

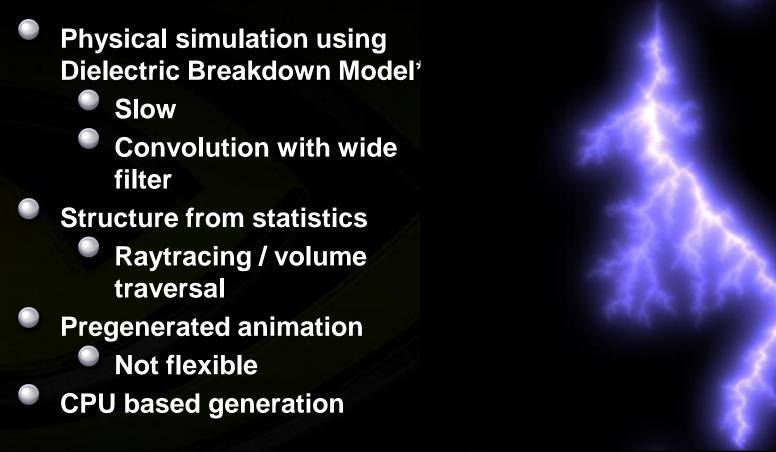


Lightning

SDK demo explained

Previous Work





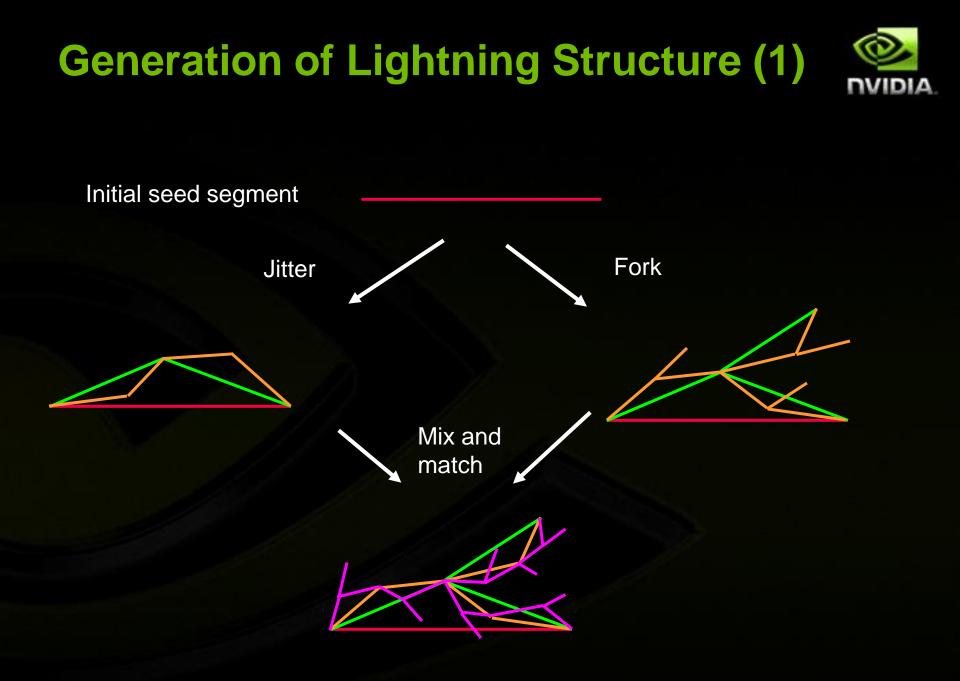
*http://gamma.cs.unc.edu/LIGHTNING/

Algorithm



Generate lightning structure

- Random fractal L system in the GS
- Multiple iterations of subdivisions to generate more segments
- Animation
- Rendering
 - **Constrained billboards**
- Post processing
 - Blurring for glow & atmospheric scattering



