



nVIDIA®

Cg 2.0

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What is Cg?



- **Cg is a GPU shading language**
 - C/C++ like language
 - Write vertex-, geometry-, and fragment-processing kernels that execute on massively parallel GPUs
 - Productivity through a high-level language
 - Supports NVIDIA, ATI, and Intel graphics
 - Supports OpenGL and Direct3D
- **Cg also run-time system for shaders**
 - Run-time makes best use of available GPU
 - Use OpenGL or Direct3D
 - Effect system for meta-shading

Why Cg?



- **Cg = cross-platform shaders**
 - **Same Cg shader source compiles to:**
 - **Multi-vendor OpenGL extensions**
 - ARB_vertex_program & ARB_fragment_program
 - **NVIDIA-specific OpenGL extensions**
 - GeForce 8's NV_gpu_program4
 - **DirectX 9 assembly shaders**
 - Shader Models 1.x, 2.x, and 3.x
 - **OpenGL Shading Language (GLSL) cross-compile!**
 - **DirectX 9 HLSL cross-compile!**
 - **Sony's support for Cg for PlayStation 3**
 - **Multi-OS: Vista, XP, 2000, MacOS X, Linux, Solaris**
- **Sophisticated CgFX effects system**
 - **Compatible with Microsoft's FX in DirectX 9**
- **Abstraction no other GPU standard shading language has**
 - **Interfaces and un-sized arrays**

Why Cg 2.0?



- **Keeps current with DirectX 10-class functionality**
 - New profiles for GeForce 8
 - Geometry shaders
 - Bind-able uniform buffers, a.k.a. constant buffers
 - Texture arrays
- **New HLSL 9 cross-compile profiles**
- **Performance improvements**
- **Compiler improvements**
- **New examples show of Cg 2.0 and GeForce 8**
- **Greatly expanded documentation**



Primary Cg 2.0 Features

- 100% compatibility with Cg 1.5
- New GeForce 8 (G80) OpenGL profiles
 - **gp4vp** (*vertex*), **gp4gp** (*geometry*), **gp4fp** (*fragment*)
 - Per-primitive (geometry) programs
 - Vertex attribute arrays
 - Primitive types: point, line, line adjacency, triangle, triangle adjacency
 - Bind-able buffers for uniform parameters
 - Texture arrays & texture buffer objects
 - Interpolation modifiers (flat, centroid, non-perspective)
 - True 32-bit integer variables and operators
- New HLSL9 profiles
 - **hlslv** (*vertex*), **hlslf** (*fragment*)
 - Run-time or compile-time translation of Cg to optimized HLSL



Other Cg 2.0 Features

- **New compiler back-end for DX10-class unified, scalar GPU architecture**
- **Improved FX compatibility for CgFX**
- **More efficient parameter update API via buffers**
- **Updated documentation**
 - **New Cg language specification**
 - **New CgFX standard state manual pages**
 - **New Cg standard library manual pages**
 - **New Cg runtime API manual pages**
- **Updated examples**
 - **Geometry shaders, uniform buffers, interpolation modifiers, etc.**

Cg 2.0 Support for GeForce 8 OpenGL



● New G80 profiles

- **gp4vp**: NV_gpu_program4 vertex program
- **gp4gp**: NV_gpu_program4 geometry program
- **gp4fp**: NV_gpu_program4 fragment program

New
programmable
domain

● New Cg language support

- int variables really are integers now
- Temporaries dynamically index-able now
- All G80 texturing operations exposed
 - New samplers, new standard library functions
- New semantics
 - Instance ID, vertex ID, bind-able buffers, viewport ID, layer
- Geometry shader support
 - Attrib arrays, **emitVertex** & **restartStrip** library routines
 - Profile modifiers for primitive input and output type

Geometry Pass Through Example



Length of attribute arrays depends on the input primitive mode, 3 for TRIANGLE

Semantic ties uniform parameter to a buffer, compiler assigns offset

```
uniform float4 flatColor : BUFFER[0] ;  
  
TRIANGLE void passthru(AttribArray<float4> position : POSITION,  
                      AttribArray<float4> texCoord : TEXCOORD0)  
{  
    flatAttrib(flatColor:COLOR);  
    for (int i=0; i<position.length; i++) {  
        emitVertex(position[i], texCoord[i], float3(1,0,0):TEXCOORD1);  
    }  
}
```

