster

#### **Reining-In Content Budgets**



- Technology: Friend and Foe
- Gereit Foe:
  - Added sophistication raises the danger of ever-moreburdensome noodling
- Friend:
  - GPU physics and shading effects fill space and time according to resolution
  - In a sense, they can be "free artwork"
  - Clever shading and physics can extend the usefulness and life of lower-res assets

#### Daddy, Where Do Game Characters Come From?

Traditional games rarely have "characters" Most big name video games *do How did this happen?* 

#### **Two Branches of Art**





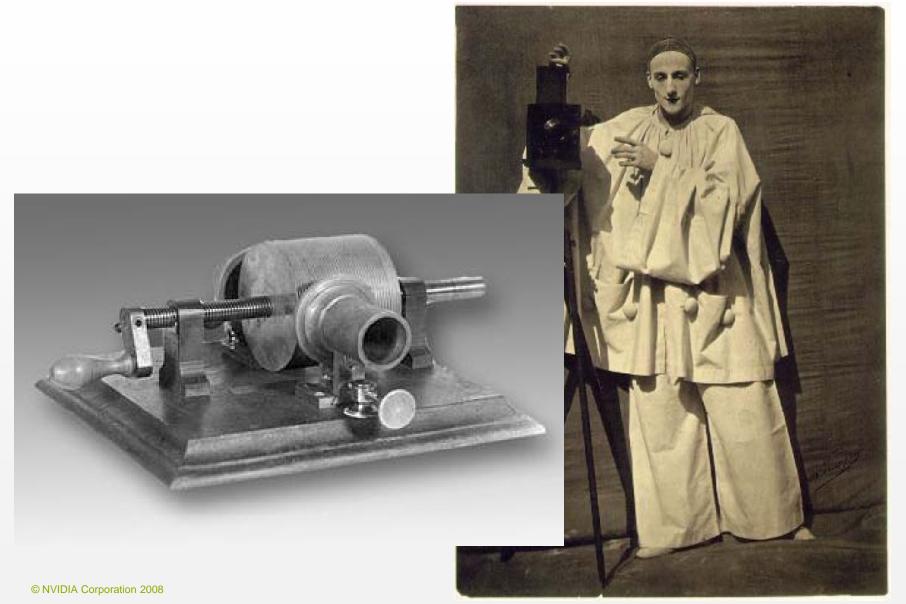
#### **Two Branches of Art**





#### **The Industrial Revolution**



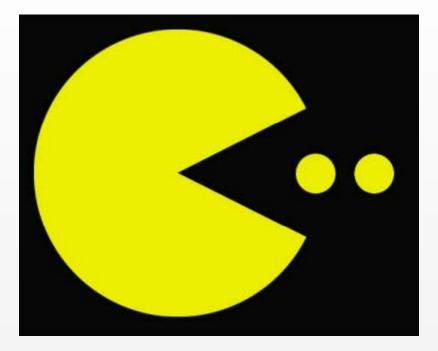


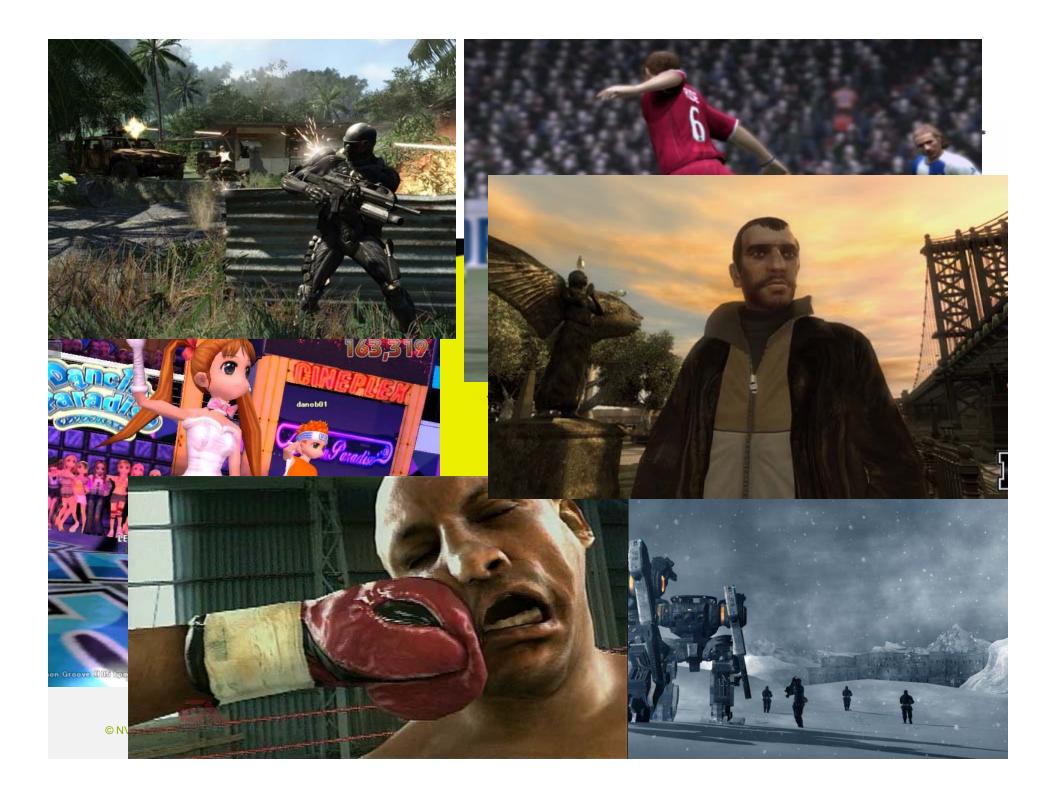
#### Watch Me Now!

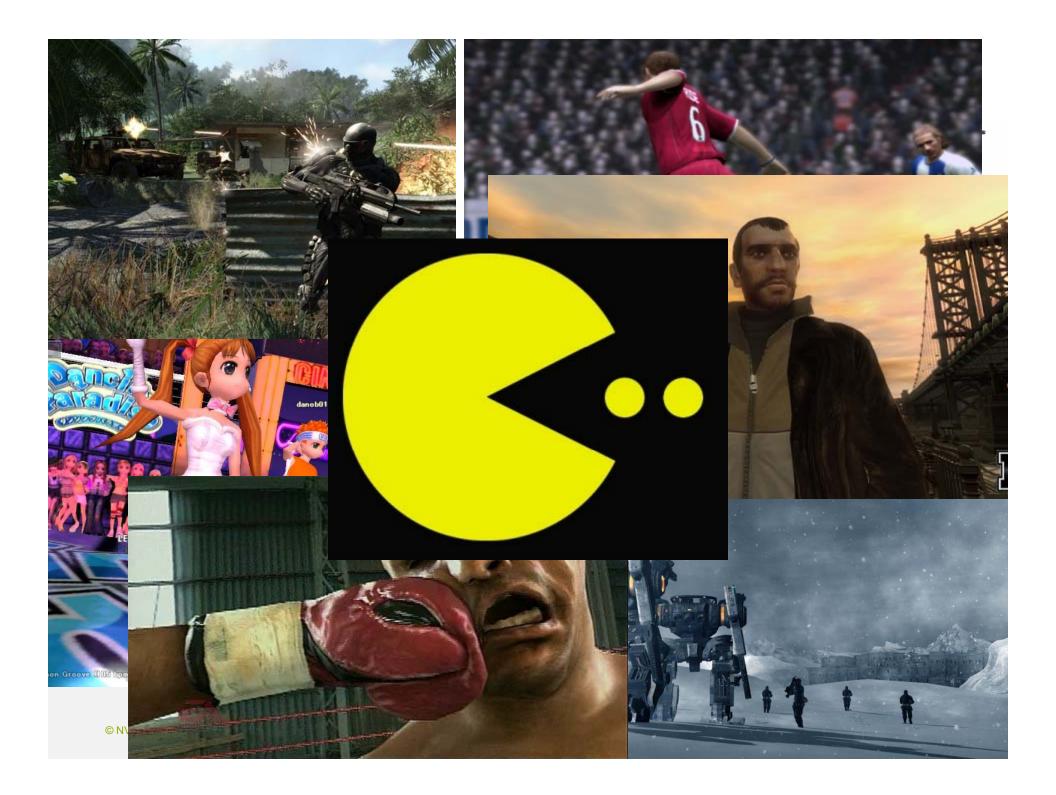












#### **Games Are Mainstream Culture**



Charts That Look Like PacMan Charts That Do Not Look Like PacMan





#### wherez my master sord

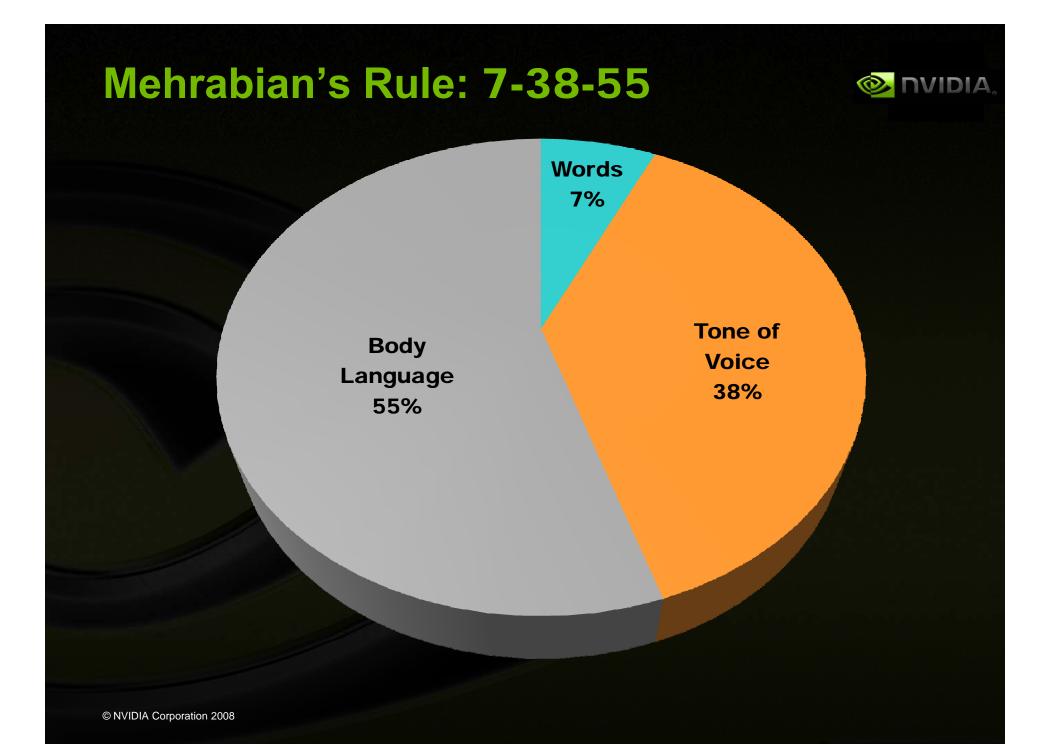


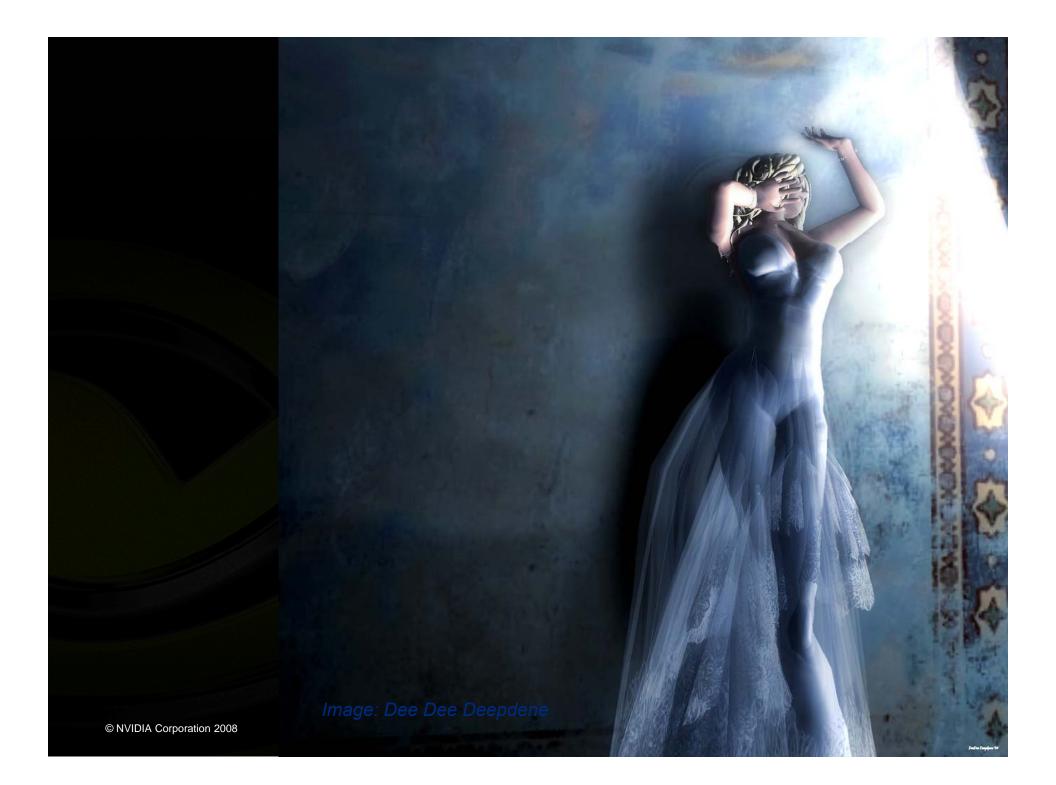






## The Importance Of Beauty







#### **Characters with Character**





#### **Characters with Character**



"The intention was to make people wonder who was this person, where was she living and when those pictures were taken. All fantasy, of course because this person does not exist at all."