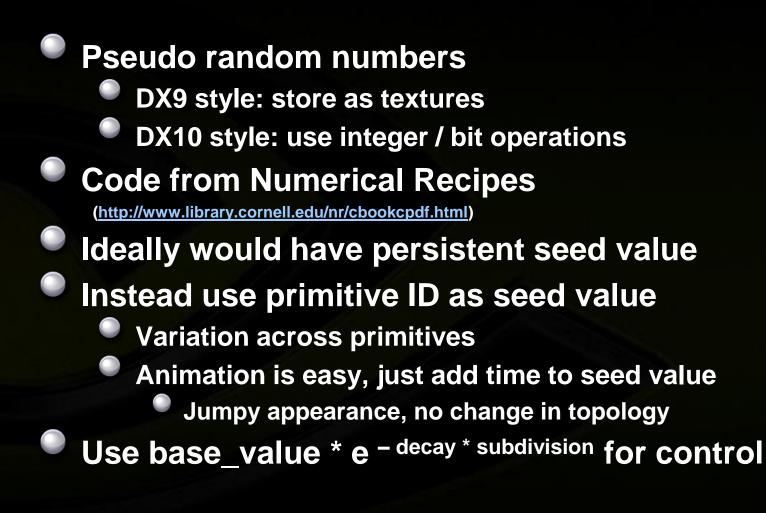
Generation of Lightning Structure (2)