Makes sure flat attributes are associated with the proper provoking vertex convention

Bundles a vertex based on parameter values and semantics



Hermite Curve Tessellation

```
void LINE hermiteCurve(AttribArray<float4> position : POSITION,
                      AttribArray<float4> tangent : TEXCOORD0,

                      uniform float steps) // # line segments to approx. curve
{
    emitVertex(position[0]);
    for (int t=1; t<steps; t++) {
        float s          = t / steps;
        float ssquared   = s*s;
        float scubed     = s*s*s;

        float h1 = 2*scubed - 3*ssquared + 1; // calculate basis function 1
        float h2 = -2*scubed + 3*ssquared;    // calculate basis function 2
        float h3 = scubed - 2*ssquared + s;   // calculate basis function 3
        float h4 = scubed - ssquared;         // calculate basis function 4

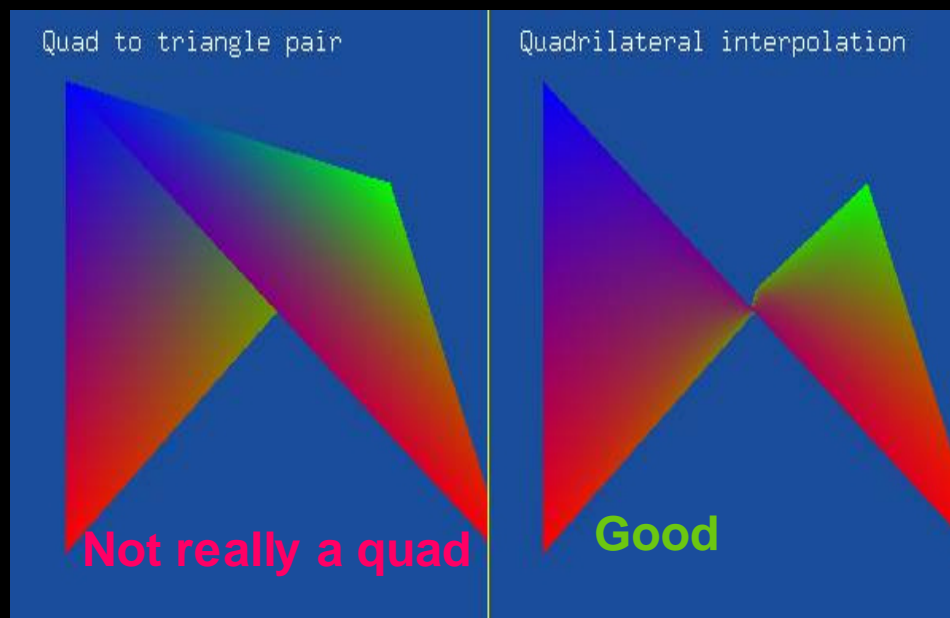
        float4 p : POSITION = h1*position[0] + // multiply and sum all functions
                             h2*position[1] + // together to build interpolated
                             h3*tangent[0]  + // point along the curve
                             h4*tangent[1];

        emitVertex(p);
    }
    emitVertex(position[1]);
}
```

(Geometry shaders not
really ideal for tessellation.)

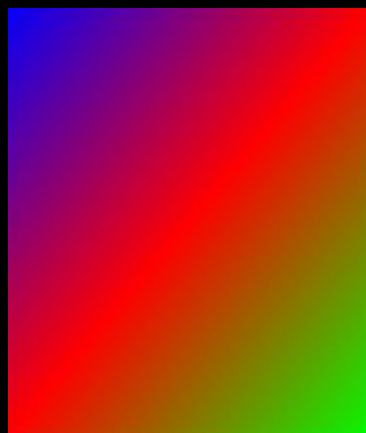
True Quadrilateral Rasterization & Interpolation (1)

- The world is not all triangles
- Quads exist in real-world meshes
- Fully continuous interpolation over quads not linear
 - Mean value coordinate interpolation [Floater, Hormann & Tarini]
- Quads can “bow tie”



True Quadrilateral Rasterization & Interpolation (2)