Krishnamurti Costa

http://www.antropus.com/



#### Which Genres Benefit Most?







# **Changing Expectations**





### **Physically-Based vs Ad-Hoc**



### **Tough calls**

- Accuracy is easy to measure, easy to understand
- Control for Entertainment Value
  - What is "accurate" about a 30-foot-tall speaking sea creature with a beard?

# Focus on the Experience, Rather than the Technology

Image: Kean Kelly



# The Sofa, or the Desk?

© NVIDIA Corporation 2008

Image: phil h

# **The XeoDesign Chart**

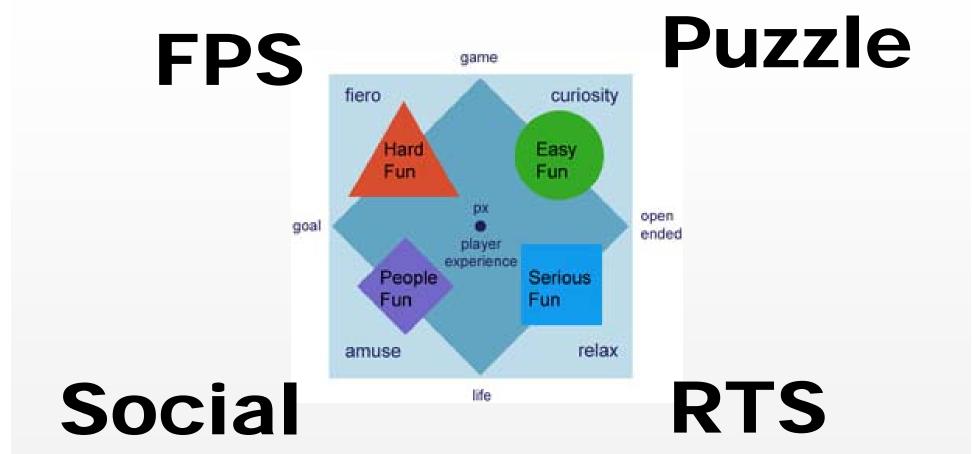




Source: http://www.xeodesign.com/

# **The XeoDesign Chart**





Source: http://www.xeodesign.com/

# Context Can Override "Content"





# The Avatar Business: More than Just 3D Characters











# User-Generated Content Is User-*Specific* Content









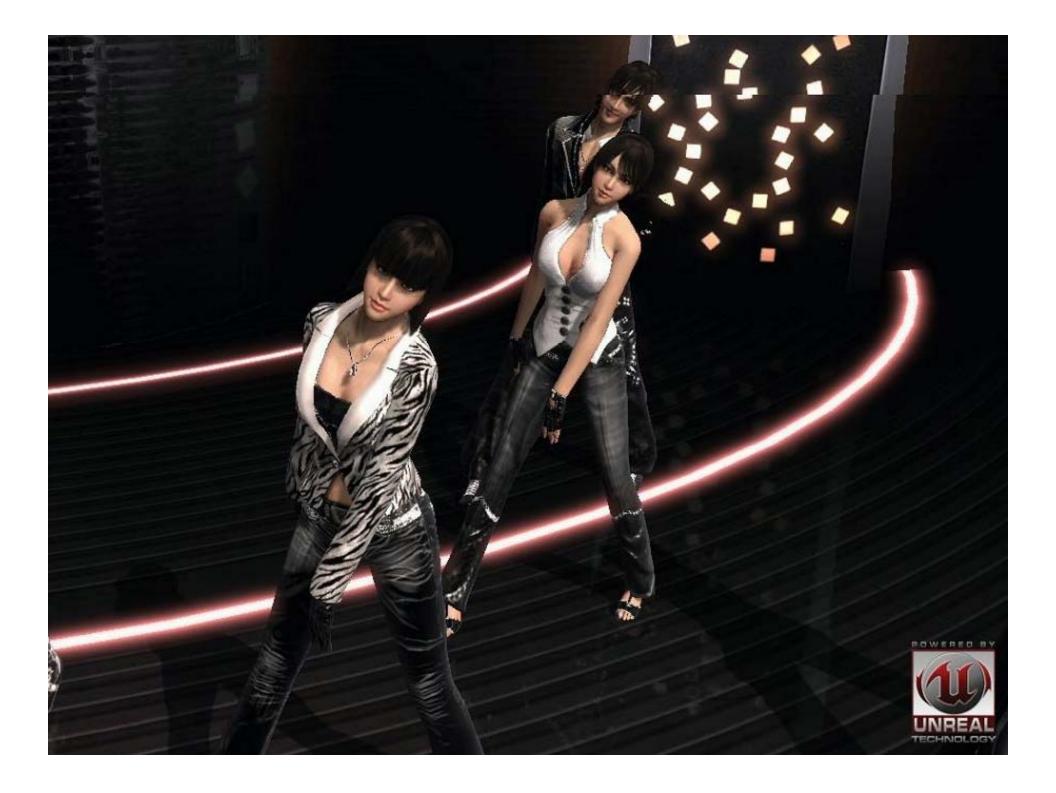














### **The Zombie Line**



 $\geq$ 

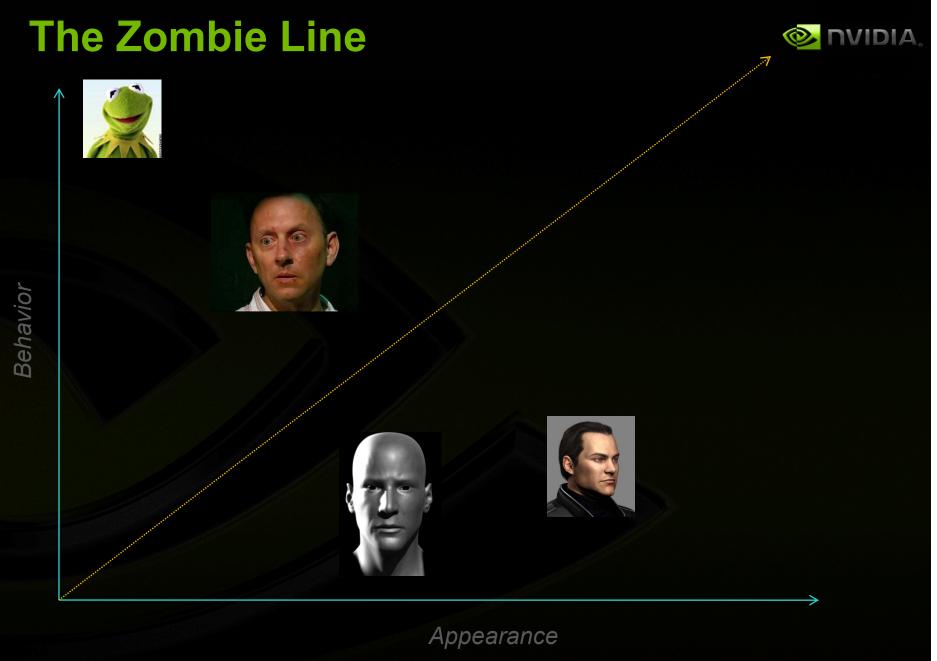
.:1



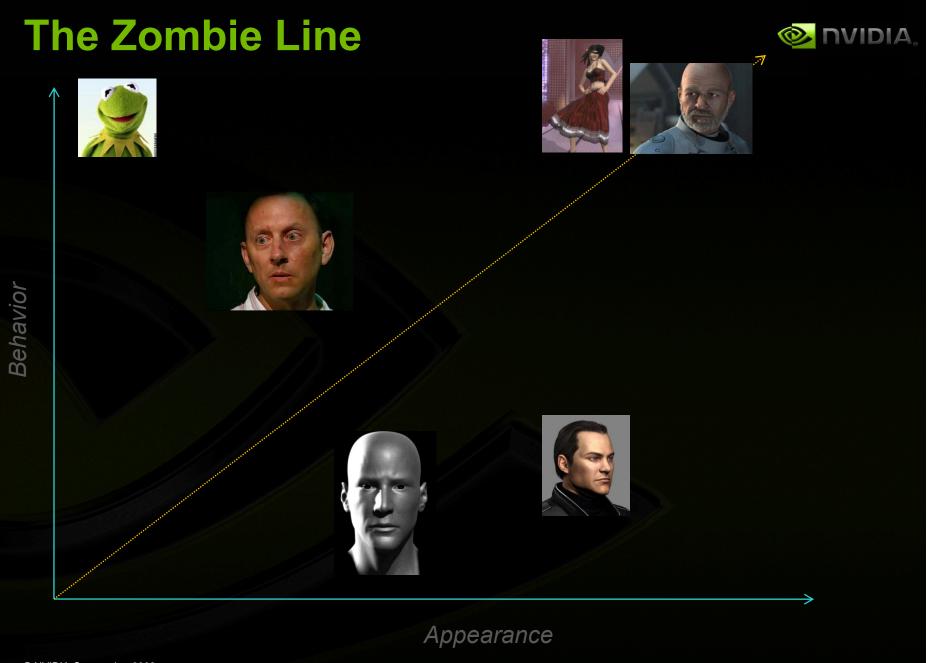


Appearance

Behavior









# **Behavior is Appearance**

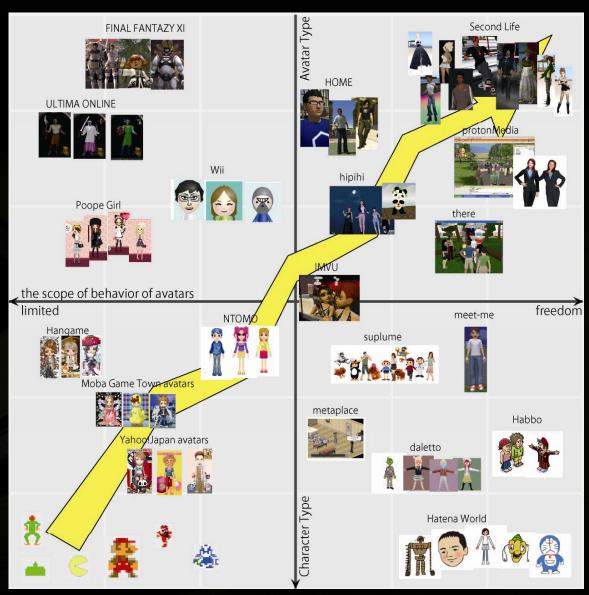




# A Brief Video Interlude...

## **Appearance & Freedom**





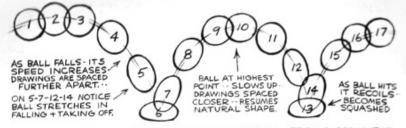
© NVIDIA Corporation 2008

Hirata, Mistubuchi, Sueda; 2008

### **Overlap, Squash & Stretch**



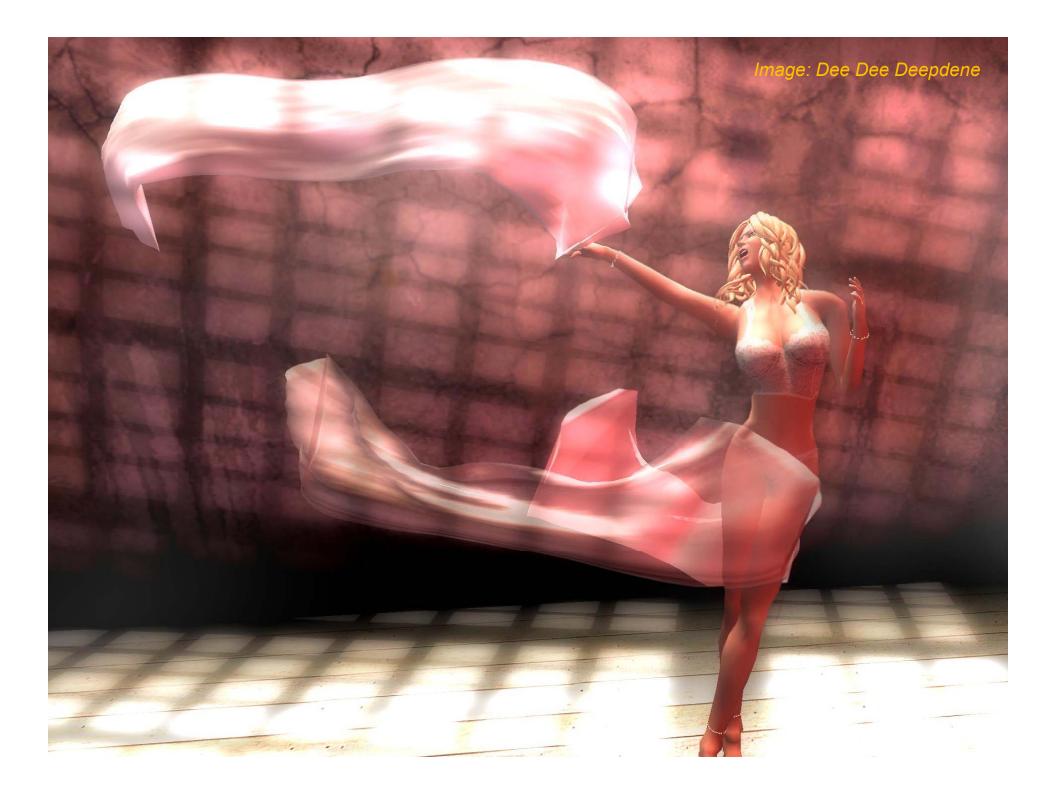
### THE BASIC BOUNCING BALL ACTION



NOTICE BALL FOLLOWS A DEFINITE PATH OF ACTION -- STUDY CLOSELY THE SPACING OF BALL ALONG THIS PATH -- NOTICE THE BASIC SIMILARITY OF THIS BALL ACTION TO THE HOP AND JUMP BELOW-ALSO TO THE WALK-RUN-LEAP-SKIP-ETC.