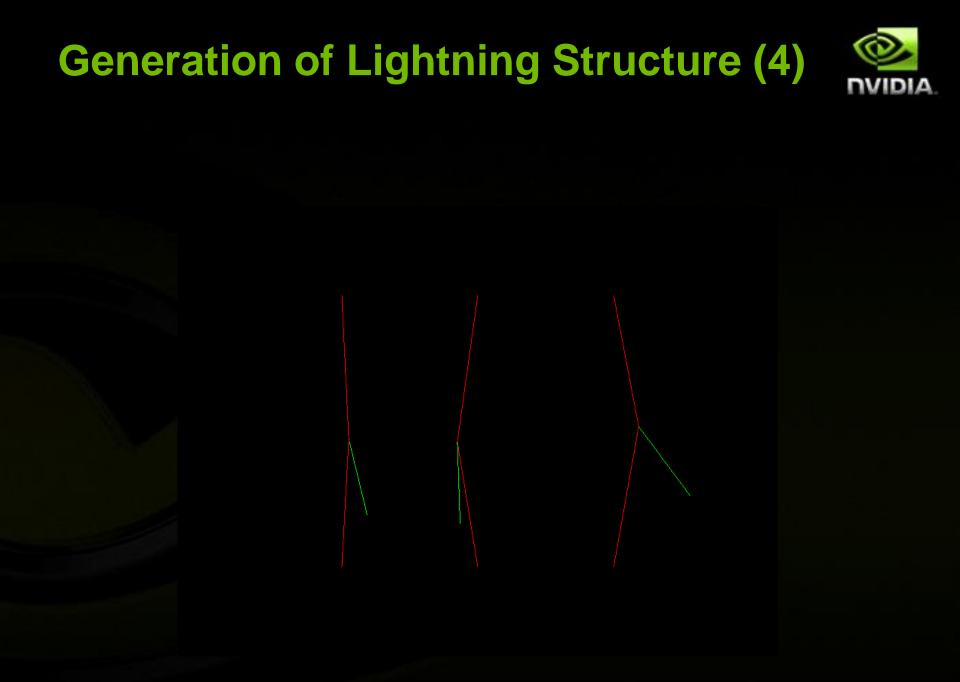


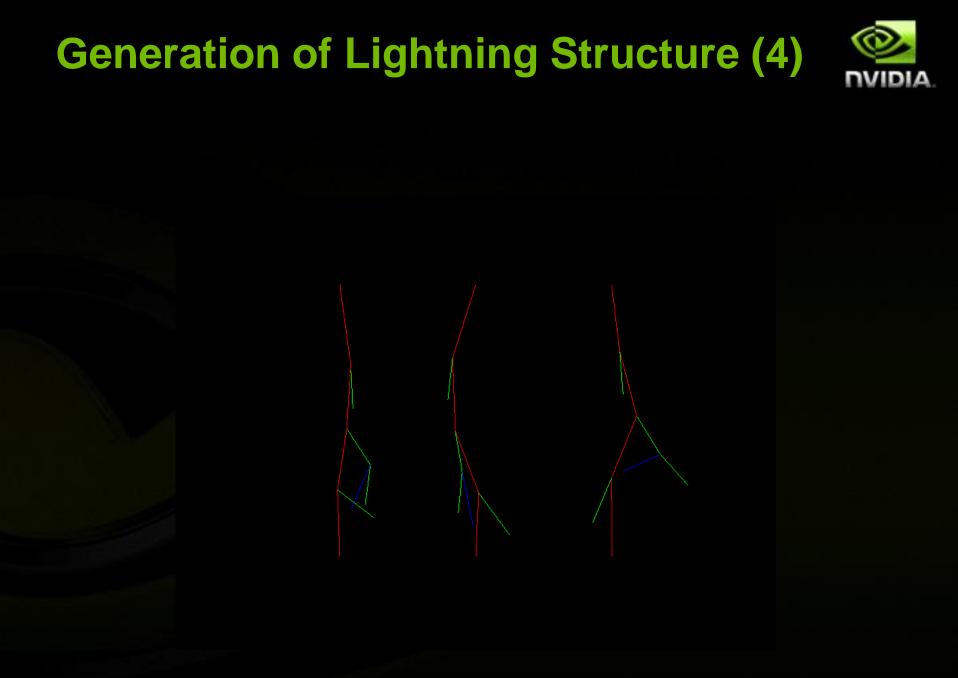
Store line segment as single vertex and render points contains also "up" vector for orientation of deviation GS emits 2 or 3 vertices, depending whether to jitter or fork controlled by current (global) subdivision level Loop with StreamOut & BufferPingPong 5 to 6 subdivisions give good results Between 64 and 729 segments per seed segment 2 * fork + 3 * jitter looks good

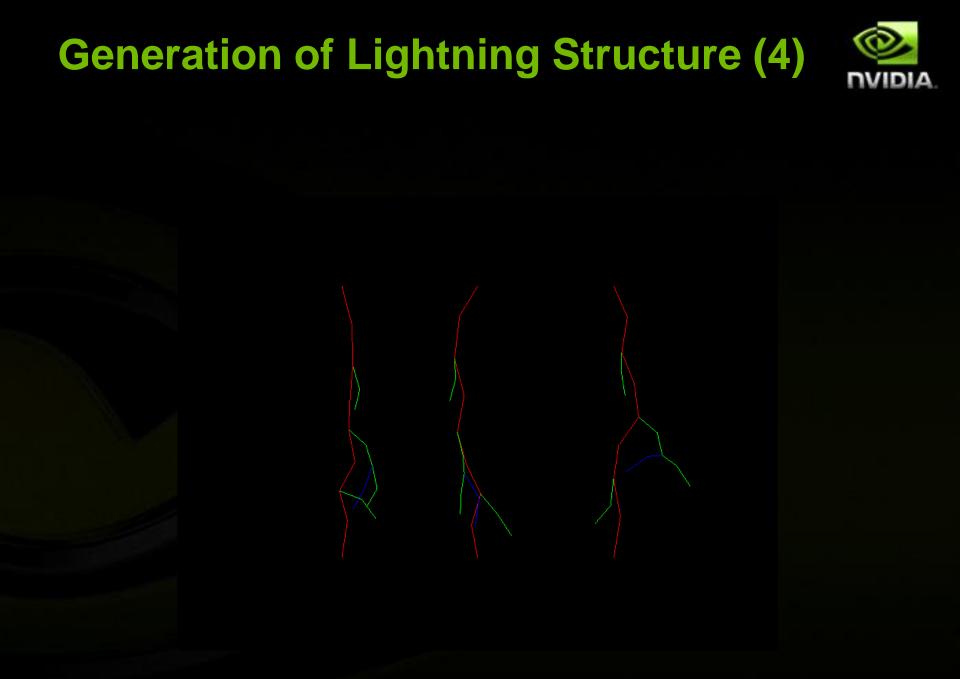
Generation of Lightning Structure (3)