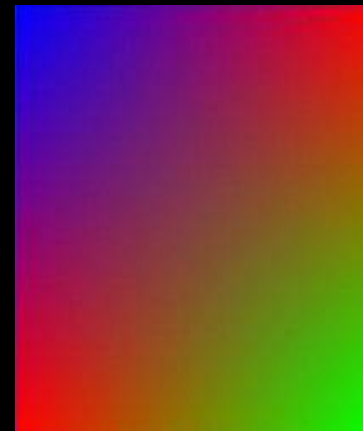
- **Conventional hardware:** How you split quad to triangles can greatly alter interpolation
 - Both ways to split introduce interpolation discontinuities



“Slash” split



“Backslash” split

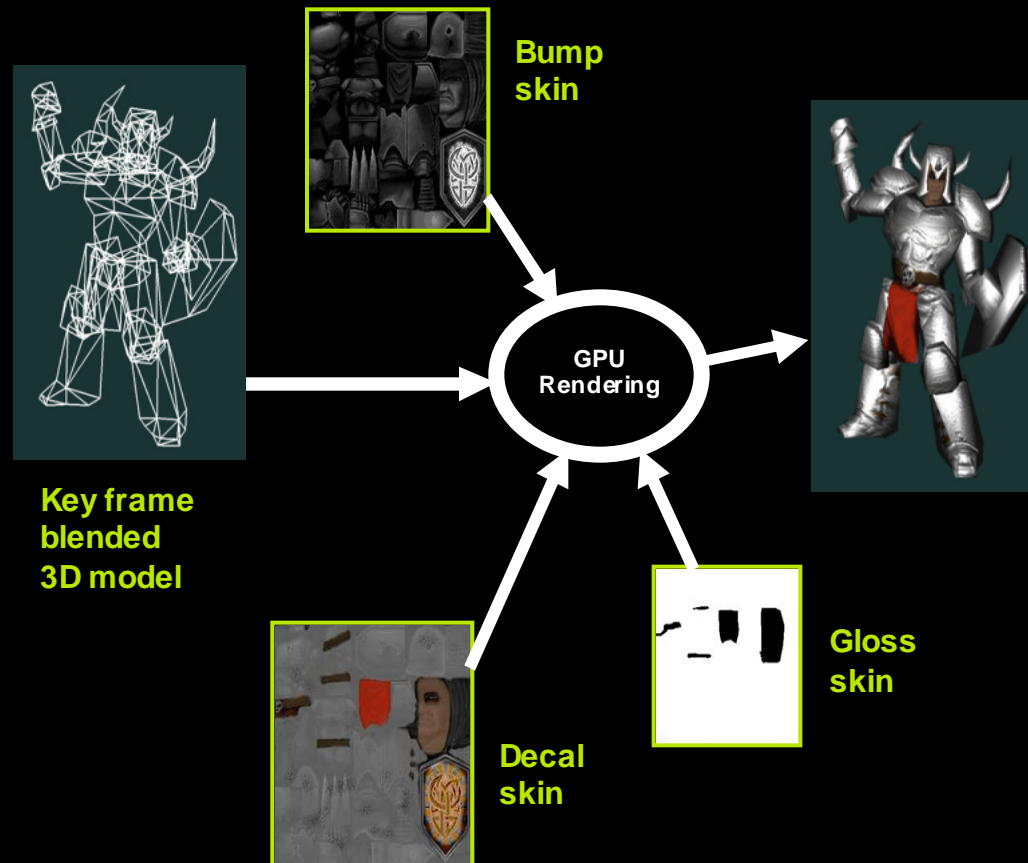


Mean value coordinate
interpolation via Cg geometry
and fragment shaders

Bump Map Skinned Characters (1)



- **Pre-geometry shader approach:** CPU computes texture-space basis per skinned triangle to transform lighting vectors properly
 - **Problem:** Meant skinning was done on the CPU, not GPU