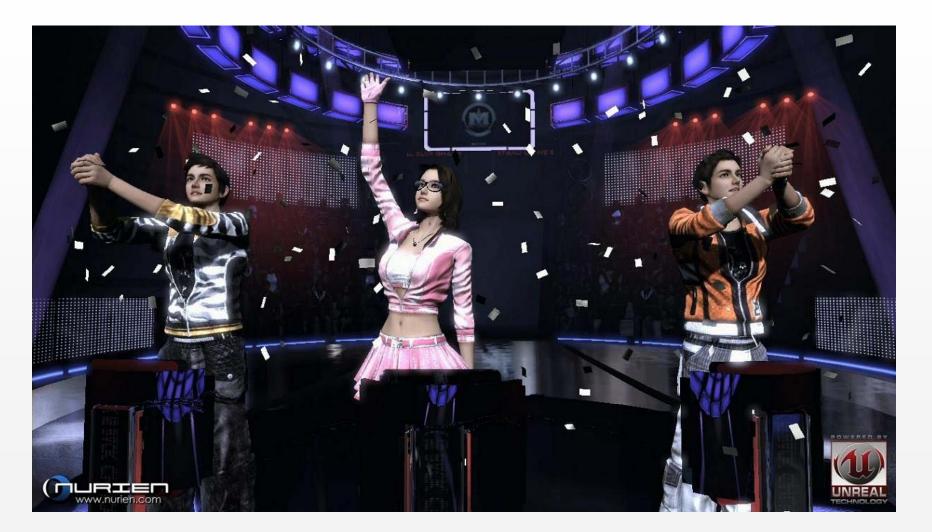






# Nurien, Clothing, Follow-through





### **Endless Overlap**





# **Just for Dancers?**





© NVIDIA Corporation 2008

"Ying Xiong/Hero," Zhang Yimou; 2002

# **Just for Dancers?**





© NVIDIA Corporation 2008

"Ying Xiong/Hero," Zhang Yimou; 2002



# Different Approaches for Different Consumers

# **Different Regions, Different Toons**



- Study showing regional variations
- Not divided ethnically, but stylistically
- Division by age of player
- Average Player Ages, according to a recent PARC study:
  - Maple Story: 18
  - World of Warcraft: 30
  - Second Life: 40