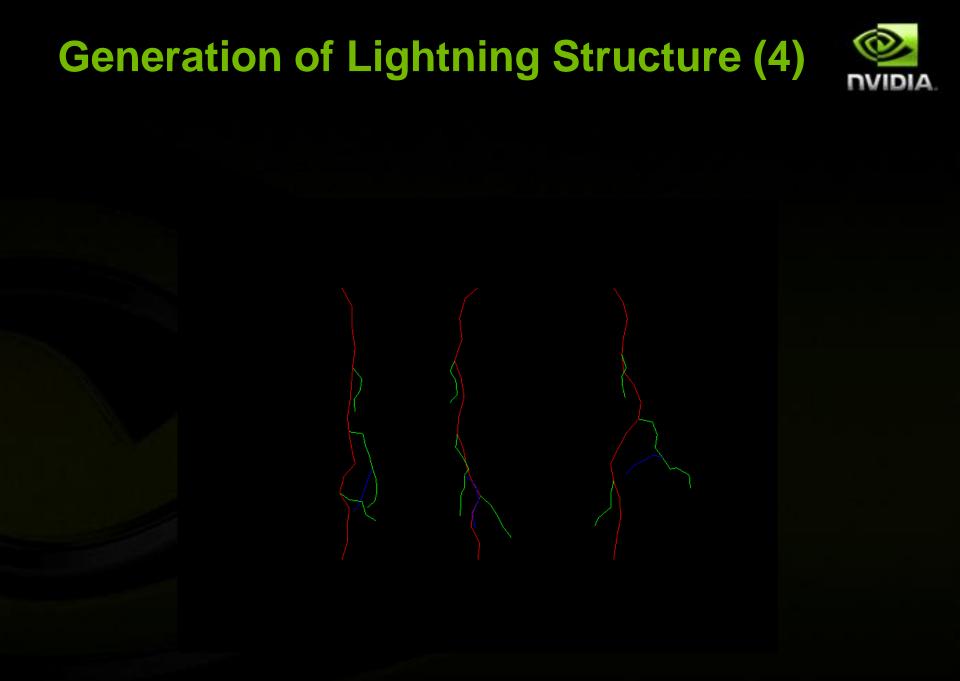


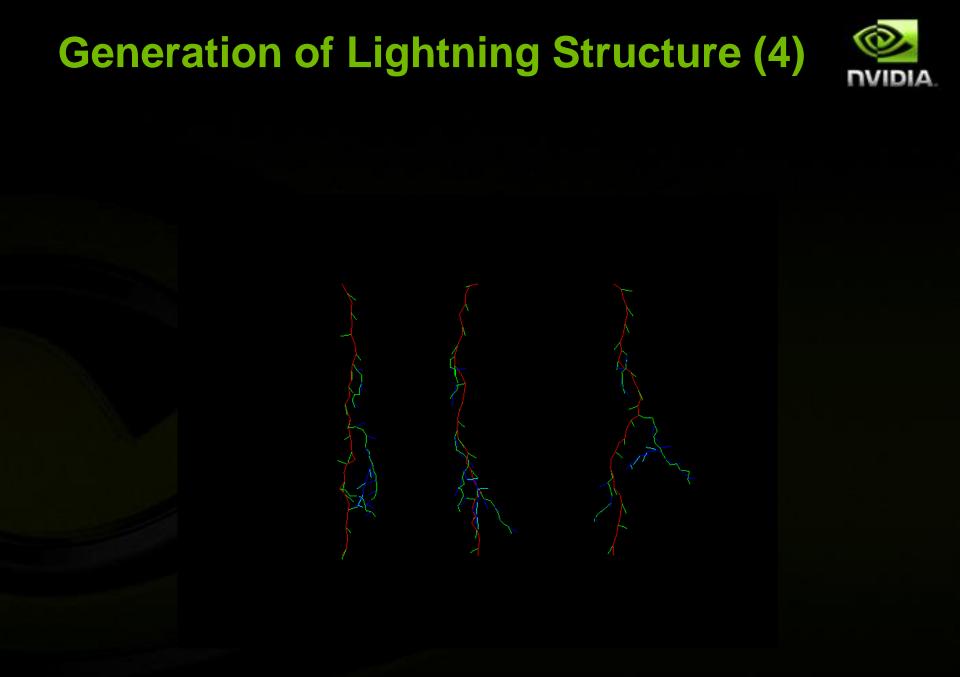












Generate segment aligned and camera aligned quad with gradient between 2 colors

scene depth buffer, (with matching MSAA

Rendering into separate off-screen RT, but using

- Vary width based on segment "level"
- Gaps between segments
- What about segments nearly orthogonal to view direction