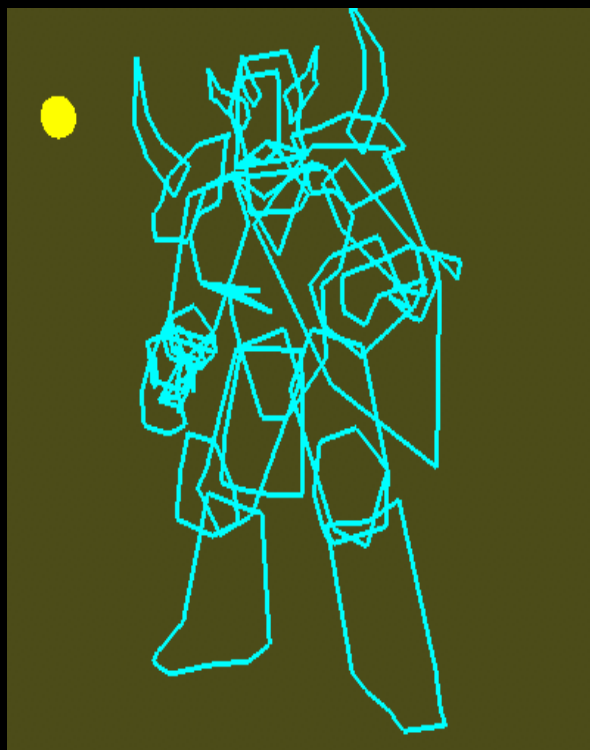
Bump Map Skinned Characters (2)



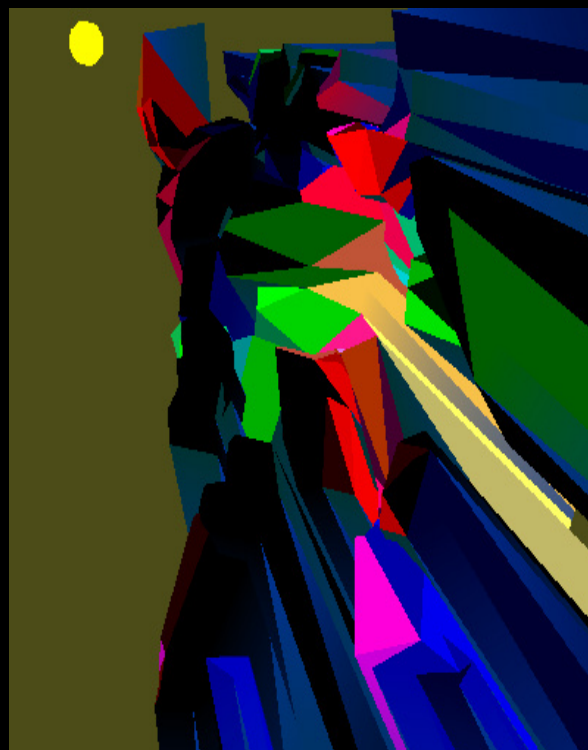
- Cg **vertex** shader does skinning
- Cg **geometry** shader computes transform from object- to texture-space based on each triangle
- Cg **geometry** shader then transforms skinned object-space vectors (light and view) to texture space
- Cg **fragment** shader computes bump mapping using texture-space normal map
- *Computations all stay on the GPU*



Next, Geometry Shader-Generated Shadows with Stenciled Shadow Volumes



Cg geometry shader computes possible silhouette edges from triangle adjacency
(visualization)



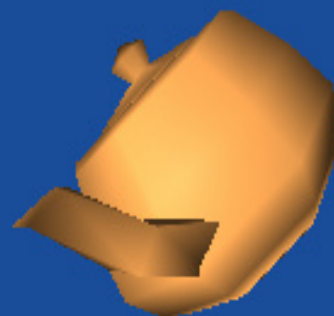
Extrude shadow volumes based on triangle facing-ness and silhouette edges
(visualization)



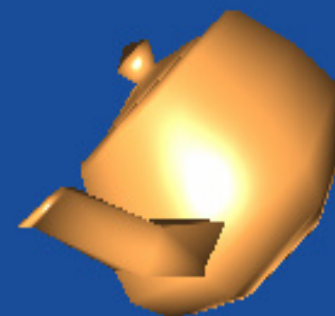
Add bump mapped lighting based on stenciled shadow volume rendering
(complete effect)