Hirata, Mistubuchi, Sueda; 2008

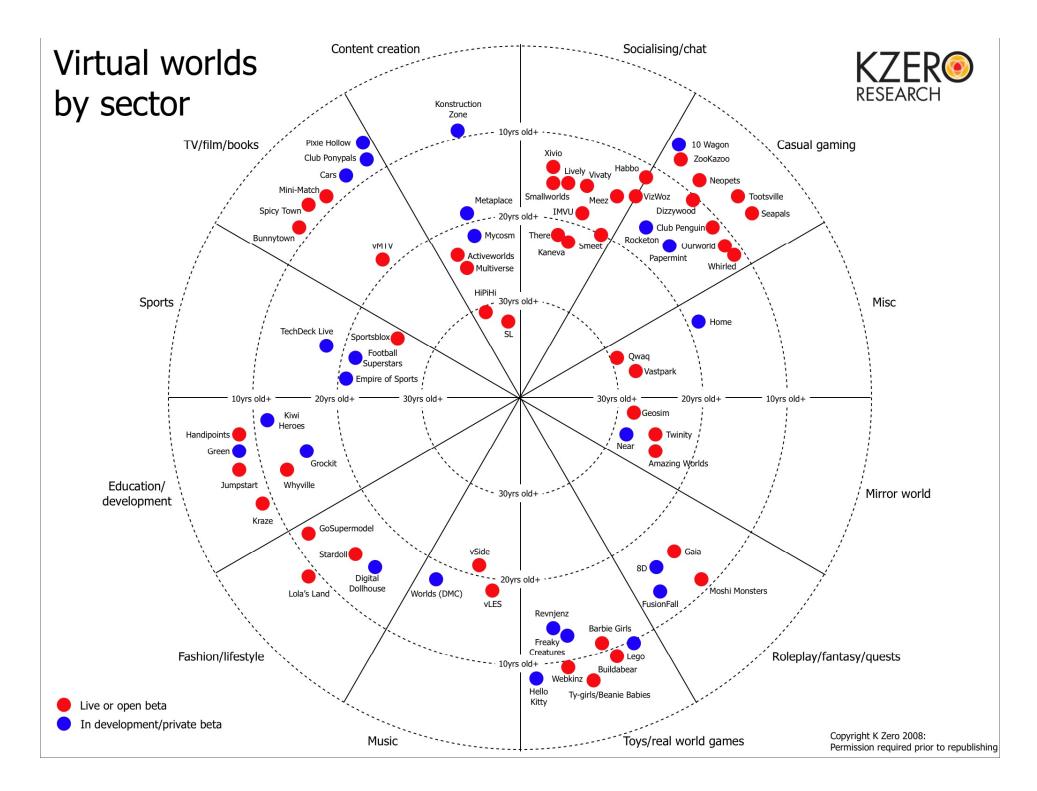


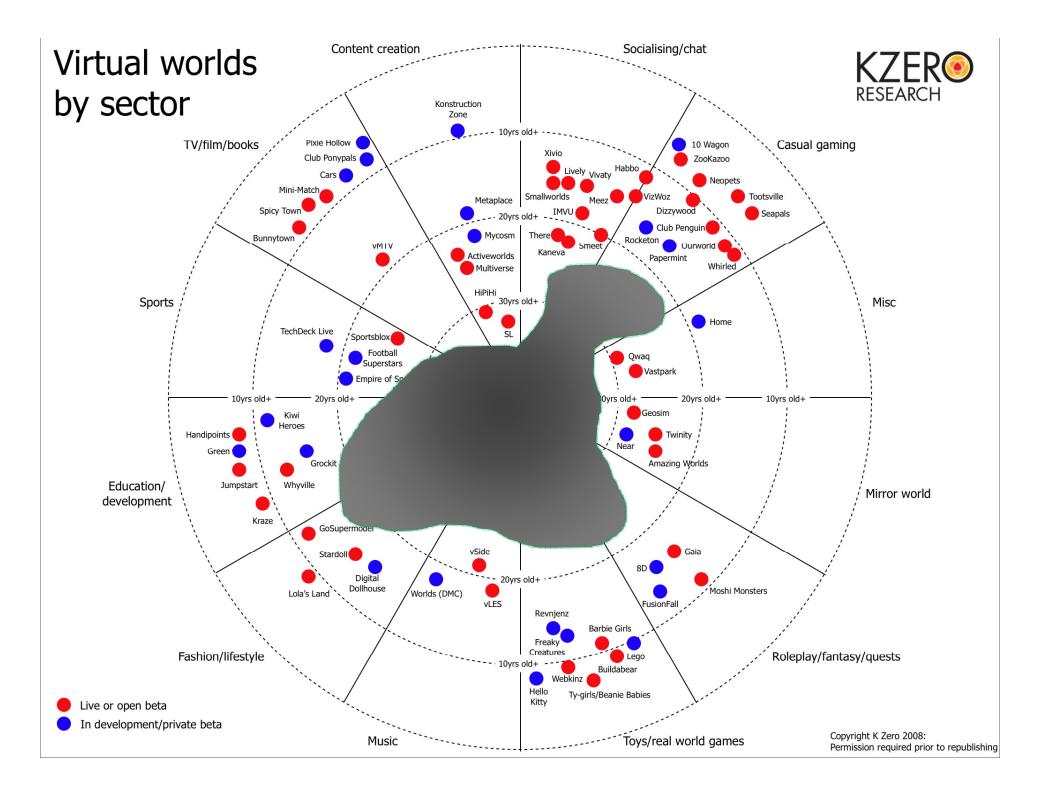


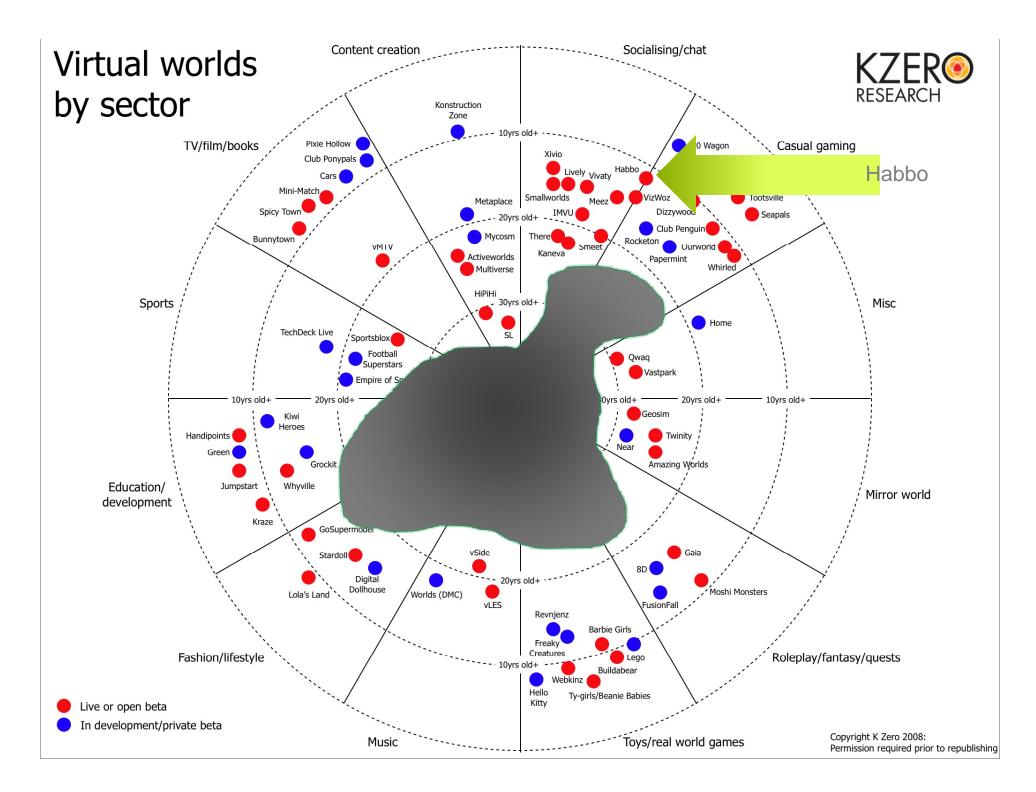
Hirata, Mistubuchi, Sueda; 2008

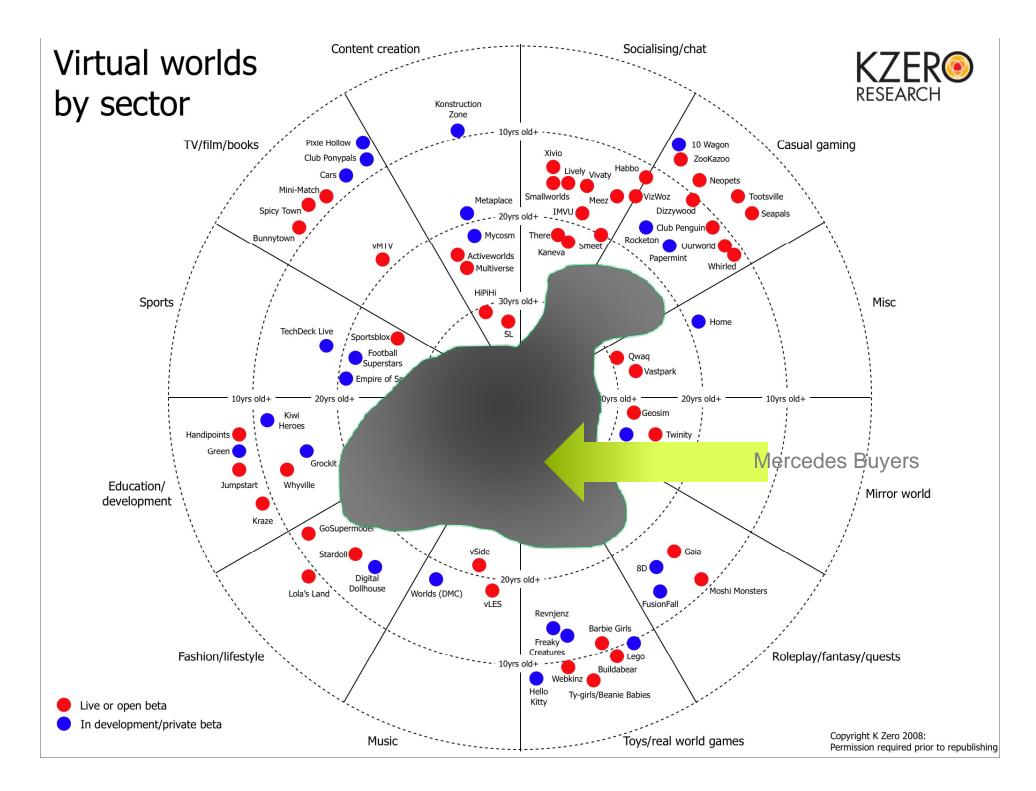








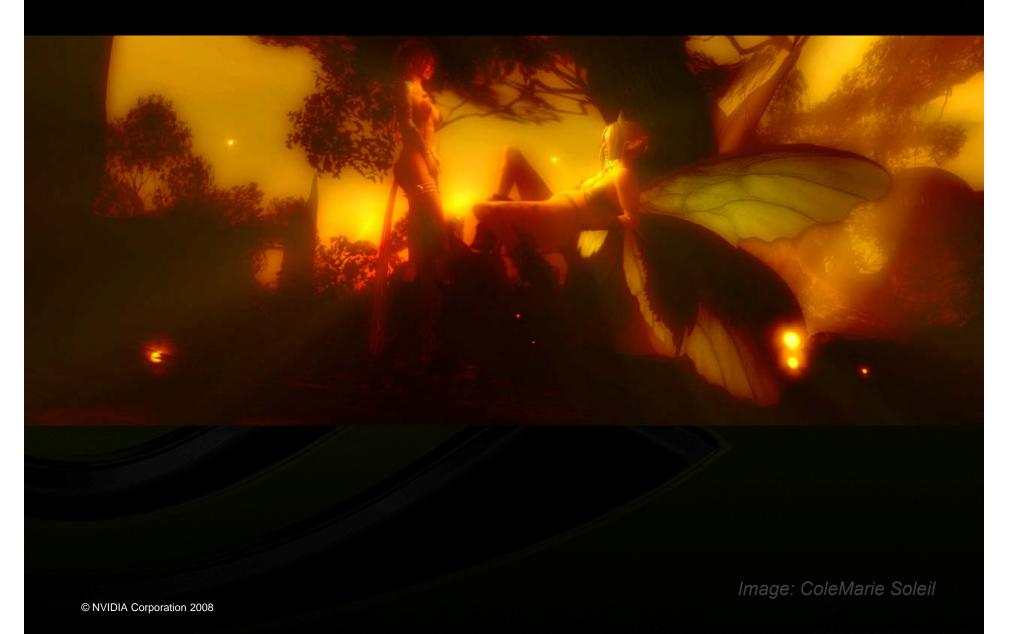






## All Virtual Worlds Are driven by fashion





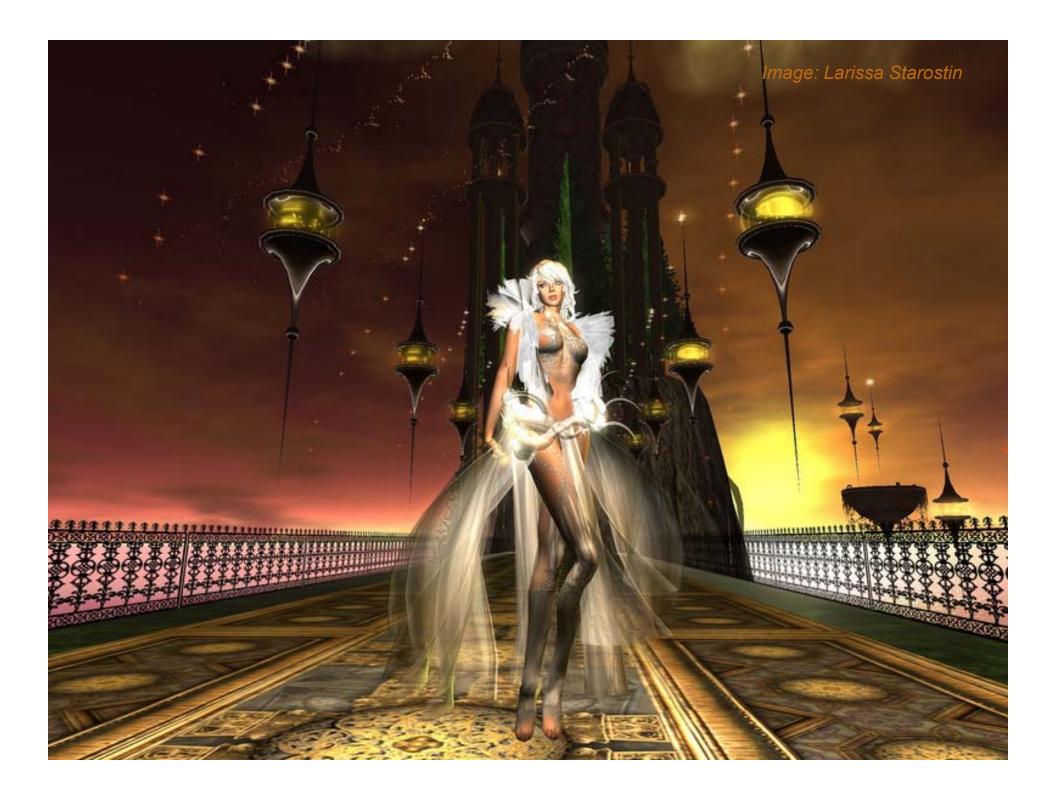
















## Shaders: Copy or Bypass Physics? Shaders: Copy or Bypass Physics?

"Physically Correct" is useful, possible, and... sometimes not what you want.



#### **Ready for Some Code?**



// if "adjVal" varies from 0 to 1....
float LdN = dot(L,N); // lambertian
float newLdN = (LdN+adjVal)/(1.0+adjVal);
float diffuse = max(0,newLdN);







# Without shading, it's just so many polygons





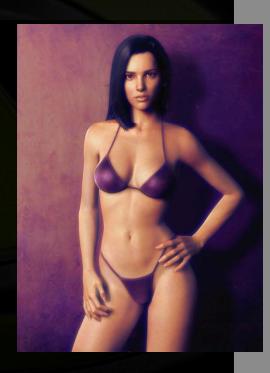
# Without shading, it's just so many polygons







# Without shading, it's just so many polygons

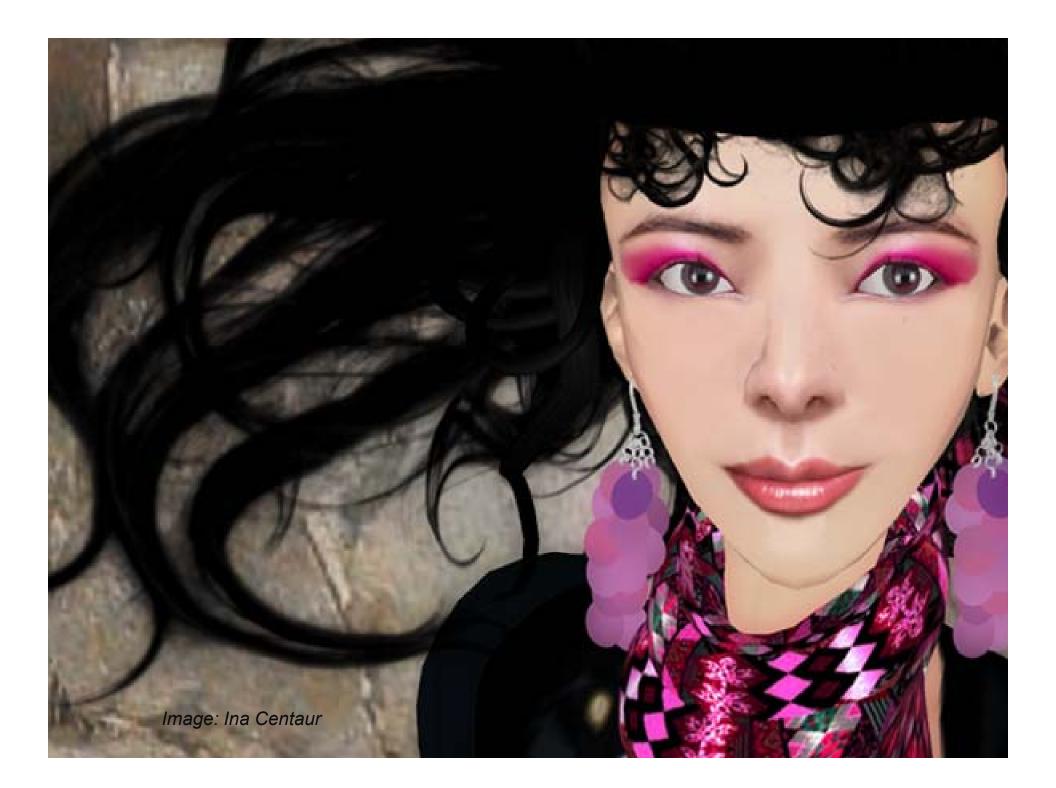






Even in "cartoony" contexts, skin can have a special character

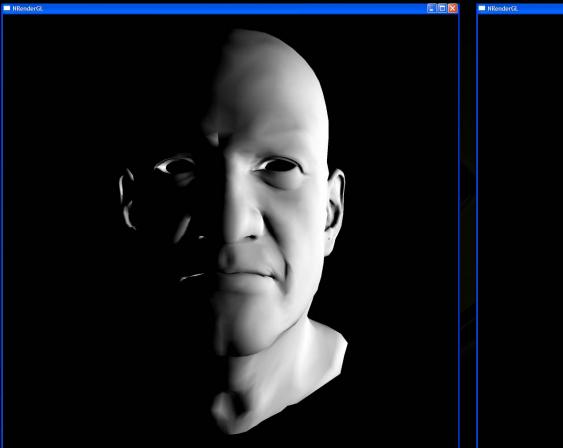


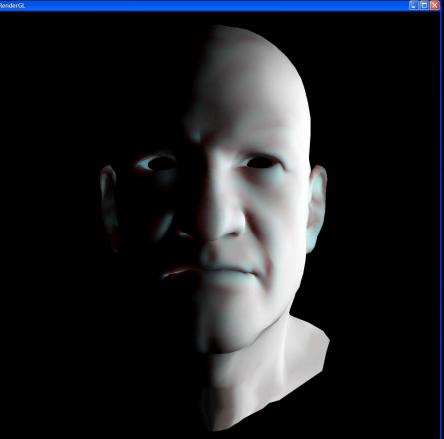




## **Texture-Space Diffusion**







### Rendering using texture coordinates S IVIDIA.

First, render the surface diffuse lighting into an offscreen texture

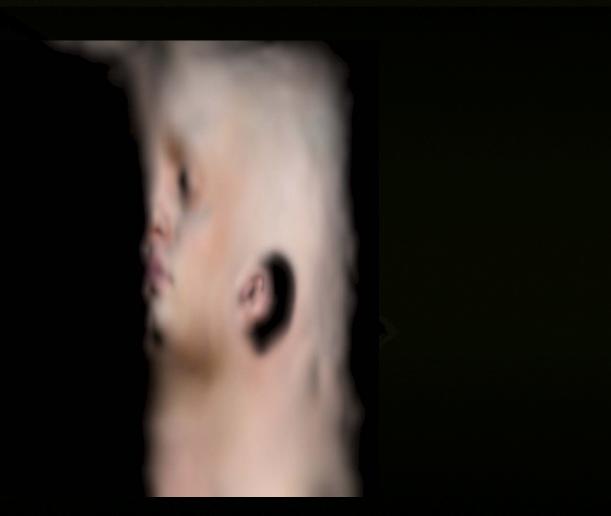
Instead of perspective positions, use surface (U,V)



### **Blur lit surface texture**



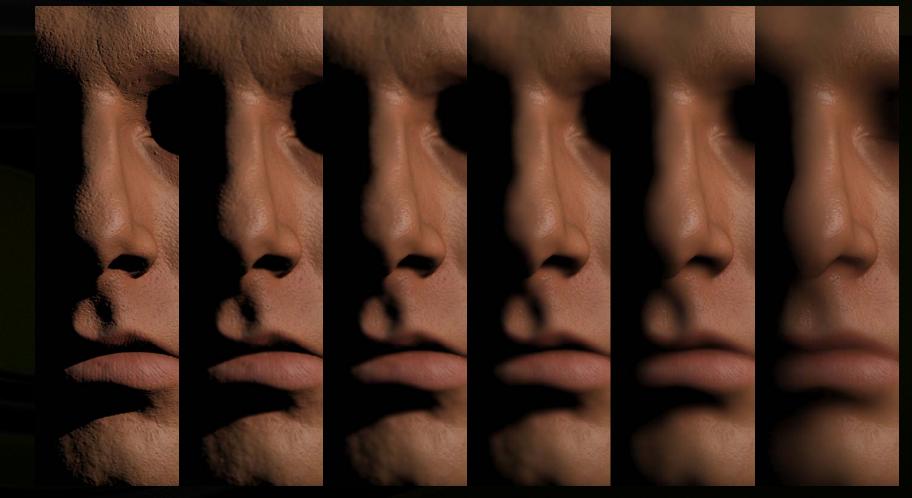




## **Reapply in perspective**



#### Variations of unlit blur texture shown here



© NVIDIA Corporation 2008

\*Scan data courtesy of XYZRGB Inc.