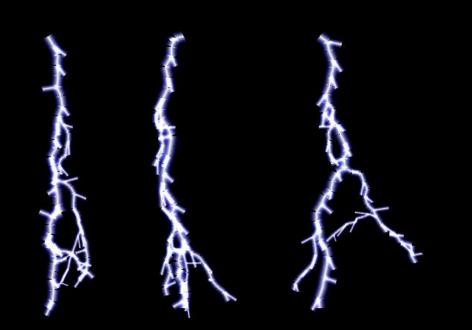
Rendering

settings)



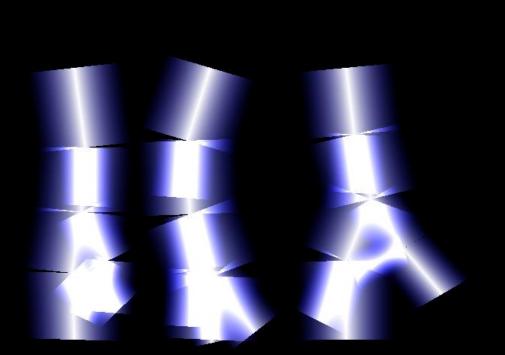
Closing Gaps (2) – Starting point





Closing Gaps (2) — Starting point





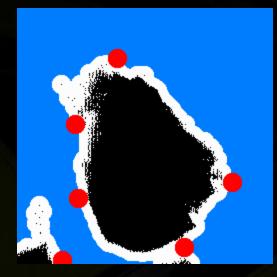
Closing Gaps (1)

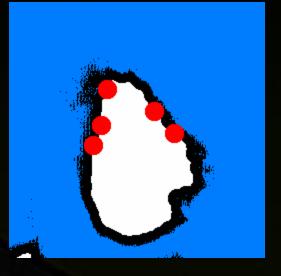


Adjacent vertices unknown during subdivision
 Cannot use them to adjust / connect quads (8)
 Tried image space growing and shrinking using dilation and erosion
 Works for small resolutions / gaps
 Leads to ugly artifacts (8)