Geometry Shader Setup for Quadratic Normal Interpolation

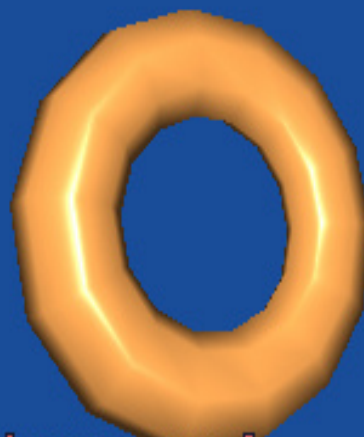
- Linear interpolation of surface normals don't match real surfaces (except for flat surfaces)
- Quadratic normal interpolation
[van Overveld & Wyvill]
 - Better Phong lighting, even at low tessellation
- Approach
 - Geometry shader sets up linear parameters
 - Fragment shader combines them for quadratic result
- Best exploits GPU's linear interpolation resources



linear normal interpolation



quadratic normal interpolation



linear normal interpolation



quadratic normal interpolation

Cg 2.0 Bind-able Buffer API



- Cg API modeled after OpenGL buffer object API
- **cgCreateBuffer**—creates bindable uniform buffer
 - `CGbuffer cgBuffer = cgCreateBuffer(cgContext, sizeInBytes, NULL, CG_BUFFER_USAGE_xxx)`
- **cgSetBufferSubData**—copies bytes into buffer
 - `cgSetBufferSubData(cgBuffer, offset, sizeInBytes, data);`
 - Also **cgSetBufferData**—redefines entire buffer with new size
 - Also **cgMapBuffer** & **cgUnmapBuffer**—gives pointer to buffer data
- **cgSetProgramBuffer**—associates buffer object to program's buffer index
 - Cg program maps uniforms to buffers with BUFFER semantic:
 - `uniform float4 someUniform[20] : BUFFER[5];`
 - **cgGetParameterBufferOffset** & **cgGetParameterIndex**
 - `cgSetProgramBuffer(cgProgram, cgGetParameterBufferIndex(cgParam, cgGetNamedParameter("someUniform")), cgBuffer);`

Cg 2.0 API-specific Buffers



- **cgCreateBuffer** creates API-independent buffers
 - Cg runtime creates API-dependent buffers as needed
 - Cg runtime “fakes” bind-able buffers for pre-DirectX 10-class (pre-G80) profiles
 - Allows runtime to perform efficient parameter update into the API-dependent buffers
- **cgGLCreateBuffer** creates API-dependent buffers for OpenGL
 - Cg runtime creates OpenGL buffer
 - Cg runtime will provide GLuint handle to the buffer
 - All buffer interactions by Cg require immediate 3D API-dependent execution
- **Expected usage**
 - Use “cg” buffers for batching conventional uniforms more efficiently
 - Use “cgGL” buffers for transform feedback, pixel buffer object read-backs, etc. when GPU is writing data into buffers

Updated Documentation



- **New *CgReferenceManual.pdf* includes**
 - New Cg language specification
 - Updated run-time API documentation
 - Full Cg standard library
 - CgFX states documented
 - Command-line cgc compiler documentation
- **Reference manual also available as**
 - Unix-style man pages
 - Microsoft's indexed & search-able Compiled HTML
CgReferenceManual.chm
 - Raw HTML pages
- **Includes tutorial white papers on Cg and CgFX**

Greatly Expanded Examples



- Examples from *The Cg Tutorial*
 - Twenty-two OpenGL-based examples with both C and Cg source code
 - Using OpenGL Utility Toolkit (GLUT)
 - Seven also available as Direct3D-based examples
 - Using miniDXUT
- Advanced examples
 - Vertex texturing for GeForce 6 and up
 - `vertex_texture`
 - Interfaces and un-sized arrays
 - `cgfx_interfaces`
 - Geometry shader examples for GeForce 8
 - Simple (`gs_simple`, `gs_shrinky`), texture-space bump mapping setup (`gs_md2bump`), shadow volume generation (`gs_md2shadow`, `gs_md2shadowvol`), quadrilateral rasterization (`gs_interp_quad`), quadratic normal interpolation (`gs_quadnormal`)
 - Buffer example for GeForce 8
 - `buffer_lighting`
 - Other GeForce 8 features
 - Texture arrays (`cgfx_texture_array`, `texture_array`), `interpolation_modifiers`
- Examples packaged with all operating systems