### **Combine with "straight" lighting**



"Straight" and blurred diffuse are multiplied, while specular is added



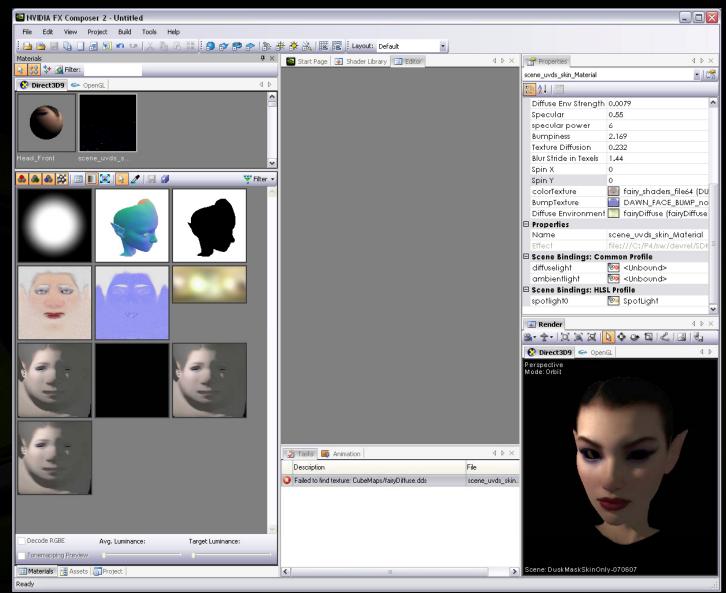
#### **The Mix Term**

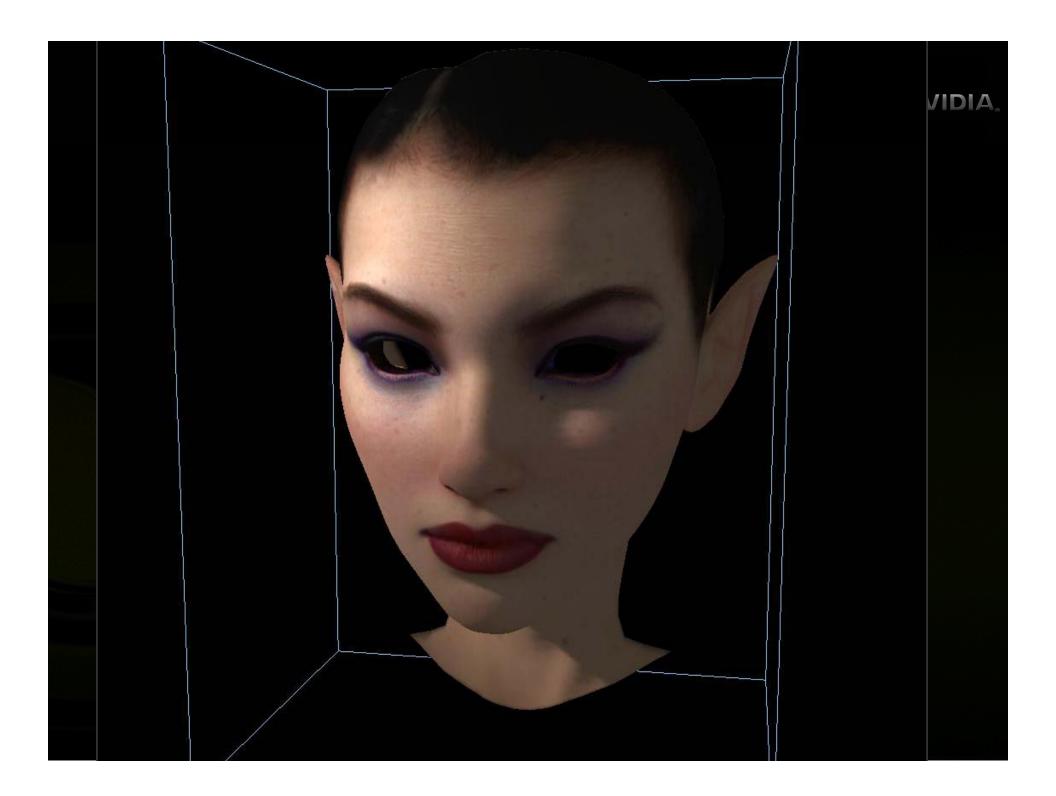


For a mix value *m* (typically between 0 and 1)  $(a^m * a^{(1.0-m)}) = a$ (e.g. for m=0.5,  $a^m$  is  $\sqrt{a}$  so  $\sqrt{a} * \sqrt{a} = a$  no surprise!) We generalize (and take liberties) for our blending:  $D = diffuse \ lighting$ S = specular lightingFinal Color =  $(D^{(1.0-m)} * blurred(D^m)) + S$ For Adrienne, *m* was around 0.82 Extra considerations covered in GPU Gems 3 Varying blur for different colors (hint: red scatters more) **Avoiding UV distortion Object seams** Getting gamma right

### **New Tricks for Old Pixies**







## **Playable Universal Capture**





George Borshukov, John Hable, Jefferson Montgomery, Witek Werner Electronic Arts

## Softimage FaceRobot



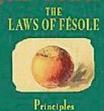




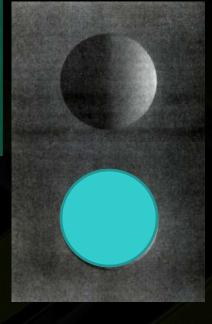
## **Another Brief Video Interlude...**

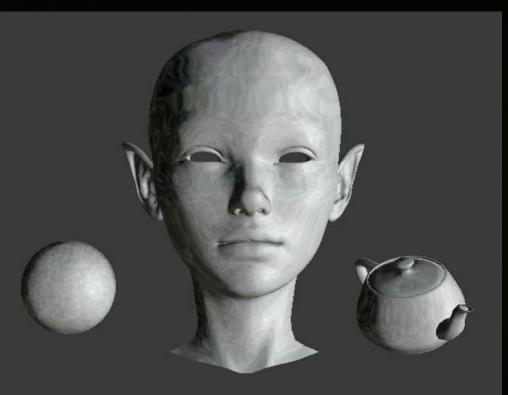
## Super-Cheap Skin (by accident)





Drawing and Painting Tuscan Masters bowersy will bowersy

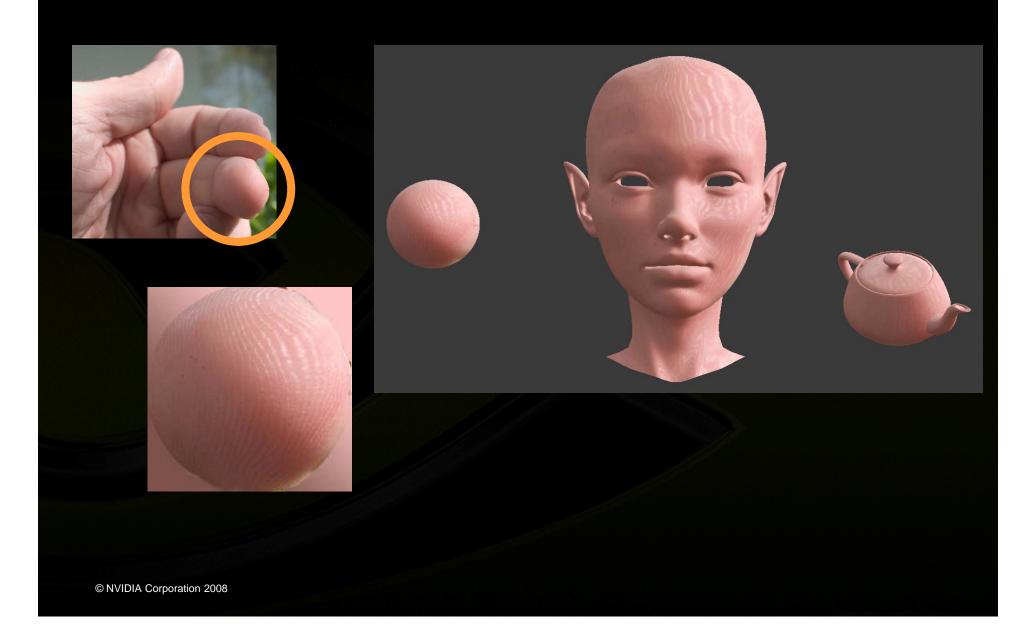




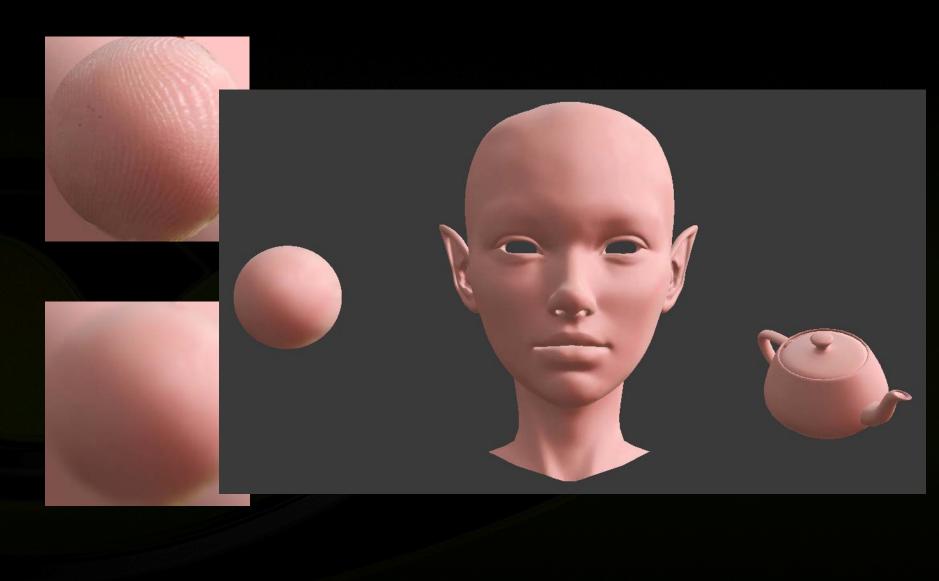




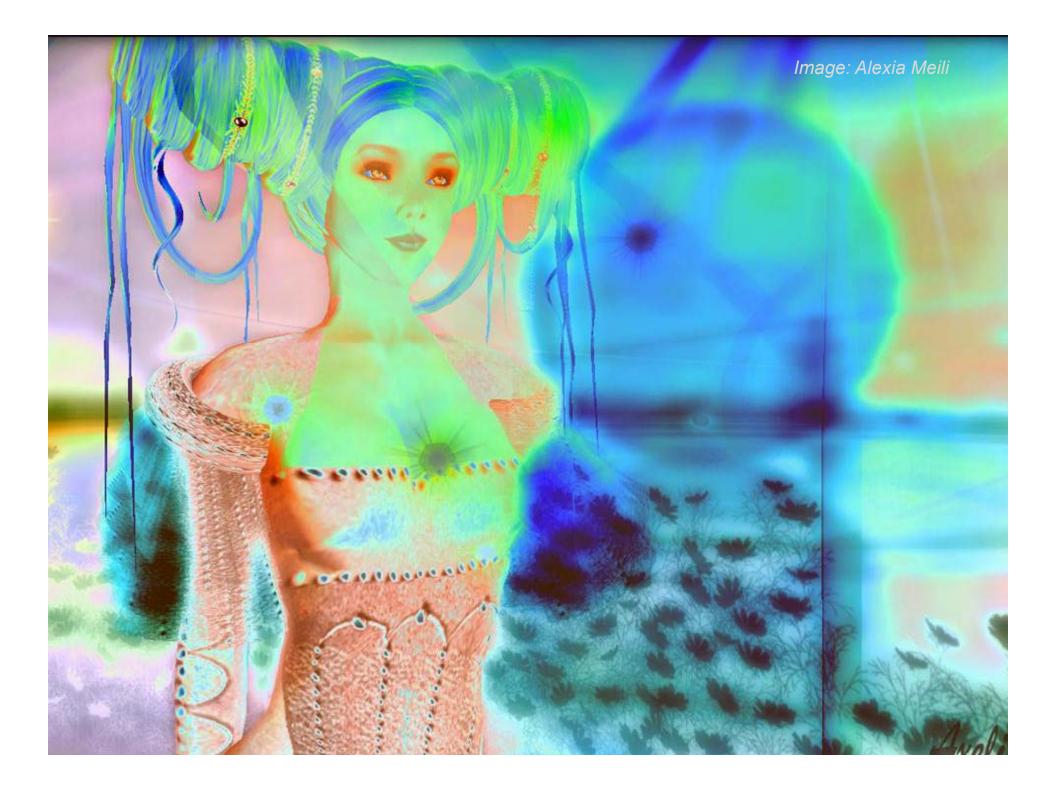












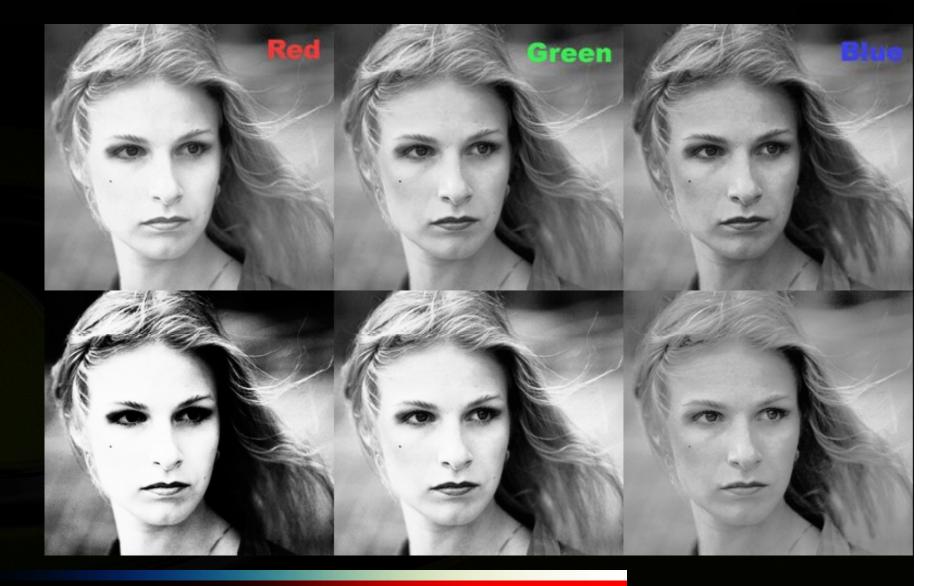
### **Color Manipulations**





newColor.r = tex1D(cTex,origColor.r).r; newColor.g = tex1D(cTex,origColor.g).g; newColor.b = tex1D(cTex,origColor.b).b;