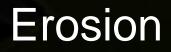
Erosion / Dilation







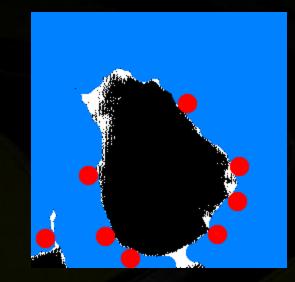
Dilation

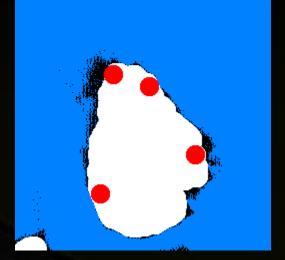


http://www.dca.fee.unicamp.br/dipcourse/html-dip/c9/s4/frontpagebhtmlation 2007

Opening / Closing







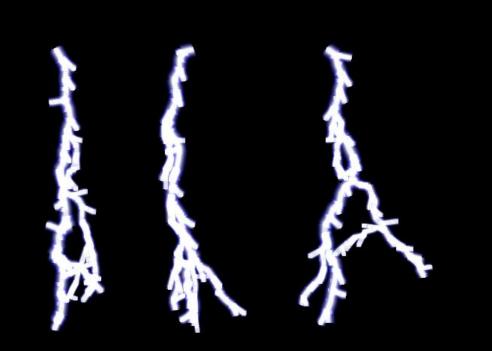
Closing = dilation followed by erosion

Opening = erosion followed by dilation

http://www.dca.fee.unicamp.br/dipcourse/html-dip/c9/s4/frontpage.htmlation 2007

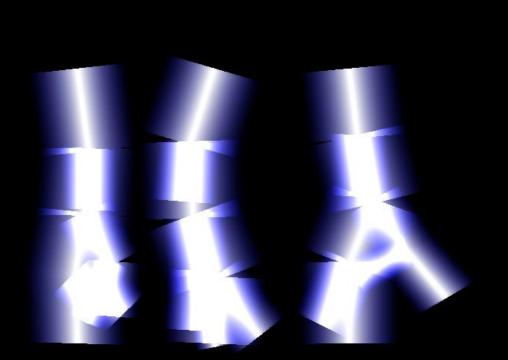
Closing Gaps (3) – Dilation





Closing Gaps (3) – Dilation





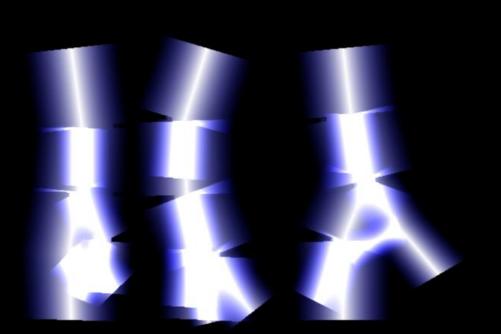
Closing Gaps (4) – Dilation + Erosion





Closing Gaps (4) – Dilation + Erosion





Closing Gaps (5) - Solution



Terminate each quad with a small square with a semicircular gradient
 Quads of neighbors overlap

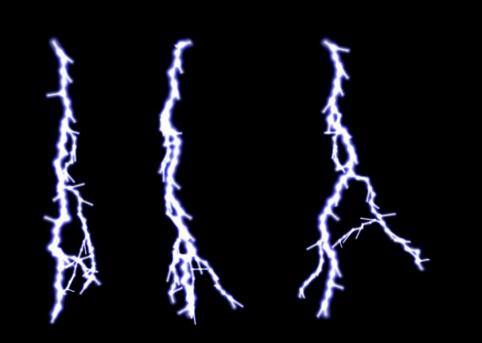
 Leads to overbright spots with additive blending

 Max blending deals with that:

 fragment_color = max(source, destination)
 If glow is used as a postprocessing step, additive blending works fine, i.e. it looks better

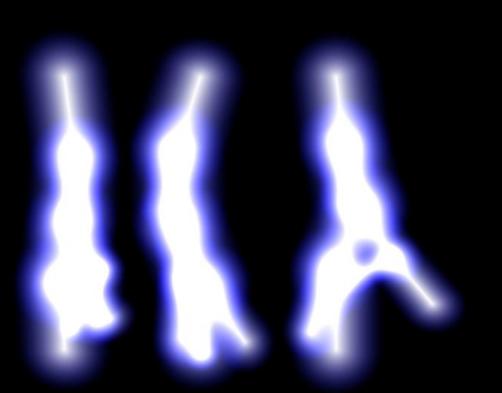
Closing Gaps (6) – Terminating Quads





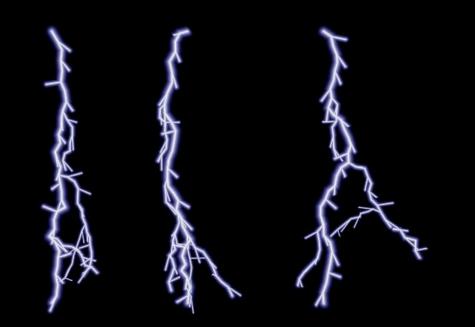
Closing Gaps (6) – Terminating Quads





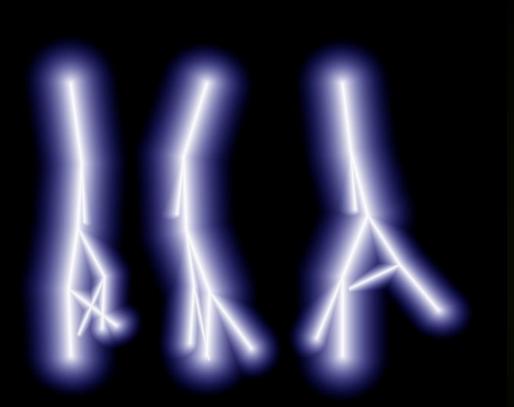
Closing Gaps (7) – Max Blending





Closing Gaps (7) – Max Blending





Post processing (1)



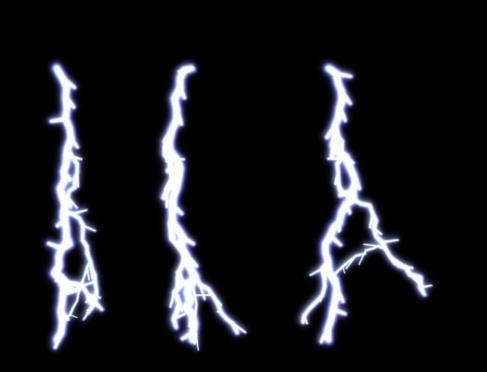
Down sample to ¼ of width and height

 Blurring less dependent of screen resolution
 Could have minimal size of downsampled buffer
 Faster ©