# Shadows





# Shadows





Second Life

**Unreal Engine** 





Caravaggio's Helper: Roberto Rizzato

# Realism is a Tactic, Not a Goal





© NVIDIA Corp

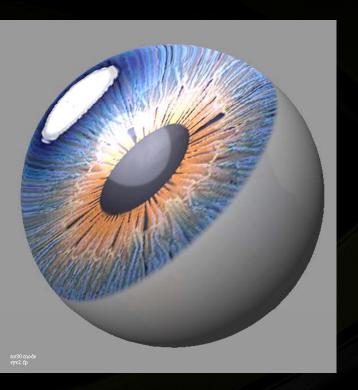
# **A Thing of Beauty**

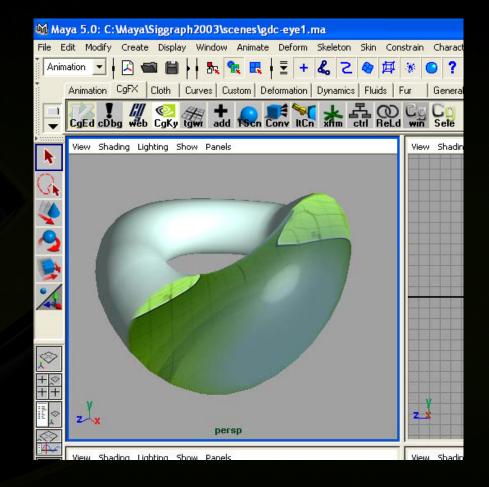




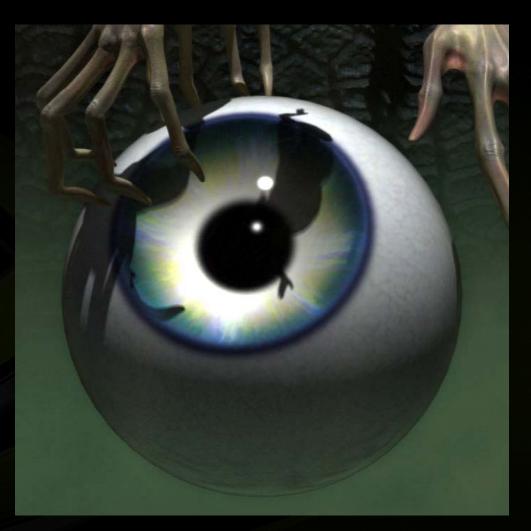
# **Making Better Eyes**













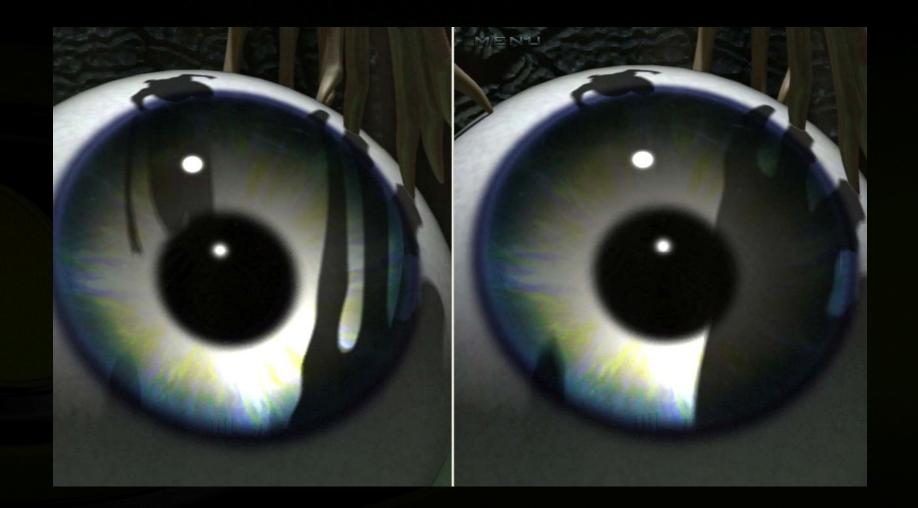
#### "Wet" highlight

#### Wrap-lighting of 0.2

**Standard Lambert** 

# **Plus: bent shadows**







# **Hair Research**



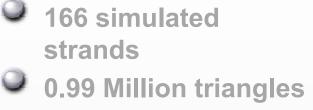
Aki Ross' hair consumed up to 25% of ALL computing resources in Final Fantasy (2001)

Fortunately, hairs are parallel!





### **Our Latest Results**



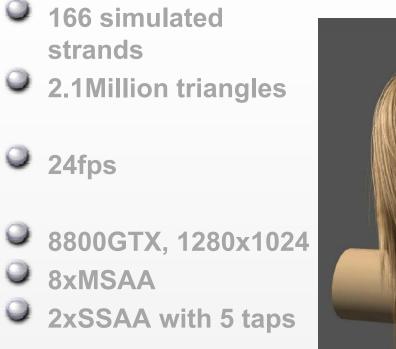
- Stationary: 64 fps
   Moving: 41 fps
- 8800GTX, 1920x1200
   8XMSAA





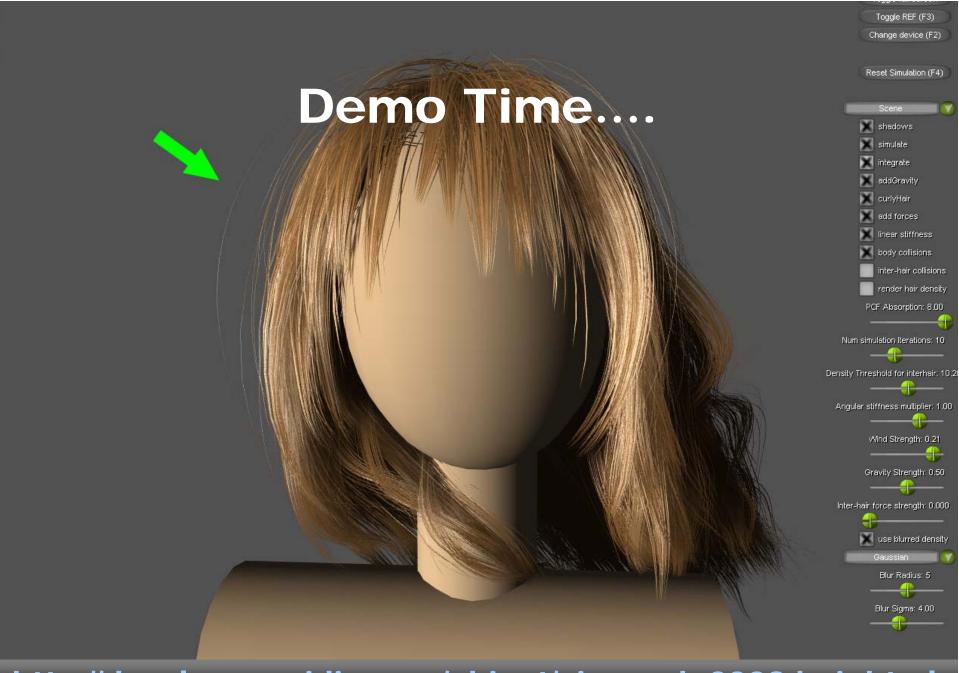
# **More Latest Results**











#### http://developer.nvidia.com/object/siggraph-2008-hair.html

# Shading: Kajiya and Kay



Kajiya and Kay [Rendering fur with three dimensional textures (SIGGRAPH '89)]

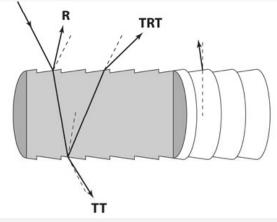
```
Diffuse = sin(T,L) = sqrt(1 - T \cdot L^2)
Specular = [T . L * T . E + sin(T,L) sin(T,E)] <sup>p</sup>
      = [T . L * T . E + sqrt(1 – T . L<sup>2</sup>) sqrt(1 – T . E<sup>2</sup>)] <sup>p</sup>
```



#### Ivan 2006



- primary highlight shifted towards tip
  - secondary highlight shifted towards root



"Ivan" model emulates Marchner "R" & "TRT" terms

# **Animation Challenges**

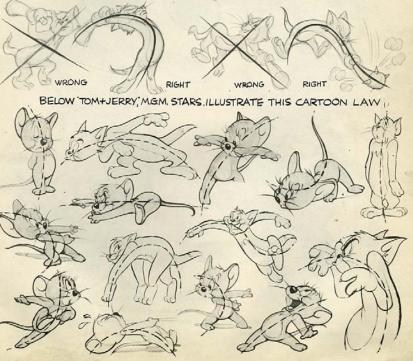


- Precise control is not always easy
  - Physically-Based
  - **Wiggly Splines etc**
- 3D "Line of Force" instead of a screen-space arc?
- Balance noodling against productivity!

Some animators can tear hair, clothes, etc

> "Classical" animators may be used to strong oneframe moves that would result in huge force!

# LINE OF ACTION AN IMAGINARY LINE EXTENDING THRU THE MAIN ACTION OF THE FIGURE IS THE LINE OF ACTION "-- PLAN YOUR FIGURE AND IT'S DETAILS TO ACCENTUATE THIS LINE -- BY SO DOING YOU STRENGHTEN THE DRAMATIC EFFECT THE FIRST THING TO DRAW WHEN CON-STRUCTING A FIGURE IS THE LINE OF ACTION THEN BUILD OVER THAT. WRONG! LINES OF ACTION UNFIT ---RIGHT! LINES OF ACTION FIT AND ARE ACCENTUATED



# **Similar Objects/Phenomena**



Regardless of the control scheme, consider:
 Grass
 Manes
 Tails
 Jungles
 Undersea



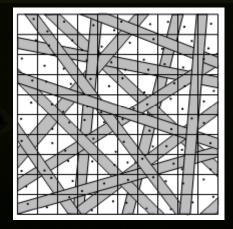
Image: Toko Voom

# **Hair Shadowing Challenges**



High Frequency
 Shadow volumes are impractical
 Shadow mapping has aliasing issues: spatial and mostly temporal (flickering)

- Transparency
  - Because hair can be translucent, especially blond hair
  - But mainly because hair is so thin that it never covers a full pixel



### **Possible Shadowing Techniques**



#### **Regular Shadows**

Percentage Closer Filtering (PCF)

Convolution Shadow Maps (CSM)

#### Deep Shadows

Deep Shadow Maps (DSM)

- **Opacity Shadow Maps (OSM)**
- Multi-Layer PCF
- **Absorption-weighted PCF**

### **Regular PCF**



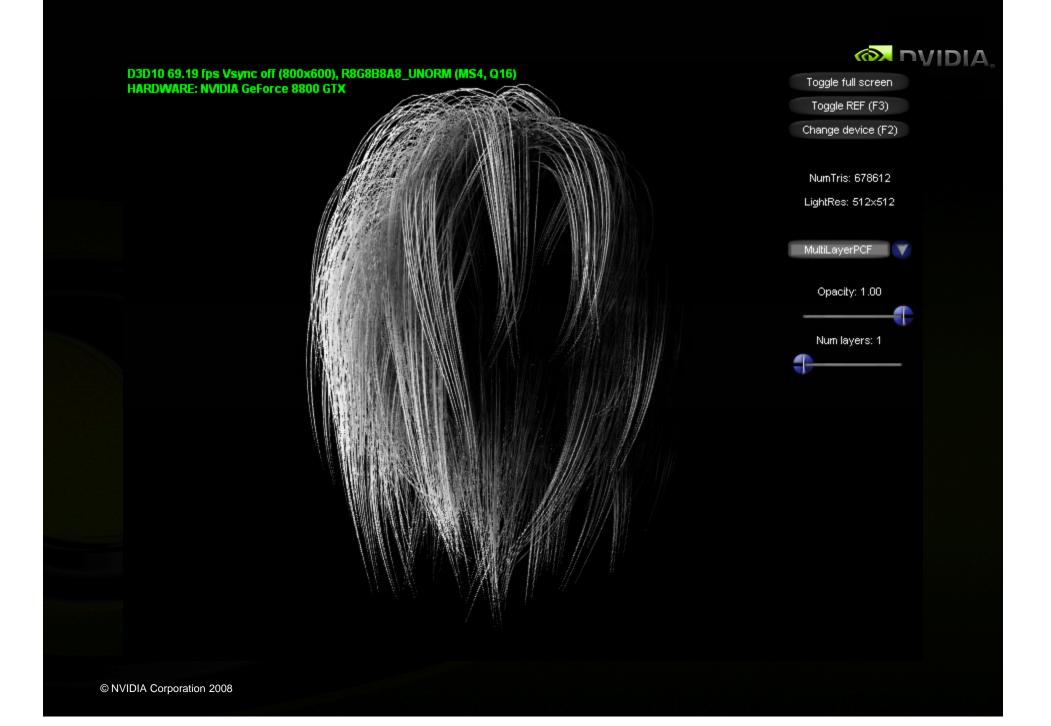
### Parameters

- **Resolution of the shadow map** 
  - 512<sup>2</sup> can be good enough when using a large number of PCF taps

#### Number of PCF taps / pixel

Perfectly hard shadows on hair do not look good, so we want to use filtering anyway





### **Regular PCF**



### **Brute-Force PCF filtering**

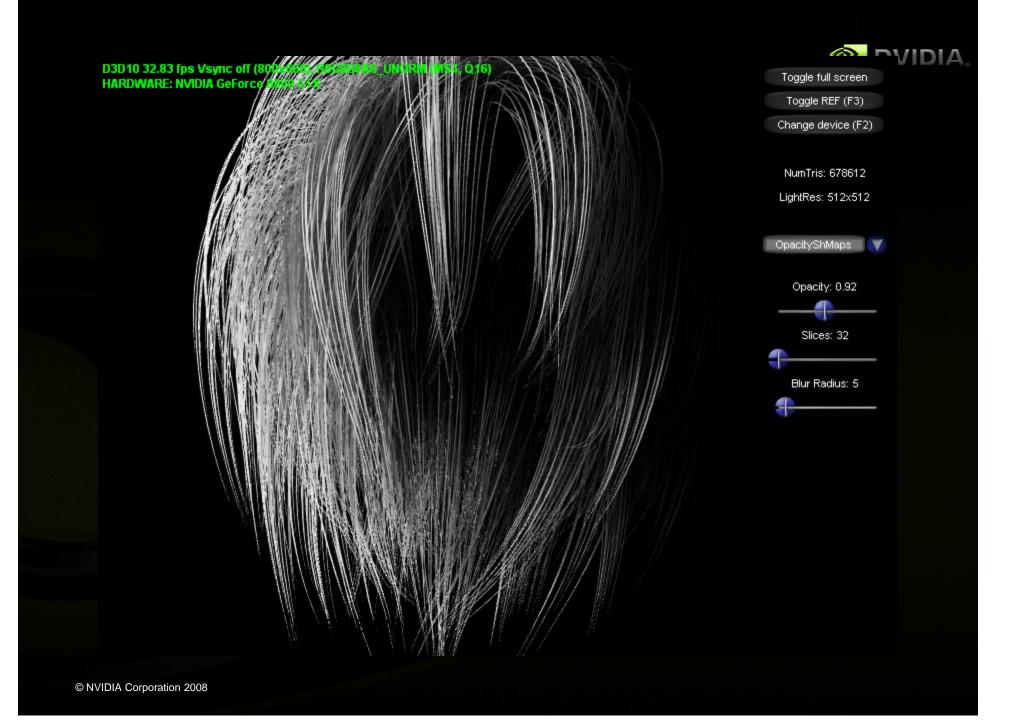
- Conceals shadow map aliasing
- Bonus: soft shadows, which are nicer than hard shadows
- With a large kernel such as 225 taps / pixel, no depth bias is required

### **Opacity Shadow Maps**



Considers the hair as a volumetric media of variable density. [Kim and Neumann 01]

- Slices the (accumulated) density function with a fixed number of slices.
- The shadows can be made soft simply by blurring the opacity slices of the OSM.

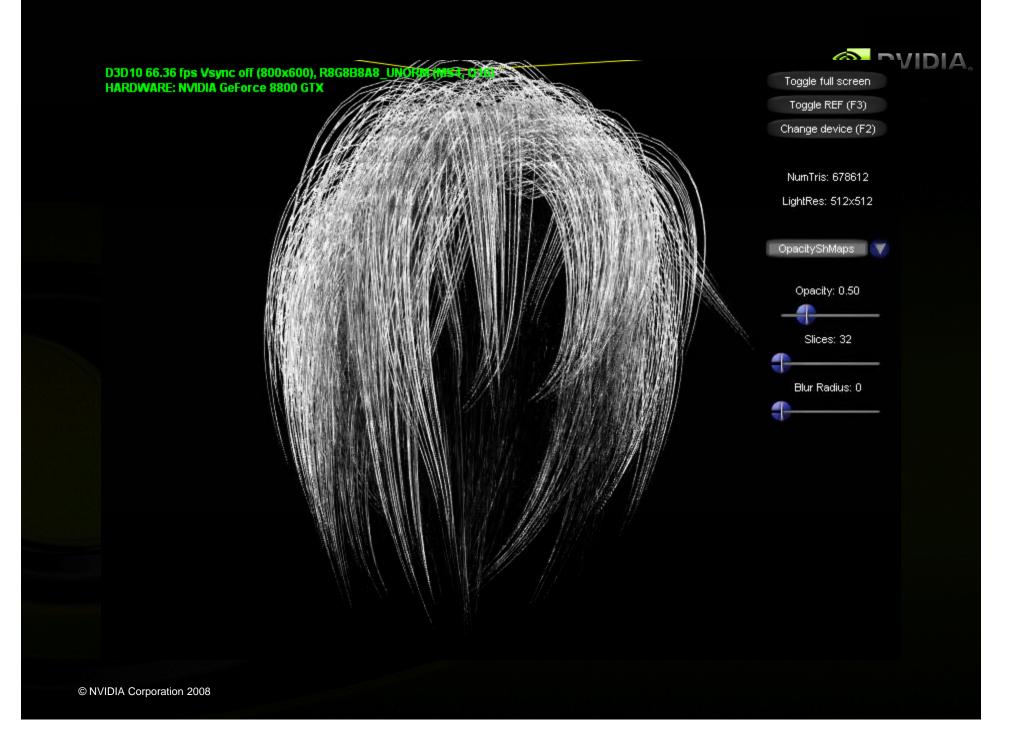


### Issue with OSMs



Slices are not aligned with the hair geometry, and so OSMs have banding artifacts which move with the light.

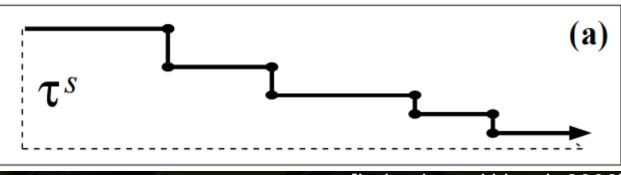
These banding artifacts do not go away by blurring the slices in the x and y directions. Banding may go away by blurring in the z direction, but this would introduces significant light bleeding. See next slide.



# Hair Transmittance



Hair is a case of semi-transparent material. Under this assumption, its transmittance function along a viewing ray looks like this:



[Lokovic and Veach 2000]

Each time a hair is intersected, the transmittance is multiplied by the transparency of the hair.

## **GPU Deep Shadow Maps**

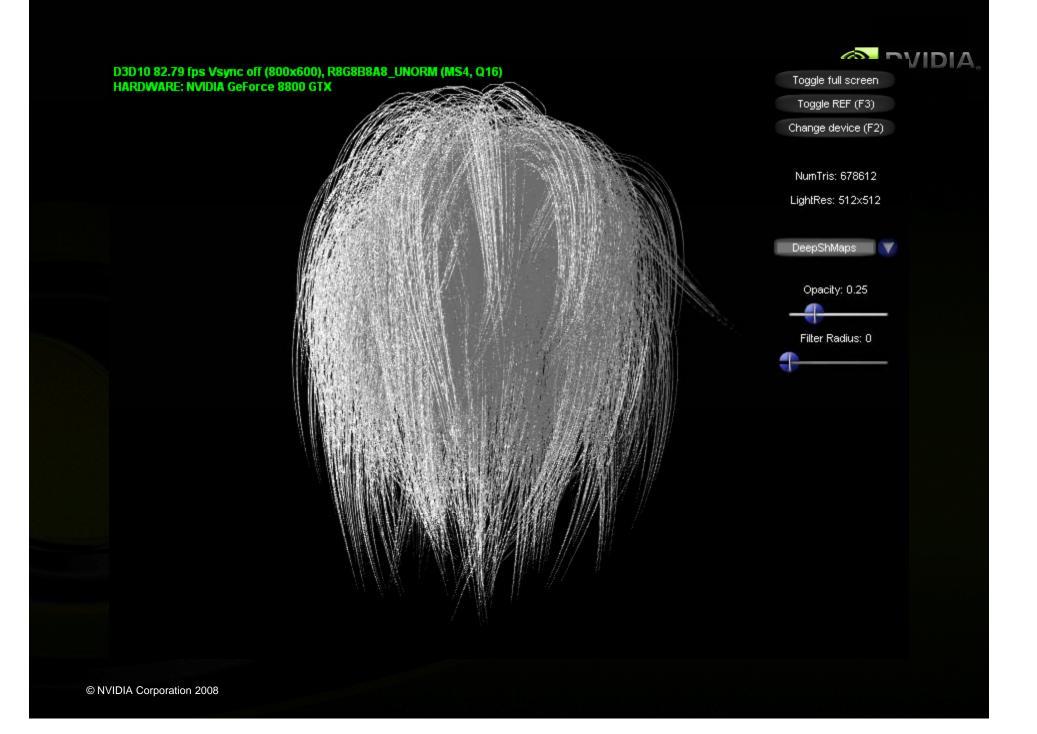


Depth peel a fixed number of depth layers from the light's point of view.
For shadowing:

Project the pixel onto the light plane as usual.
Initialize T to 1 and multiply T by the transmittances between the light and the pixel.

(If the search has a uniform opacity, then this could be reduced to a binary search.)

Filter the result of the operation above on multiple texels to reduce aliasing.





# DSM vs OSM



DSMs have no banding problems because they are based on the actual geometry.

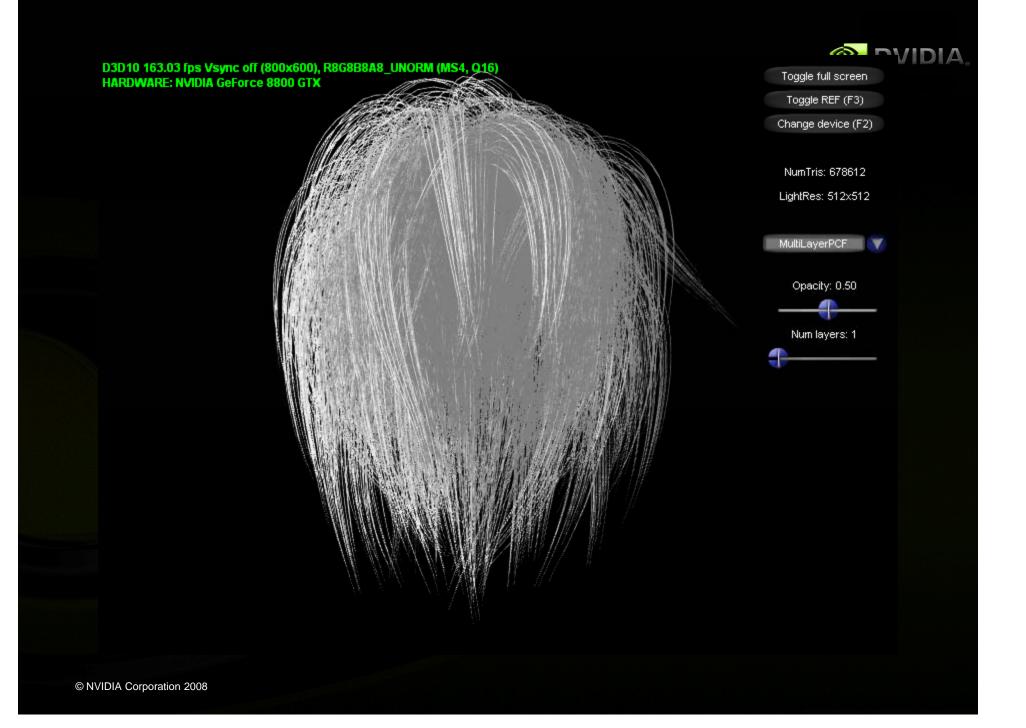
A DSM with 4 layers is usually sufficient for 50%+ opaque hair because after 4 layers, the transmittance is lower than  $(50\%)^{4} = 6\%$ .

However, if banding artifacts are not a problem, then blurred OSMs may be fine.

## **Multi-Layer PCF**



- For semi-transparent materials, A DSM with 1 layer is the same as regular PCF
- PCF is much more efficient than DSM because it can run 2x2 PCF tests in a single texture fetch.
- We modified the DSM algorithm to simply apply PCF on multiple layers of depth.





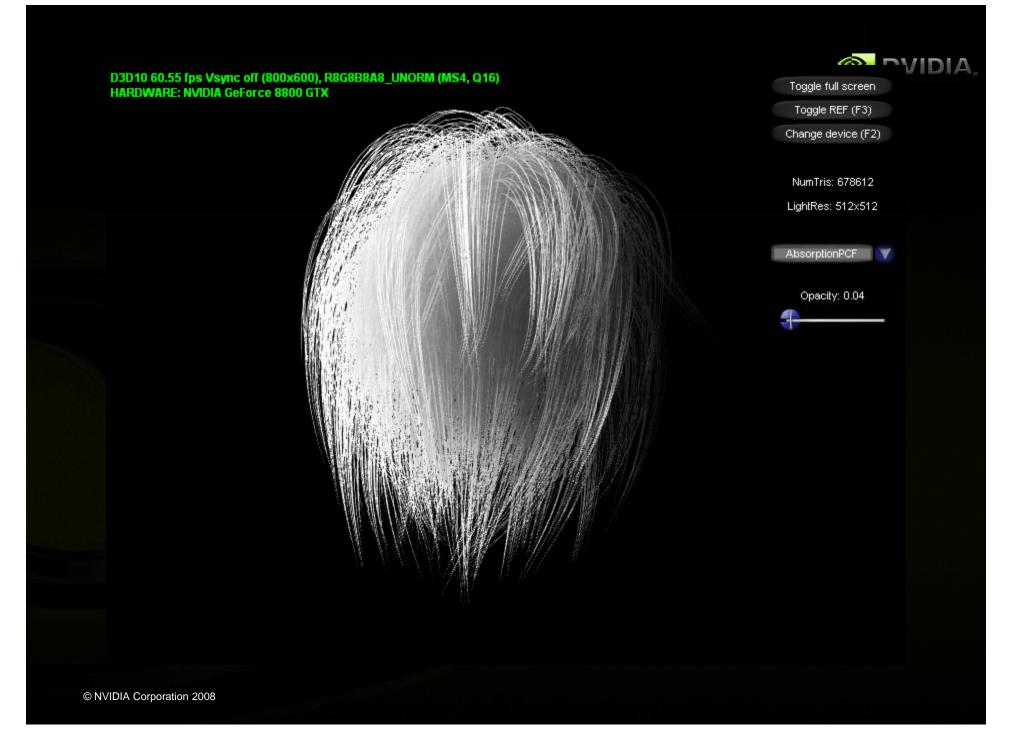
# **Absorption-Weighted PCF**

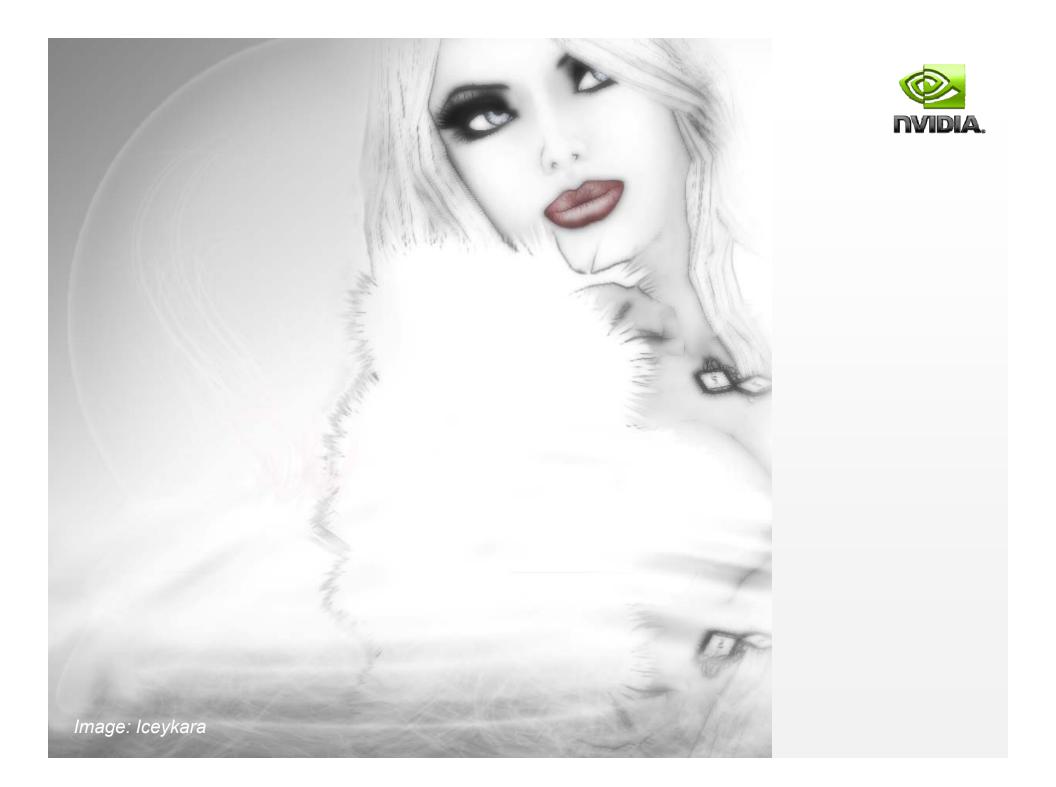


To get the deep shadow look without having to actually capture multiple layers of depths or opacities

We assume that the hair is a volume of uniform absorption, and weight our PCF taps by an exp(sigma.d) function.