 Separable Gaussian blur, e.g. 9 pixels support
 Falloff σ separate for RGB to fake atmospheric scattering
 Scale blurred version up and add to unblurred
 Small glow

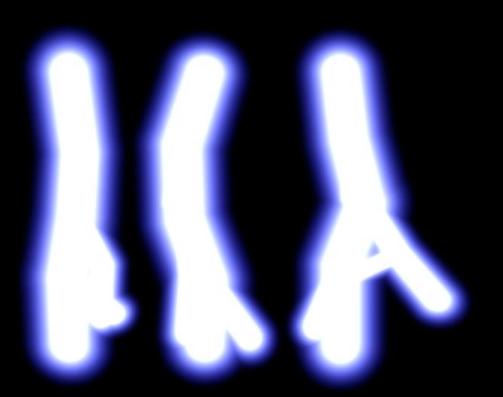
Post Processing (2)



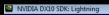


Post Processing (2)

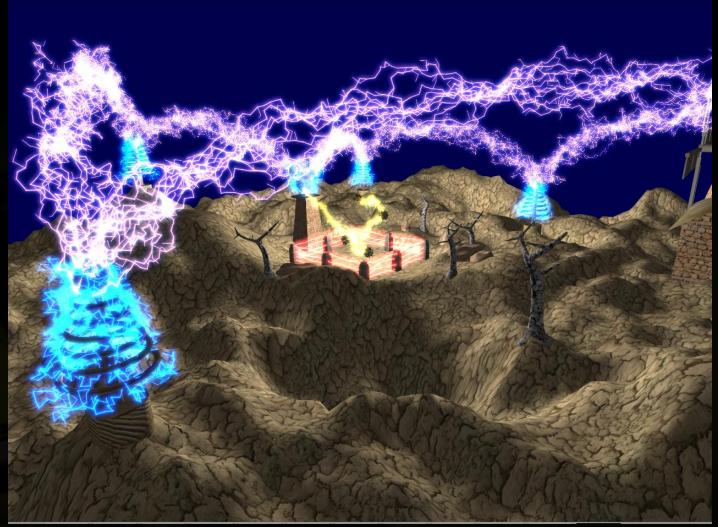




Results







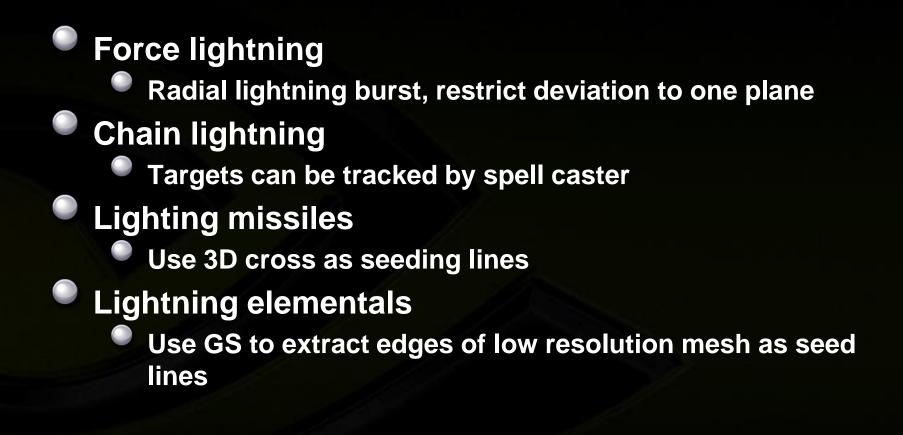
Use cases (1)



Weather effects Electric discharges Beams between electrodes Broken panels, computers Combination with sparkles 42 kV fences Nebula / clouds in space games







Extensions



Apply HDR Render bright single pixel lines and let HDR resolve deal with glow Wide glow Render dim and very wide bolts following coarse structure (e.g. 2 subdivision levels) Add lighting to lightning Use segment centers of coarse subdivision as point light sources