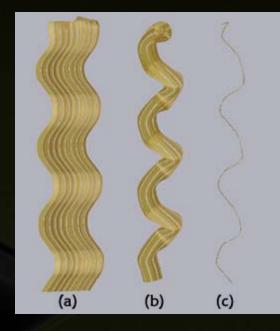




# **Another LOD Approach**



 Ming & Ward: Multi-resolution Hair Modeling
 http://www.cs.unc.edu/~geom/HSLOD/
 Hair is displayed either as a hierarchy of single strand, thinner or thicker structures
 Dynamically rearranged according to distance, visibility, and motion



# SpyGirl: Enhancing Existing Assets SpyCirl

Frame: 0 Perspective





CGNILL.COM

**Output from FX Composer** 

© NVIDIA Corporation 2008

# **SpyGirl Shaders - Face**



Skin: "subsurface scatter" simulation through diffuse olloff of (N·L) • Similar to Dawn etc Sighlight through highlight through threshholding



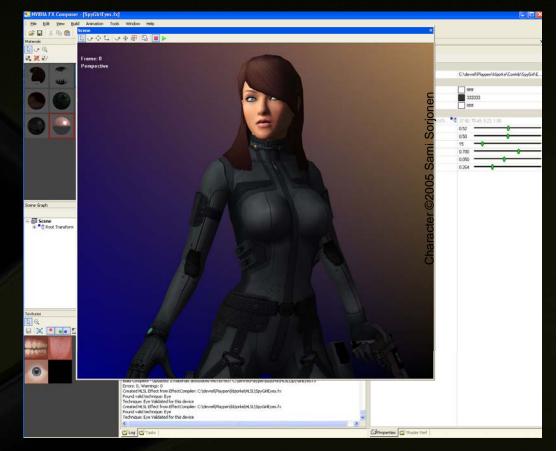
Red Subsurface Skin Shading & "Wet" Eye Shaders

# **SpyGirl Shaders - Suit**



Adding color changes via "Facing Ratio" gives more solidity to the suit, makes the material seem more complex

Color-change can also be calculated in the vertex shader, essentially for free

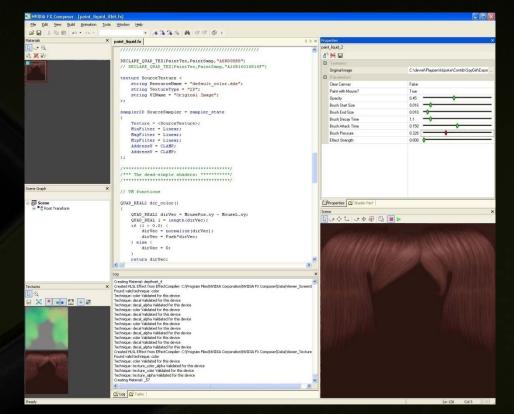


Output from FX Composer

# **SpyGirl - Hair**



- We want to use Kajiya-Kay shading *without hair geometry* 
  - *Here's Where We Break a Rule:* 
    - We need an extra asset, since the model didn't already have hair-aligned tangent vectors
  - For hair directionality, we need a direction map (similar to a normal map)
- We can paint one quickly using the library "paint\_liquid.fx" shader
- FX Composer can save any texture on the fly



Using "Liquid" to make a hair-direction map

## Hair dir map



Resize it in Photoshop (doesn't need to be big) and make sure edges are seamless

**Color Map** 



**Direction Map** 

# Applying Kajiya-Kay to Hair Surface Surface We use tangent/binormal + direction texture to determine the direction of hair threads Frame: 0 Frame: 0 Perspective Perspective Character ©2005 Sami Sorjonen CGMILL.COM CGMILL.COM

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**Typical Highlight Color** 

Cyan Highlight for Clarity of Effect

# **Additional Hair Effects**



Character ©2005 Sami Sorjoner

We add a soft (N·L) rolloff, much like the skin (but no extra subsurface color), to emulate some light scattering in the hair

We add a second rolloff *just for the highlights* for translucent sheen

# CGMILL.COM

Frame: 0

Perspective

S	pecial Thanks: Cont	ributing Artists 🚳 חעוסוע
	These artists and their efforts have provided tremendo	
•	Krishnamurti Costa	F. Paine http://shootemup.hiconic.de/
•	Sami Sorjonen http://www.cgmill.com/	LunaRose Graves http://www.flickr.com/photos/lunarose_graves/
۲	Toko Voom <u>http://www.flickr.com/photos/8336685@N04/</u>	Ia.Chandra <u>http://www.flickr.com/photos/lachandra/</u>
•	Ina Centaur http://www.inacentaur.com/	Joshua Morane <u>http://www.flickr.com/photos/last_exit/</u>
	Larissa Starostin http://www.flickr.com/photos/larissastarostin/	Nedeko Kohime (Anja Cerwonski) <u>http://www.flickr.com/photos/nedeko/</u>
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0	Phedre Dumouriez <u>http://www.flickr.com/photos/fedry/</u>	Axelia Meili <u>http://www.flickr.com/photos/25200771@N04/</u>
	Louise Numan / Dantalion Halberd	•ĊЯФШ· http://www.mydarkesthour.net/
	Hiro Edelman http://www.flickr.com/photos/hiro_edelman/	ColeMarie Soleil
	IceyKara http://www.flickr.com/photos/iceykara/	Connie Sec
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	Prinz Photostudio <u>http://www.flickr.com/photos/prinzphotostudio/</u>	Gita Rau <u>http://www.flickr.com/photos/gitarau/</u>

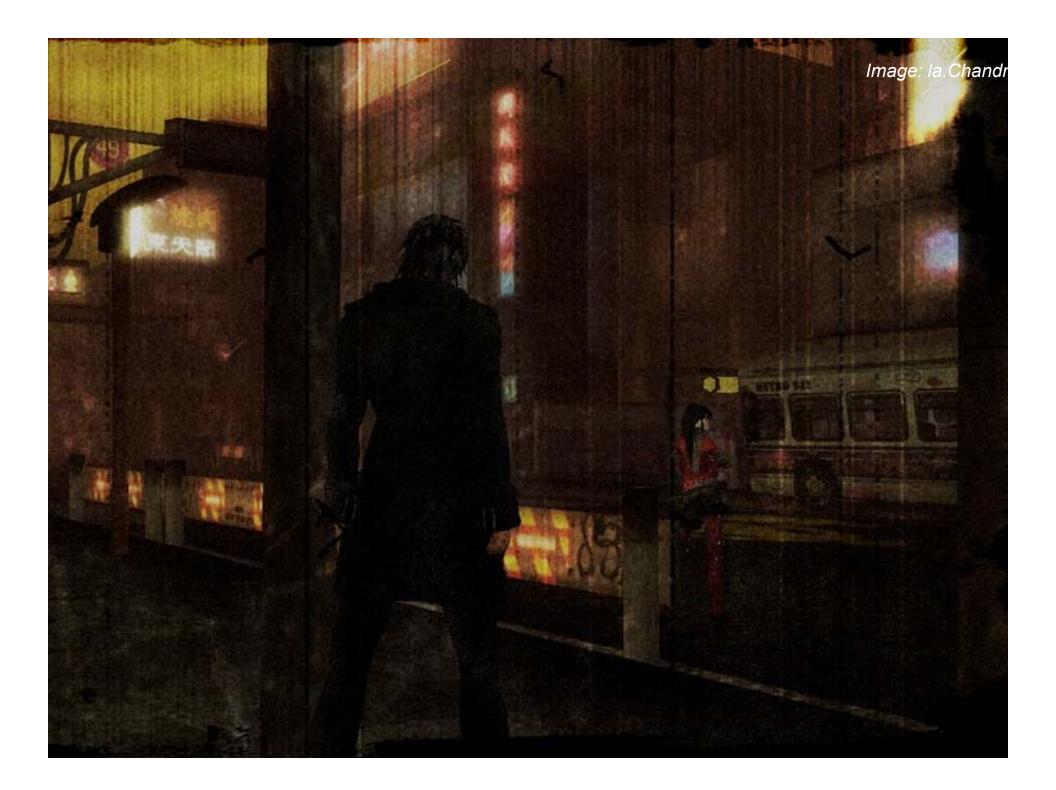


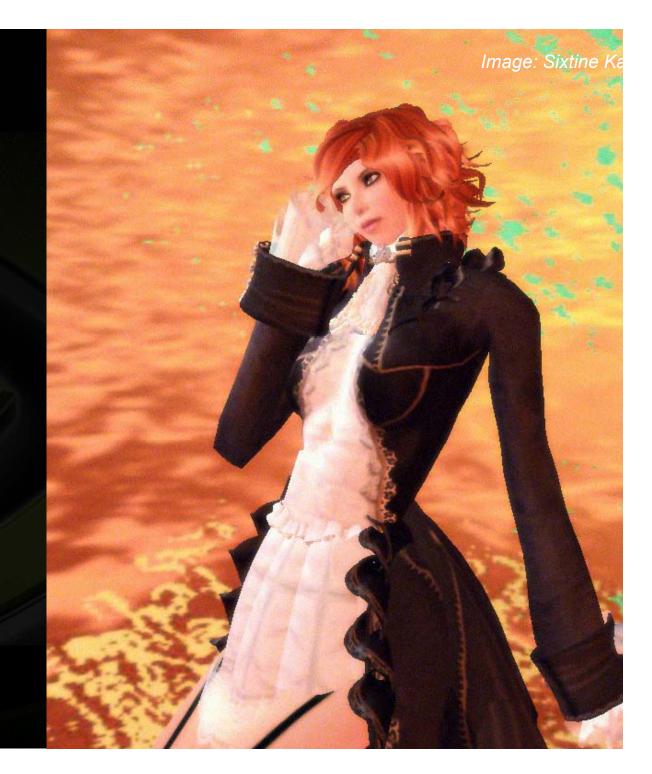
Image: la.Chandl

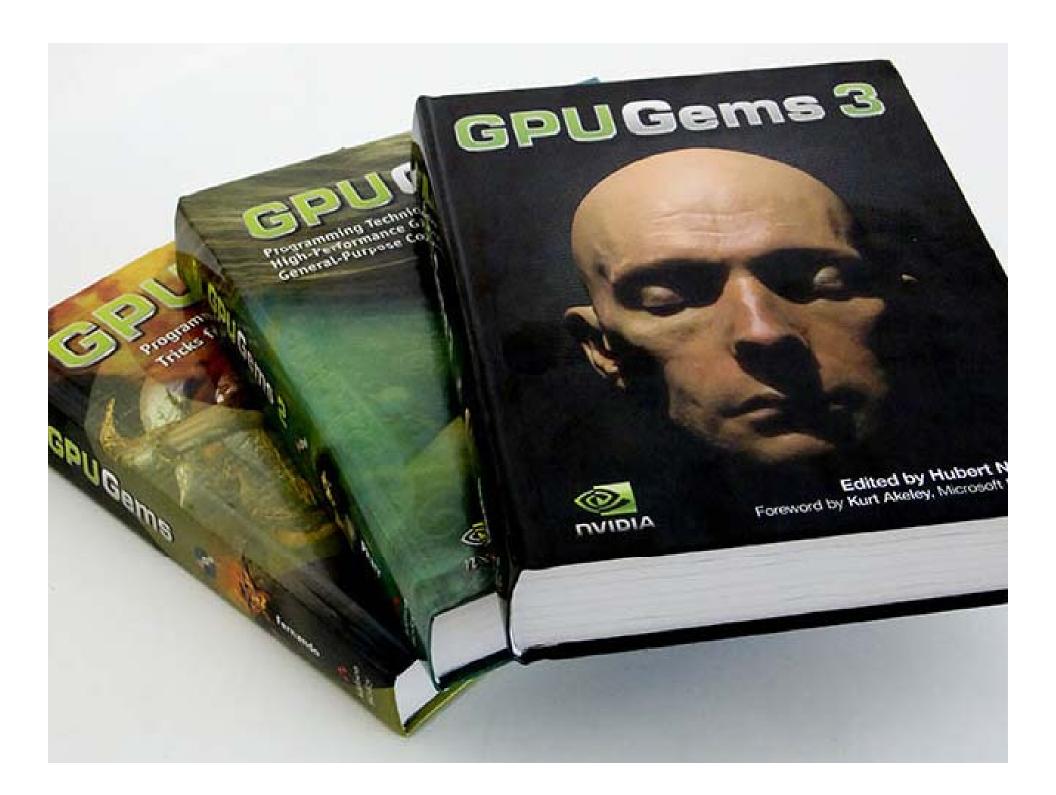
"If you deliberately set out to be less than you are capable, you'll be unhappy for the rest of your life."

Abraham Maslow

# **Q & A**

Background
 Characters
 Characters
 Their roles in gaming
 Techniques
 Behavior
 Behavior
 Clothing
 Skin
 Eyes
 Hair





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